THE FORT WAYNE SENTINEL.

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THOMAS TIGAR,
EDITOR & PUBLISHER.
IN THE THIRD STORY OF BARNETT AND PAGNA'S NEW BUILDING, COLUMBIA STREET.

TERMS:
$2.00 PER ANNUM IN ADVANCE.
$2,50 IF PAID WITHIN SIX MONTHS.
$3,00 AT THE END OF THE YEAR.

☞ All Letters on business must be post paid or they will not be attended to.

☞ Advertisements inserted for Ten cents per line for three weeks—Five cents for each three subsequent insertions, when consisting of 10 lines or over; but no advertisement inserted for less than $1. Job Work done on the usual terms.

Sands' Sarsaparilla,

For the removal and permanent cure of all Diseases arising from an impure state of the Blood or habit of the System.

This Medicine is constantly performing incredible cures of diseases arising from impurities of the blood and general system. It has arrested and cured numerous cases of scrofulous affections, diseases of the skin, rheumatic gout, diseased liver, painful and dangerous enlargement of the knee, elbow, and wrist joints, chropic rheumatism, sore throat, chronic constitutional disorders, and various other diseases arrising from impure secretions.

In this preparation are strongly concentrated all the medical proprieties of Sarsaparilla, compound with other valuable extracts, the whole strength of which is extracted on an entirely new principle. The great object desired is now accomplished, in the production of a remedy possessing a controling power over hitherto incurable diseases.

A mass of the most overwhelming testimony could be brought forward proving most conclusively its inestimable value as an active and curative medicine.

The following certificate, recently received was addressed to our agent in Madison, Ga. The patient was greatly afflicted with scrofula and Mercurial sores—had tried various remedies without any benefit, and the afflicted are now invited to read what he says in reference to Sands' Sarsaparilla:

Madison, Ga., A gust 5, 1844.

C. F. HOFFMAN, Esq.—Dear Sir: As I have derived so much benefit from the use of Sands' Sarsaparilla, I feel it a duty I owe to the community to make the acts in my case public.—I was afflicted four years with running sores, and fested ulcers on my lower extremeties, and also suffered severely from mercurial sores on other parts of my body, from the effects of blue pil, and other mercurials. I tried remedy after remedy, but they all availed nothing, until I obtained a bottle of Sands' Sarsaparilla, which I found benefitted me very much. I continued its use until I had taken eight bottles, when I was perfectly cured. Judging from my own case, I have reason to believe Sands' Sarsaparilla is the very best remedy for scrofula and mercurial sores there is; it entirely eradicates the poison from the system. After four years of almost continued suffering I now find myself a well man—entirely recovered.

Yours respectfully, WILLIAM BANKS.

The following interesting case is presented, and the reader invited to its careful perusal. Comment on such evidence is unnecessary.

NANTUCKET, Mass., 8th mo. 31, 1844

A. B. & D. SANDS.—Esteemed Friends: Almost an entire stranger to you, I do not feel at liberty any longer to defer the acknowledgement of a great indebtedness to you for your valuable Sarsaparilla, which has been the means, under a kind Providence, of my inexpressible relief.—I am almost urged to this acknowledgement by reflecting, that by my humble testimony hundreds of sufferers, miserable as I have been, may be induced to to try this remedy, and experience a cure as speedily and happy as mine. For ten years I have been suffering under a scrofulous affections of my Bones in my head, and during a great part of this time, my pain and sufferings were so severe, that but for a reliance of the Great Disposer of events, I should have desired and much preferred death itself At different periods during my sickness, twenty pieces of bone have been taken from my head in various ways, besides all my upper teeth, and the entire upper jaw, rendering the mastication of food quite impossible. After expending about six hundred dollars for medical aid, I had recourse to your justly celebrated Sarsaparilla, and within the last three months the use of twelve bottles has, with the most beneficial operation, completely arrested the disease; the healing process is going forward, and I am rapidly approaching a perfect cure. Being extremely anxious that others laboring under similar complaints, may have the advantage of my experience, I shall be most happy at any time to communicate to them or to you, such further and more minute particulars as may be desired. Please accept assurances of my great obligation and regard. BENJAMIN M. HUSSEY.

NANTUCKET, 9th Mo. 3d, 1844

A. B. & D. SANDS—Respected friends: Benjamin M. Mussey is a person of perfect respectibility; his statement in relation to the wonderful effects of your Sarsaparilla upon him, may be implicitly relied upon. His case here is considered a m st extraordinary one, and the cure altogether is such as to entitle the Sarsaparilla to be ranked as a great blessing to the human family, and we consider it as such.

Yours with title regard, WM. MITCHELL.
Cashier of the Pacific Bank, Nantucket.

For further particulars and conclusive evidence of its superiority value and efficacy, see pamphlets, which may be obtained gratis.

Prepared and sold, wholesale and retail, by A. B. & D. SANDS, Druggist, 79 Fulton-st N. Y.
Sold also by A. B. MILLER.
Agent for the Proprietors, at Fort Wayne, Ind.

Sold also by Druggists generally throughout the United States. Price $1 per bottle; six bottles for $5.

☞ The public are respectfully requested to remember that it is Sands' Sarsaparilla that has and is constantly achieving such remarkable cures of the most difficult class of diseases to which the human frame is subject; therefore ask for Sands' Sarsaparilla; and take no other.

DALLEY'S
Magical Pain Extractor Salve,
THE WONDER & BLESSING OF THE AGE.

THIS sanative when THOROUGHLY known of will be earnestly sought by every humane Doctor and Parent.

Not only does it rapidly cure what any thing else can, but in addition conquers a host of diseases which have *ever defied the skill of every age.*

Besides it has six intrinsic attributes unknown before in medicine. Viz: entire control over Fre injuries—over every kind of inflammation—over all pains, even of the worst Burns, Bruises, Sores, Piles, blistered surfaces, &c., and Heals, leaving no Sear. And has removed fire scars and contracted chords of eighteen years date,

The limits of an advertisement will not permit an enumeration of all the cases where this invaluable remedy has been found beneficial.—Pamphlets can be had, *gratis*, of the undersigned, giving well authenticated certificates of cures effected by it, in cases of Burns, Scalds, Rheumatic Affections, Fistulas, Nervous Headache, Piles, Black Tongue, Erysipelas, Broken Breasts, Felons, Carbuncles, Fever Sores, Scald head, Salt Rheum, Barbers' Itch, White Swelling, Scrofulous Humors, &c. &c.

Sold by HENRY DALLEY, Albany, N. Y. the Inventor, Manufacturer and sole Proprietor, Also by his agent in Fort Wayne,
May 31st—y. A. B, MILLER.

CALICOES.—A general assortment of the most recent styles, just received by HAMILTON & WILLIAMS.

TEA.—Fine flavored Hyson, Young Hyson and Imperial, for sale low.
A. B. MILLER.

A *STRIKING* LECTURE BY Mrs. CAUDLE.

There take, that! see you go to the "Niagara" next time you buy any thing.

Mr. Caudle pays too much for his goods—Mrs. C. gives him goss, and shows that the NIAGARA *is the only store for bar gains.*

I declare, Mr. Caudle, it would provoke a saint to see what kind of goods you buy; and the prices you pay for them, too!—You must be a rich man, Mr. Caudle, if you can afford to fool away your money this way. You might have saved one-half if you had bought at A. B. MILLER'S NIAGARA STORE—and had much better articles, too. They are good enough, are they? I tell you they are not good enough, but you think any thing good enough for your poor wife now; it was not always so Mr. Caudle. You don't know the worth of a good wife, nor won't until you lose me. When I die broken hearted with your unfeeling conduct, you won't then think any thing would have been good enough for me. I tell you, Mr. Caudle, you will bring your poor family to beggary if you don't manage better. It makes no difference where you buy the little you want? I tell you it does make difference. For the price you paid for these poor common goods, you could have good genteel fashionable articles at the NIAGARA, and your family might have looked respectable without its costing any more than it does to have them look as mean as they will now have to. Just look around when you are at church and see how much better other men's wives are dressed than yours, and all because THEY buy at the NIAGARA. Church is no place to examine who is best dressed? That's all you know about it. I say it is the very place.—if folks don't wear their best at Church I should like to know where they would wear them. You could get better calico at the NIAGARA for 15 cents than you have paid 2 shillings for, and with what you saved on this you could have bought little Caroline a parasol; the sun is tanning that poor child dreadfully, and I should not wonder if she was to be overcome with the heat and fall sick and die—she looks sickly already—and a I, Mr. Caudle, when you could have bought her a parasol at the NIAGARA for 3 shillings!

You ought certainly to get something for that dear child to take, if you don't wish to lose her. At the NIAGARA are to be had some valuable medicines—the numbers they have already cured in this place—saved, I may say, from an untimely grave, is really astonishing. There's the Olasaonian, Dr. Swayne's Syrup of Wild Cherry, Sand's Sarsaparilla, Pease's Candy, Sherman's Loz——Don't cry Pooh! stuff and quackery!! Mr. Caudle. You only expose your ignorance. Those medicines are worth more than all the calomel and poison in the Doctor's "Drug Store" notwithstanding his rigmarole and hyperdutty about *Cat tracks* of all sizes, *Jaw bones of Earthquakes, and Fiery Creatures with Vulcan's Mountings!* I am sure no christian man would put such stuff in the paper if he did not mean to poison somebody.

Goods are certainly cheaper at the NIAGARA than any other store, and a wonderful sight better! Look at Mrs. Spriggins, what a love of a bonnet she got at the NIAGARA for $5 00—better by half than mine which cost $8 00: So it is with every thing. That nice white sugar we saw at Mrs. Gadsby's did not cost as much as this dark dirty-looking stuff—and then her beautiful tea set! but she buys at the NIAGARA, and that accounts for her always having every thing of the best. HER husband is a sensible man; HE knows where bargains are to be had. Don't tell me you will trade where you like! You shall not ruin yourself in this way. You shall trade at A. B. MILLER'S, the Niagara Store—There you can always find a full assortment of every thing a person wants—and they are always the best and cheapest in the place I tell you you *must*—you SHALL—buy at the NIAGARA. Don't let me ever again catch you buying any where else!

CONSUMPTIVES,
Read the Wonderful Cure Performed by
DR. SWAYNE'S
Compound Sy up of Wild Cherry.

THE wonderful cures performed by this invaluable medicine, in Pulmonary CONSUMPTION, Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis, Influenza, Whooping Cough, Croup, Spitting blood, Liver Complaint, Pain in the Side and Breast, Tickling or Raising in the Throat, and all diseases of the Lungs and Breast, have excited the astonishment of all who have witnessed its marvellous effects; there is no acount of a medicine, from the earliest ages, furnishing a parallel; the almost miraculous cures effected by this extraordinary medicine are unprecedented.

IMPORTANT TESTIMONY.

DR. SWAYNE: Dear Sir—In last October, while engaged with Mr. Joseph Smith, in a saw mill near Waynesburg, I was attacted, with a cough, from being exposed at night, which gradually increased, attended with spitting of blood, and a severe pain in my breast, loss of appetite, fever, etc. etc, which was scarcely supportable. I had a family who were wholly dependent on my exertions for support, yet was obliged to leave my business and return home. I was then attended by several Physicians, but still grew worse, until my medical attendants gave me up as incurable. Subsequently, my wife observing in one of the public prints, and advertisement of *Dr. Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry,* Procured me one bottle from Francis McClure, your agent in Lewistown which relieved me. I continued until I had taken five bottles: I am now able to return to my work again. I write this to offer you my sincere thanks, and you are at liberty to make this known so that if any human being is suffering as I have been, they may have recourse to your invaluable medicine.

Yours, JOHN P. BOYNE.
Lewiston, Del.

☞ Be cautious to ask for the original Dr. Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry, as all other preparations from this valuable tree are fictitious and counterfeit. Prepared only by Dr. SWAYNE, *whose office has been removed to the N. W. corner of Eighth and Race streets,* Phila.
A. B. MILLER,
May 31—y. Agent, Fort Wayne.

BLACKSMITH'S TOOLS—English Anvils and Vices, Hand and Sledge Hammers, Bellows, Screw Plates, Rasps, Files, Horse Nails, &c. for sale by P. P. BAILEY,
At the "New York Hardware Store."

LIQUEURS—Genuine L L Irish Whiskey, Brandy, Gin, Wine, &c.
A. B. MILLER.

Pork, Lard, &c.

30 barrels fine corn fed mess Pork
20 do prime do
6000 lbs. heavy side pork

Call on me at the Register's Office on the corner of Main and Cass streets, in the western addition. WM. S. EDSALL.
Fort Wayne, Feb. 22, 1845.

MONUMENT & TOMB STONES
FOR SALE.

A splendid Monument and two Tom Stones for sale on very reasonable terms. Inquire at the Bakery of the subscriber.
DAVID SCHWIMLEY.
Fort Wayne, April 26, 1845. 43-3m.

BIOGRAPHICAL SKETCH OF GEN. JACKSON.

The following facts are compiled from Kendall's Life of Jackson.

Andrew Jackson was born on the 16th of March 1767, in the 'Waxhaw' settlement. South Carolina. His parents were emigrants from Ireland, who had settled in the place two years before, where they followed the industrial occupation of farming. They belonged to that class of the Irish people called the yeomanry, distinguished for the quiet virtues of honesty, sobriety, and hospitality. Shortly after the birth of Andrew Jackson, his father died, leaving him, along with two elder brothers, to be provided for by their mother—a woman who seems to have possessed many of the excellent virtues of her sex. The patrimony left by Jackson's father was small—not enough to educate liberally her three sons; it was, therefore determined that the youngest should be brought up in the ministry, while the brothers, Hugh and Robert, should follow the calling of their father. Andrew, accordingly, was sent to a flourishing school in the settlement, until the revolutionary war brought an enemy into the neighborhood. It now became necessary for even the boys to shoulder the musket or rifle, and at the tender age of fourteen, encouraged by his patriotic mother, young Jackson, accompanied by his brothers, sought the ranks of the American army, and ranged himself under its banners.

The Waxhaw settlers, among whom were the Jacksons, were obliged to retire before the British in South Carolina. They, however, soon returned to the Waxhaws.—Shortly after their return, a band of fourty patriots, with whom were Andrew Jackson and one of his brothers, (the other having already perished at the battle of Stono) were surprised and routed by a superior British fource, many of their number being taken prisoners. Jackson and his brother escaped, but on the following day, having entered the house of a friend to procure food, they were captured by a marauding party of the enemy. An anecdote is told of Jackson's conduct on this occasion. Being ordered by a British officer to wipe the mud off his boots, Jackson peremptorily refused. On his continuing to refuse obedience to the commands of the officer, the latter became enraged, and, drawing his sabre, struck at the head of young Jackson, which blow Jackson caught with his left hand, receiving a wound, the mark of which he carried with him to his grave. His brother for a similar offence, had his head laid open by a sword wound, which afterwards caused his death.

The two brothers were carried to Camden, where they were imprisoned until after the battle of Camden, when they were released by the exertions of an affectionate mother. This heroic woman shortly after expired near the city of Charleston, to which place she had gone on an errand of mercy—the relief of the suffering American prisoners. Jackson's remaing brother also died about the same time, leaving him friendless in the world.

The war was brought to a close, and Jackson having contracted an intimacy with some wealthy and rather desolute young men belonging to Charleston, and who had been staying at the Waxhaws; now accompanied them on their return home. In such company his small patrimony soon dwindled away, and was hourly contracting pernicious habits. Before it was too late, however, by an energetic step, he broke off from his evil associates, and in the winter of 1784, at the age of 18, he retired to Salisbury, N. C, where he entered a lawyer's office, and commenced the study of law. In two years he was admitted to practice, and not liking Salisbury as a theatre for his talents, he emigrated to Tennessee, where, in 1788, he located himself permanently. Here he soon obtained lucrative practice, and was also distinguished among the citizen soldiers and bold spirits of the place as one of the boldest.

In 1796, he was elected one of the members of a convention assembled to frame a constitution for the State. In the following year he was sent to Congress, to the House of Representatives, and in the next he became a member of the United States Senate. He resigned, however, in the same year, not being satisfied with his political duties at Washington. While he was still at Washington in the capacity of Senator, the Tennessee militia, without consultation with him, had elected him their Major General, which rank he continued to hold until 1814, when he received the same grade in the regular army. Immediately on his return from Congress he was appointed one of the Judges of the Supreme Court of Tennessee. He entered upon the duties of his office his farm on Cumberland river, about twelve miles above Nashville. Here he remained occupied with rural pursuits and pleasures, until the news of a war with Great Britain in 1812 called him once more into the service of his country.

When the U. S. Government authorized the calling out of volunteers, Jackson as Major General published a spirited proclamation to his division, to which 2500 brave fellows readily responded, and assembled in Nashville. Jackson received instructions with reluctance, and laid them down as soon as he conveniently could, retiring to to carry them down the Mississippi, for the defence of the lower country, which was thought to be in danger. In the month of January, 1813, he conducted his troops to Natchez, where he had been instructed to await further orders. Here he continued several weeks drilling his army. The danger of invasion on this quarter passed over, and Jackson received orders from the Secretary of war to disband his troops, and to deliver up the wagons, public stores &c., to Gen. Wilkinson, of the U. S. Army, then commanding in this district. This order, Gen Jackson thought proper to disobey, alleging as his excuse that the volunteers when disbanded, could not reach home in safety, and that many of them would be obliged to enlist in the regular army. He therefore retained his military stores, and marched his volunteers into Tennessee, there disbanded them formally.

He was not permitted to remain long inactive. The Creek Indians, south of Tennessee river, excited by British emissaries, and infactuated by the representations of the celebrated Chief, Tecumseh, had become hostile to the United States, and were murdering the defenceless inhabitants on the frontiers. Fort Mimes, in the Tensaw settlement, had been captured by a band of braves, and 300 hundred persons savagely butchered. Only seventeen escaped. The people of Tennessee were exasperated by the news and all eyes were turned towards Jackson. The legislature ordered out 3500 men at the head of whom, in the middle of October, Jackson crossed the Tennessee river and entered the hostile territory. He shortly after fought the battle of Talladegra, in which nearly five hundred were killed and captured, but was obliged for the want of provisions to return to Fort Strother his head quarters. From the repeated failures of the contractors to supply his army, the troops suffered the extreme of hunger, and at last became discontent and mutinous.—Jackson used every effort to prevent their return, and succeeded in quelling revolt.—Having waited in vain for supplies, he was at last compelled to yield his reluctant consent to their return, and was thus deserted by all but about 100 brave men. In January, a fresh force of 800 volunteers having reached him, he proceeded to Emuclaw Creek, on the Tallaposa river, where he fought the field. From the weakness of his force, however, he was obliged to retreat to Fort Strother.

Towards the end of Febuary, his army was increased by a fresh draught of militia to the number 2500, and he commenced his march for the 'Horse Shoe' Bend, (Tohopeka) on the Tallaposa river. Here the hostile tribes, had concentrated their strength, and having fortified the bend, were determined to make a desperate and final stand.—Jackson arrived in the neighborhood of Tohopeka on the 20th of March, and on the morning of the 27th, commenced the attack. But the attack and defence were managed with exceeding skill, and the contest was severe and bloody. The Tennesseeans, however, at last drove the savages from their strong hold with immense loss. Hardly two hundred escaped out of 1000 warriors, who would neither give nor receive quarter. These only stole away in the darkness of the night.

The defeat of Tonopeka broke the war spirit of the Indians, and the hostile chiefs soon after submitting, the campaign was brought to a close, and the Tennessee army returned to their homes, and were discharged.

Gen. Jackson was now appointed Commissioner to enter into a treaty with the conquered tribes, during the ratification of which he received information that a British force had been landed at Pensacola, under the very eye of the Spanish Governor, and were proceeding to arm and equip hords of savages who had taken shelter in the neutral territory. He accordingly sent advices to the government and urged the necessity of dismantling this fortress. In the mean time this British force, with Col. Nichols at its head, attacked the American post of Fort Bowyer, but were repulsed with severe loss. General Coffee now arrived on the spot with two thousand well armed Tennesseeans, and Jackson, placing himself at the head of this force, entered Pensacola drove out the British and Indians, and reduced the Spanish Governor to terms. He did not hold the place long, as he had become convinced that New Orleans was the chief object of attack, and thither he marched on the 1st of December. Making the city of New Orleans his head quarters, he prepared for its defence.

On the 16th, the British forces entered the lakes lying on the east of New Orleans, and on the 23d, General Jackson received certain information that they were making a landing through the *Bayou Bienvenu*, about eight miles below the city, on a narrow strip of land lying between the river and swamp, and running all the way to the city, Jackson immmediately marched to the spot, and reached it about dark made an attack on the the enemy. This spirited attack was kept up for several hours in the dark, when the troops, getting into some confusion were withdrawn to await the morning light. The battle of the 23d was the means of saving New Orleans, as it had the effect of restraining the British troops, until the American commander completed his breastwork which afterwards opposed their advance upon the city.

On the morning of the 24th, learning the superior strength of the enemy, Jackson saw the necessity of acting on the defensive, and immediately commenced throwing a breast work across the narrow neck of land which offered the only approach to the city. This the enemy allowed him sufficient time to complete. They attacked it upon the 27th, but were repulsed with severe loss. They again assailed it on the 1st of January with similar fortune. But their final attach was planned for the 8th. On the morning of this day, the British column, 10,000 strong, with their commander in Chief, Sir E. Packenham at their head, moving on to the attack. The fire of the American lines opened upon them and they fell beneath the deadly hail of three thousand rifles. They wavered and retreated, and were again rallied by brave officers. It was in vain—their Commander in Chief had fallen—and nearly three thousand of their comrades lay dead before their faces, and after several successful attempts to reach the invulnerable breastwork they gave way and retired beyond the reach of our artillery.

On the 18th of January, the remnant of this fine army was glad to embark in their ships, leaving thousands of their companions buried in the stranger land. Jackson remained in New Orleans until the news of the treaty of peace arrived, when he retired to his home at Nashville. He was soon recalled to serve his country in the field. In 1818 he received orders from Government, to march an army into Florida and punish the Seminoles, who had been perpetrating barbarous outrages on the settlers. This he accordingly did.

In 1821, he was appointed Governor of the Florida Territory which had been ceded by Spain to this country. In the Middle of the year he proceeded to the scene of action (Pensacola) and after some vigorous action on his part he placed the administration of the territorial government on a firm basis.—His health obliged him to return to his farm at Nashville at the close of the year. Here he remained unoccupied with rural affairs until 1824. He was then proposed as one of the candidates for the Presidency; but in the election he was defeated by Adams.—He again stood in 1828 and was elected *President of the United States.* He held this office until 1836, having been re elected in 1832.

On leaving the high office of Presidency, he returned to his beautiful home (the 'Hermitage') where he continued to reside until death.

THE LAST HOURS OF JACKSON.

The Washington Union publishes a Diary kept by Mr. Wm. Tyack, during his visit to the Hermitage, a few days preceding the death of the venerable hero, from which we make the following interesting extracts:—

HERMITAGE, May 28th, 1845.

My Dear Sir:—Aware of your desire to know the condition of the patriot of the Hermitage in the Closing scenes of his life, I write down from day to day, during the short visit I make him, what occurs of interest.

On my arrival I found Ex President Jackson more comfortable than he had been, although his disease has not abated, and his long and useful life is rapidly drawing to its close. He has not been in a condition to be down during the last four months. His feet and legs, his hands and arms are very much swollen with dropsy, which has invaded his whole system. Bandages are drawn tight around the parts most affected to prevent as much as possible, the increase of the water. The bandages are removed several times in the 24 hours, and the parts rubbed severely to restore animation and the circulation of the blood. He has not strength to stand. His respiration is very short and attended with much dificulty, and the whole progress of the disease accompanied with great suffering. He gets no sleep except by opiates.

Thursday, May 29—Gen. Jackson is rather more comfortable, having obtained from opiates some sleep. This day he sat awhile to Mr. Healey, who had been sent by Louis Philippe (the King of the French) to paint his portrait. Mr. Healey told me it was the design of the King of the French to place his portrait by the side of that of Washington, which already hangs in his gallery—the most celebrated and historical gal in the world—to surround them with the pictures of the most eminent of American statesman. Mr. Healey was enabled to make much progress in his work to-day; and, as usual, the General received many visitors, more than thirty. All were admitted, from the humblest to the most renowned to take the venerable chieftain by the hand and bid him farewell. Among the the visitors was Gen. Jesup, an old friend and companion in arms. The meeting of these most gallant soldiers and servants of the republic was deeply interesting and affecting. A Reverend gentleman called to enquire in regard to the General's health, his faith and future hope. The General said: "Sir, I am in the hands of a merciful God.—I have full confidence in his goodness and mercy. My lamp of life is nearly out, and the last glimmer has come. I am ready to depart when called. The Bible is true. The principles and statutes of that holy book have been the rule of my life, and I have tried to conform to its spirit as near as possible. Upon that sacred volume I rest my hope for eternal salvation, through the merits and blood of our blessed Lord and Saviour, Jesus Christ." Nothing further was said upon the subject.

Friday, May 30.—The General passed a bad night; no sleep—extremely feeble this morning. Mr. Healy, with considerable exertions on the part of the general was enabled to finish the portrait, on which he labored with great care. It was presented to the general. After examining it for some minutes, he remarked to Mr. Healy, "I am satisfied, sir, you stand at the head of your profession; if I may be allowed to judge of my own likeness, I can safely concur in the opinion of my family; this is the best that has been taken. I feel very much obliged to you, sir, for the very great labor you have been pleased to bestow upon it." The family were all highly gratified with its faithfulness. I consider it the most perfect representation I have ever seen, giving rather the remains of the heroic personage, than the full life that made him the most extraordinary combination of spirit and energy, with a slender frame, the world ever saw.

At nine o'clock, as is the custom, all the general's family, except the few who take their turn to watch by his side, took their leave of him. Each approached him, received his blessing, bid him farewell, kissed him as it would seem an eternal good night; for he would say my work is done for life.—After his family retires it is touching to witness this heroic man who has faced every danger with unyielding front, offer up his prayers for those whom Providence has committed to his care; that heaven would protect and prosper them when he is no more—praying still more fervently to God for the preservation of his country, of the Union, and the people of the United States from all foreign influence and invasion—tendering his forgiveness to his enemies, and his gratitude to God for his support and success through a long life, and for the hope of an eternal salvation through the merits of our blessed Redeemer.

Saturday, May 30.—The General passed a distressed night; no sleep—extreme debility this morning attended with increased swelling of the abdomen, and all his limbs, and difficulty of breathing. He said, "I hope God will grant me patience to submit to his holy will; He does all things well, and blessed be his holy and merciful name."

June 1.—"This day," the General said, is the holy Sabbath, ordained by God, and set apart to be devoted to his worship and praise. I always attended service at church when I could; but now I can go no more." He desired the family to go, as many as could, and charged them to continue the education of the poor at the Sunday School. This new system of instruction, he said, which blended the duties of religion with those of humanity, he considered of vast importance; and spoke with an emphasis which showed his anxiety to impress it on the family. Mrs. Jackson and her sister Mrs. Adams regularly attended to their instructions on the sabbath. A part of the family went to church. The General looked out at the window, and said, "this is apparently the last Sabbath I shall be with you. God's will be done; He is kind and merciful."

Monday, June 2.—The General passed a bad night. No sleep. An evident increase of water on the chest. He read many letters as usual. Some of them were from persons of whom he had no knowledge, asking for autographs, and making other requests. The letters were opened by some of the family. Mrs. Jackson or Mrs. Adams were almost constantly with him. He looked over them; those of importance were opened and read. Among them was one from Major Donelson charge de affaires to Texas, giving an account of the almost incredible proceedings of the British agent Elliott, to prevent the annexation of Texas to the United States. The General said, "we have made a most disgraceful sacrifice of our territory; an important part of our country was given away to England without a shadow of title on the part of the claimants, as has been shown by the admission of the English ministers on referring in Parliament to the King's map, on which the true boundaries were delineated, and of which they were apprised when urging their demands.

"Right on the side of the American people, and firmness in maintaining it, he continued, with trust in God alone, will secure to them the integrity of the possessions of which the British government would now deprive them. I am satisfied that they will assert and vindicate what justice awards them; and that no part of our territory or country will ever be submitted to any arbitration but that of the cannon's mouth."

He felt grateful to a merciful Providence that had always sustained him through all his struggles and in the defence of the continued independence and prosperity of his beloved country, and that he could now give up his stewardship, and resign his breath to God who gave it, with the cheering reflection that the country was now settled down upon a firm democratic basis; that the rights of the laboring classes were respected and protected, (for, he adds, it is from them that the country derives all its prosperity and greatness) and to them we must ever look to defend our soil when invaded. "They have never refused. No sir; and never will.—give them an honest government, freedom from monopolies and privileged classes, and hard money—not paper—currency for their hard labor, and all will be well."

At 2 o'clock, p m his distress became suddenly very great, and the water increasing to an alarming extent. An express was sent to Nashville, twelve miles for surgical aid. An operation was performed by Dr. Esleman with success; much water was taken from his abdomen, which produced great relief, although extreme prostration.

Tuesday, June 3d.—Much distress through the night. Opiates were freely administered but sleep appeared to have passed from him. Calm and perfectly resigned to the will of his Redeemer, he prayed to God to sustain him in his hour of dissolution.

At 10 a m Doctors Robinson and Walters arrived from Nashville. Dr. Esleman having remained with the General through the night, a consultation was held, and all that had been done was approved: and all that could be done was to conform to the general's temporary wants.

At 4 p m. I left his house for home. He expressed great solicitude in my behalf, but I was silent; the scene was too affecting; and I left this aged soldier, statesman, and christian patriot, with all the pious and hospitable inmates of the Hermitage, without the power of saying farewell.

SUPREME COURT OF INDIANA.

MONDAY, June 23.

Doty v the State. Error to the Allen C. C. Opinion by DEWEY J. In a criminal cause, taken by a charge of venue from one Circit Court to another, the record must shew, not only that the Court before which the indictment was found, but also that the Court which tried the cause, had jurisdiction of the offence charged, and to show, that the latter Court had jurisdiction, it is necessary the record should show that the indictment was filed in that Court and that the person was tried upon it. The indictment should also appear to have been recorded in that Court.

When circumstances are proved which induce a strong suspition of the prisoner's guilt; but which, if untrue, it is manifest he can disprove, or, if reconcilable with his innocense, he explain, and he fails to disprove or explain them, the jury has a right to draw from such failure a strong inference against him. That this inference is a mere presumption of fact; it does not constitute a presumption of law to be given by the Court to the jury as a fixed and binding rule of jurisprudence. The failure is a circumstance which like any other circumstancial evidence the jury is to weigh, and of the weight and tendency of which, it is the sole judge.—*Reversed.*

S. Doty was indicted in the Steuben C. C. for the murder of S. P. Noys. In consequence of the excitement against him in that county, a charge of venue was taken to Allen county. He was convicted of murder of the second degree, on circumstantial evidence, and sentenced, in July last, to the Penitentiary for life. The case in error was argued in behalf of the prisoner by D. H. COLERICK, Esqr. It being reversed, the Governor has issued his mandate to the keeper of the Penitentiary to deliver him to the sheriff of Allen county to be taken back for another trial.—*Indiana State Journal.*

[Doty was brought to the jail in this place last Saturday, to await his trial. The case probably will not come on until the October term. As our jail is an unpleasant and unwholesome place to remain in during the hot summer weather, and it is moreover well known to be a very easy matter to get out of it, it may reasonably be doubted whether he will be fourthcoming when the time for his trial arrives.]

CORN MEAL RUSE.—Among the many delicacies in the form of bread, which render the enjoyment of breakfast so acceptable, we know of none more deserving of notice than the one prepared to the following receipt:—

Take six cups full of corn meal, four of wheat flour, two cups full of molasses two tablespoonfulls of saleratus, mix the whole together and knead it into dough; then make two cakes, bake them as you would pone, for three-fourths of an hour, and you will have one of the most grateful discriptions of bread that ever graced the table.

THE PRINCETON GUN.—A trial of the monster gun far the Princeton was made on the sands between Crosby and Fermby. Three tons of shot was discharged each weighing upwards of two hundred weight.—The report was heard eight or nine miles off.

The Liverpool Albion says that the gun "was drawn by nine horses. On arriving at its temporary destination, it was firmly embeded in the sand, and the muzzle, which was pointed out to sea, was slightly elevated in a line above the surface of the water.—The first ball, weighed 219lbs., was then "driven home," the gun being charged with 30lbs. of powder, and the first shot was fired at 10 o'clock, in the presence of about five hundred spectators. The result was most satisfactory. The report was deafening, and was distinctly heard nine miles off. At a distance of about three miles, as nearly as could be judged, the ball was seen bounding on the surface of the water, occasionally dipping and springing up again, till at length it came wholely lost to view. The second was the trial shot. Two balls each weighing 219lbs, "driven home," 45lbs of powder being this charge. This shot was equally satisfactory, the report of course was terrific, but the gun withstood the shock, and thereby proved that it had been manufactured on a principle and with a material which render "bursting" almost if not altogether, an impossibility. A great number of single shots, with balls of 219lbs each, were fired during the afternoon of Friday and the whole Saturday, with the like successful result. It is further stated that the gun will be shortly shipped by a vessel for America there to be taken on board the war steamer for which it was manufactured."

Value of Foreign Gold and Silver Coins.

We take the following list of the value of Foreign Coins from Thompson's Bank Note Reporter:

Sovereigns, (haves in proportion,)	$4 83
Napoleons, (20 franc pieces,)	3.83
Guinea, (full weight,)	5 00
Spanish Doubloons, (shares if full weight in proportion,)	16 00 a 16 23
Patriot, Mexican and Columbian Doubloons, (shares 6 per. c. dis.)	15 70 a 15 80
Ten Guilders, (halves in propor.)	4 00
Ten Thalers, (halves in propor.)	7 82
Ducats,	2 20
SILVER.	
Spanish change,	4 dis
Spanish pillar dollars, (unblem.)	3 a 4 prem.
Mexican dollars,	¾ prem.
Five franc pieces,	93½
English silver, per shilling, 23cts.	
Do. per £	4 70
Bank of England notes, per £	4 80
French crowns,	1 07
Thalers,	66
Dutch Florins,	48

REMARKS.—Doubloons weigh the same as dollars and great care should be had to avoid light ones. Parts of Patriot and Mexican doubloons are generally light. Spanish dollars which are blemished bring no prem. French half crowns are worth no more than half dollars. Portuguese, old French, and old English gold vary in weight so much there is no safety in taking it except at the rate of sixteen dollars for every dollar's weight; or 80 cents for the weight of a new 5 cent piece.

FURS & SKINS,

Prices paid by Shippers at Fort Wayne.

Raccoon, large prime northern, No. 1	62 a 75
" " " 2	25 a 50
unprime or No. 3	12
No. 4, or rabbish and kits	3 a 6
Southern	3 a 15
Mink, prime large northern No. 1	37 a 50
" " 2	18 a 25
unprime	12
Wild Cat, prime No. 1	37 a 50
2	18 a 31
Fox, Grey, prime No. 1	25 a 37
" 2	12 a 25
Red, " 1	$1 00 a 1 25
" 2	50 a 75
Wolf, prime,	56 a 62
Otter, prime northern No. 1	$4 00 a 5 00
" 2	2 00 a 3 00
unprime	1 00 a 2 00
Bear, prime No. 1, she	4 00 a 5 00
" 2 "	2 00 a 3 00
" 1, he	3 00 a 4 00
" 2 "	1 00 a 2 00
" 1 cub	1 50 a 2 00
" 2 "	1 00 a 1 50
Muskrat, prime large spring	18
" winter	12½
fall	4
Deer, good, well handled red & sh. skins	75 a 80
" heavy fall	12 a 15
light and thin winter	6

FORT WAYNE SENTINEL.

SATURDAY, JULY 12, 1845.

For Congress--10th District,

ANDREW KENNEDY,

OF DELAWARE CO.

Township Committees.—The Vigilance Committees should impress on the minds of their neighbors the necessity of having every democrat *attend the polls in his own township*—an act having been passed at the last session of our Legislature, confining voters to their own townships. No man can hereafter vote out of the township in which he resides. It is important that this fact should be generally known. It is to be hoped that every democrat will be found at his post on the first Monday in August, prepared to discharge his duty to his country manfully, by voting the regular straightout democratic ticket. Our candidates are all of our own bringing out—no self-nominees—it is therefore our duty to lay aside all personal preferences and obligations, and do our best to elect the men we have nominated.

Our Candidate for the Legislature.—A strong attempt is making by the small whig politicians with which our city abounds to create an impression that the democratic farmers of Allen County will not vote for Mr. Randall, because he is a lawyer. We do not believe a word of it. We have too high an opinion of the judgment of our fellow citizens in the country to think for a moment that they would proscribe a man so universally popular and so well qualified to represent us in the Legislature, because forsooth he is not a farmer! We have moreover conversed with farmers from almost every township, who all agree in saying that Mr. Randall will not only get every democratic vote in their respective townships, but will also be supported by several intelligent whigs, who think he is the most suitable man to represent us in the present crisis of our affairs that could be selected.

This is a stale trick of our adversaries. They are always striving to awaken sectional feelings—to array the country against the city—the north against the south. It was the hope of profiting by this that induced them to allow Mr. Parker to be the candidate—he is a farmer, and they thought that some capital might be made out the cry of runing a farmer against a lawyer. If they had had any hopes of beating Mr. Randall by any other means, there are an abundance of smart, aspiring whig gentlemen about town from whom they would have selected a candidate. They have reckoned without their host this time; the first Monday in August will show them that the farmers of this county are not going to vote against a man nominated by themselves, because a few city gentlemen raise the cry that he is a lawyer. If any have flattered themselves that Mr Parker could be elected by such means, they will find they have missed their guess by 100 or 150 votes.

Wabash & Erie Canal.—The supply of water to the Canal was cut off yesterday, for the purpose of putting in a new aqueduct on the Feeder, and making other repairs. With a view of preventing any injurious effects on the health of our citizens, the water will be left in those levels on which no repairs are needed.—Navigation will be suspended about three weeks.

First Boat from Cincinnati.—The canal boat Miami Valley, of Piqua, Capt. L M. Barnett, arrived here on Thursday last with a full cargo of iron, nails, tobacco, sugar, and other merchandize, from Cincinnati. The Miami Valley is a fine boat and extremely well fitted up; the captain is said to be one of the most gentlemanly and accommodating men on the canal, and his whole crew remarkably civil and well conducted. As the boat will run this way as often as freight can be obtained, it will be a great accommodation to those having business with the Queen City, and be the means of increasing the trade between the Upper Wabash and Miami and Ohio Valleys.

LIBERATION OF GOV. DORR! The Rhode Island Legislature has passed a bill of amnesty, releasing from imprisonment Gov. Dorr and others implicated with him in the high crime of attempting to give a constitution to that benighted state; and staying proceedings pending against other individuals for the same offence. The liberation of the martyrs was hailed with public manifestations of rejoicing in most of the towns in the state.

Tornada at Logansport.—By the Pharos we learn that Logansport was visited with a severe tornado on the evening of the 1st inst. which did considerable damage to barns, fences, houses, &c. Some buildings were unroofed; the market house removed a few feet from its foundations; the court house sustained considerable damage, some of the chimneys being blown down, and a large portion of the roof carried off. No person was seriously injured, though, the Pharos adds "a few were blown about lively for a short tim, and a large number badly frightened."

Texas.—We have not received our eastern paper, and have no certain tidings from Texas.—It is reported that the Texan Congress, by an unanimous vote accepted the annexation proposition of this country.

CONGRESSIONAL CANVASS.—Last Saturday the canvass of this district, as agreed upon between Messrs. Thompson and Kennedy, was brought to a close. In another column will be found letters from different parts of the district, showing the feeling manifested by the citizens, and the effect produced by the speeches. Thompson must have discovered that his ill judging friends had led him into error, and "puffed him up with an artificial delusion," in persuading him that he was able personally to contend against his witty and eloquent competitor. The countenances and conduct of the audiences, every time they spoke, must have shown him that he was losing ground. His dull, prosy speeches, his wretchedly abortive attempts at wit and sarcasm, and above all his ungentlemanly course towards his competitor—his garbling, misrepresentations, and in some instances almost downright falsehood, contrasted very unfavorably with the honest, straight forward, and humorous and eloquent remarks of Mr. Kennedy.

The Doctor's forte does not lie that way. He makes nothing by misrepresenting his competitor, or otherwise playing the demagogue, when Mr. Kennedy is present to expose his duplicity and place him right. The only way he can accomplish any thing is when he has a chance to prowl round alone, and make his misstatements, and bold though unfounded assertions, without danger of detection and exposure Dr. Thompson evidently has discovered this, for he missed several of his appointments on the plea of sickness; yet immediately his competitor's back is turned, he commenced a personal canvass—notwithstanding the pledge entered into, that when the appointments advertised were filled, the canvass should be considered at an end and the parties remain at home. If he thinks he can make any thing by this dishonorable course, he must entertain a very low opinion of the honor and integrity of those whom he would fain have the honor of calling his constituents.

On *Sunday* last, we are informed, he was in Marion township retailing a pitiful slander which Mr. Kennedy most emphatically denounced (in his speech here on the preceding Thursday) as a base falsehood!—in hopes of exciting the Catholics against Mr. Kennedy. The honest Germans have seen enough of the doctor to know what confidence to put in his statements,—and we are told he came home "with a flea in his ear." It is strange he cannot see that such a course is not popular. Can he have so soon forgot the effect of his celebrated *Tavern bill story* of the last campaign?

We believe the Doctor is now in the north. Will some of our friends have an eye on him, and keep us advised of his movements.

MANUFACTURING STOCKS IN MASSACHUSETTS. The Merrimac Manufacturing Co., has just declared a semi-annual dividend of 10 per cent., and its profits for the last six months have been 13 per cent. A surplus reserved fund has accumulated in spite of its large dividends and large salaries to its officers, which is sufficient to build a very large addition to its productive power. Some years since it made a dividend of one third its capital at one dash, and now puts its cash funds to a use that will earn some 25 or 30 per cent. return annually.

The Boott Mills Co. is found to stand so well that 25 per cent. advance is freely offered for it, and for Suffolk 40 is asked. Indeed the new copper mines of Lake Superior can hardly make money so fast as the Lowell factories are now doing.

The purchases of real estate at the Locks and Canals Co's sale has turned out well for those who went into them freely, and everything connected with the city of spindles wears a golden aspect.—*Boston Post.*

☞ Do any of our farmers realize any thing like such profits for their labors as these manufacturers do for their capital? Can any one show us the justice or even the policy of Taxing all classes of citizens and all sections of the Union for the exclusive benefit of the few, who are thus enabled to make enormous profits, at a time when those whom they tax are hardly making enough to buy the common necessaries of life. It may be a very good whig doctrine, to make the rich richer and the poor poorer; but it is not a system that any democrat can admire, or that American freemen will long submit to.

CORRESPONDENCE.

For the Sentinel.

ANDREW JACKSON AND JAMES K. POLK.

The Sage of the Hermitage—the Chieftain of enviable renown—the devoted Patriot—the stable Statesman, and last, though not least, the humble Christian, who had so long been tottering upon the borders of the grave, has at last been called to his long home. All of this eminent man that was earthy, is now mouldering into dust; but his spirit, pure and immortal, is resting in the bosom of its God. It is pleasing to contemplate the characters of such men as Andrew Jackson. Justice is seldom done to the living by their contemporaries: but after they have ceased to mingle in the busy scenes of earth, their characters and the actions of their lives, can be more calmly and dispassionately considered. To such belongs the distinguished subject of this notice. It is not pretended that he was without faults, or never committed errors. He possessed passions, common to human nature. His judgment was fallible. Strange would it have been, therefore, if he had not sometimes been led into errors. But the commission of errors, from which bad consequences result, should never detract from the fame of any man, unless it can be positively known that he was actuated by evil intentions. How, or by what means shall we judge a man's motives?—By the consequences of his actions? This is an improper criterion, because men are not gifted with the power of foreseeing the results of their actions. An action may be performed with motives as pure as those that actuate the angels of heaven in their holy ministrations; and yet the consequences of this act may be evil. The act, nevertheless, is as good and as worthy of praise, in the eye of a God of justice, as if it had been accompanied by the desired and intended results. On the other hand, good may result from actions performed with evil intentions; but this is no justification of the actions or the actor.

Various and conflicting are the views entertained among men, concerning the measures pursued by General Jackson, during the period of his Presidency. These measures had, and still have, their admiring friends and their inveterate foes. Their consequences or results, however, are not yet fully developed. Their influence is still felt, and will continue to be felt, for a long time to come. The world, therefore, is yet unprepared to decide with sufficient clearness and confidence on these measures, though every candid and noble mind is willing to acknowledge that the great master spirit was actuated by good and patriotic motives. And, I have no doubt, that when the proper time arrives for a decision to be made on the great political measures of Jackson's administration, that decision will be in his favor, and will add new and brighter laurels to the wreath of fame that already encircles his brow. Party spirit and prejudice oftentimes make man very foolish and unreasonable; but high as party spirit runs, and deeply as political prejudice has taken root in the minds of the people, the unanimous voice of the nation is, that in the death of Andrew Jackson, a great man has fallen.

Should we mourn at this event? He had finished his work. He had long been expecting the summons that must come to all. He was ready to obey that summons, and bow with submission to the mandate of God. His mantle, too, has fallen on one that is worthy to bear it. To whom can I refer but to James K. Polk, the President of the United States? Should not our grief, therefore, at the sad event that has just transpired, be tempered with resignation, and should not our hearts be filled with gratitude in view of the fact, that, though the distinguished citizen and honored statesman "is dead, he yet liveth" through another, who, if not equally eminent, is deserving of a large share of the confidence and love of the American people?

I design not to enter into an eulogium of the character of James K. Polk; but I cannot help remarking that there is meaning in the title conferred upon him during the political campaign that resulted in his elevation to the Presidency. I refer to the name of "Young Hickory." There is more than a fancied resemblance between the characters of Andrew Jackson and the present Executive. There is a resemblance in reality. The latter has not, like the other, it is true, mingled in the stirring scenes of war He has never led forth the armies of his country against her invading oppressors; but in the political contests that have for a few years past, been so fiercely waged, he has fought nobly by the side of the honored chief, and won unfading laurels. In addition to a noble integrity of character, he resembles the deceased Ex President in a firmness of purpose that knows no yielding, except upon the most thorough conviction, and an independence of mind and action, that stops not to inquire who will be pleased, or who displeased. Such were eminent characteristics of the successor of John Quincy Adams—and such too equally characterize the present Chief Magistrate of our favored Union.

It was, I verily believe, a fortunate day for our country on which democratic principles triumphed in the person of James K. Polk. He was emphatically a man of the people, and on his way to the seat of government, after his election, he publicly declared that he considered himself, and wished to be considered so by others, not as the President of a Party, but as the President of the People. His presidential acts, thus far, show the sincerity of his purpose, and have extorted admiration and praise even from his political enemies. Surely the people may congratulate themselves on the elevation of such a man to the Presidency They have reason to entertain high expectations; nor will they be disappointed—for it is "Young Hickory" in whom they confide—the cherished friend, yea, the very prototype of the immortal Jackson.

MONROE.

Aboite, July 1st, 1845.

BLUFFTON, July 5, 1845.

Mr. Tigar:

Sir,—This day the Hon. Andrew Kennedy and Ex-Governor Saml. Bigger (for Dr. Thompson) met a vast concourse of the citizens of Wells County, according to previous appointment.—Kennedy looked well and appeared in excellent spirits. The indomitable democracy of Wells were happy to hail him—to once more have the pleasure of listening to an able exponent of their glorious principles And well did he on this occasion acquit himself; his honest, frank, and masterly manner of treating every subject that he approaches secures to him friends warm and ardent, not only from his particular partizans, but also from those who may sometimes differ with him on some points of national policy. As a man, Andrew Kennedy has no superiors; as an orator he has few equals;—as a statesman sound, active, and zealous;—and as a politician he is a luminous star in the constellation of his country's glory, and rises in brightness as it approaches the zenith of fame.

For five weeks previous, he informed us, he had been constantly engaged canvassing the district; his competitor had missed some nineteen or twenty appointment, but his place had usually been supplied by some auxiliary, making the campaign more onerous to Kennedy by tendering new issues, and frequently occupying ground untenanted or disclaimed by Thompson himself, and *vice versa.*

At this place the Governor opened and closed the debate;—and, by the bye, the Hon. Samuel Bigger is very much of a gentleman, and assuch I have uniformly spoken of him. To-day his task was a hard one. When he speaks the pure sentiments of his own mind, there is a charm connected with it that is rather pleasing than otherwise, however one may differ with him as to the subject matter. But when he attempts to reconcile difficulties that other men of his own political stamp have involved themselves in, by succumbing to certain notions for the purpose of obtaining political preferment, his discourses are not animating, but rather laborious, and excite our sympathy. *Stand by your own principles, and conquer or die defending them.*

Kennedy with a masterly stroke of eloquence disrobed the two faced black and white image so dextrously formed and clothed by the *learned* M D. and showed it up in all its naked deformity, to the utter detestation and abhorrence of all honorable men. His exposition of the Texas and Oregon questions, and the course he took in Congress in regard thereto, was able and satisfactory: and in fact all his views and sentiments were greeted with an enthusiasm that will redound in giving him at least 140 majority in this county in August next.

In haste, I am, Yours with much resp't.

LOCO.

MILFORD, LAGRANGE COUNTY, June 30, 1845.

Mr. TIGAR:

Sir,—I have not observed in your paper any thing said about the prospects of Messrs. Kennedy and Thompson in this part of the District. I have heard Mr. Kennedy twice, once at North Port, and once at the Association, and so far as I was able to learn the opinion of the people, they were generally much pleased with Mr. K.'s remarks. The abolitionists think he is honest in his sentiments, and that is a good deal you know in these whirling times. I conversed with several leading abolitionists on the subject of their party going for Thompson, and they all without exception say they will do it. However I think there are a few half-way abolitionists that will go to the Doctor, yet they are not a loss, for they have all undoubtedly voted the Whig ticket always. We were much disappointed in not hearing the Doctor, but I think it one of the most fortunate things that will happen him that he has not been able to speak with Kennedy. It is generally believed that had the Doctor been with Kennedy here he would have lost votes, while Kennedy would have gained. As it regards the prospects of the respective candidates, I think there is no doubt of Kennedy's receiving a majority in these four northern counties of 125. I may overrate, but I think not. Lagrange will give 50 to 70 for the Doctor; Noble from 60 to 75 for Kennedy; Dekalb and Steuben about 125 for Kennedy. There is no mistake but Kennedy will run his full party vote. We are wide awake and will give a good account of ourselves in August. You may rest assured that there will be a strong vote—all parties seem determined to succeed. The abolition vote in this county will not vary much from 100, and it is strange to say that quite a number of them were originally democrats Yet they say if Thompson is the nominee of their party, they will vote for Mr. Kennedy in spite of Thompson's anti-Texas, anti-Florida, anti-Slave trade notions. They are afraid the Doctor is playing Possum.

I remain respectfully yours,

D.

Thomas Tigar, Esq.

Noble co. Ia., June 30th, 1845.

Mr. TIGAR:

Sir,—Kennedy and Thompson have now been through our County (Thompson however, was occasionally represented by proxy,) and the people, in their reflecting moments, are beginning to con over the merits of the candidates. That the impression is favorable to Kennedy there can be no doubt. The effort of Thompson at Port Mitchell, to convince the people, by Benton's speech on the Texas question, that Spain acknowledged the independence of Mexico in 1821, was such an attempt to operate by deception that no man can help but understand and duly appreciate his moral integrity. When a man, like Lewis G. Thompson, will so far lose sight of the dignity of the station which he seeks after and glut his disposition by an indulgence in a tirade of ungentlemanly and abusive epithets towards his competitor and the opposing party, it affords to the people a key by which they can unravel the true merits of the man. His appeals to the prejudices of the Abolitionists, for the purpose of exciting a feeling in the North against the South, with the more candid portion of the whigs will not be well received, and his attempt to show an identity between the whigs and Abolitionists as partizans, will not be recognized by the whigs, in any particulars, as the correct doctrine; his charges against Kennedy that he voted in "hot haste" for taking possession of that great country of ours, called Oregon, to which, he says, we have at least but a doubtful title, is contrary to the feelings of every American citizen. By the way, would it not be well for some of the Whig Lawyers of Fort Wayne (his travelling companion of the Judicial Circuit for instance) to drill him some little before he leaves town, upon the laws of nations, especially that part which relates to discoveries? His fears are great beyond conception that the republican institutions of our country will be too far scattered, and hence it became necessary that some censure should be thrown upon Kennedy for his vote for the annexation of Texas. This afforded a stepping stone for him to attack the domestic slave trade; but upon this subject he soon found his audience took but little interest, it being a matter with which the people of the 10th Congressional District have nothing to do. There are some of the whigs, however, who are willing to sacrifice their principles to a kind of compromise party drill, with these Thompson may exert an influence so far that they will "leave no stone unturned" to advance his interests; such men, however, with the great mass of the people, have but little influence. Taking the matter, all in all, there is no doubt but that Thompson has lost ground in Noble.

Respectfully Yours, &c.

The Michigan Insurance Co. at Detroit.—We have of late had our confidence somewhat shaken in the safety of this *Banking* and Insurance Company. The president, who is one of the best men in that State, has resigned. It was a pet Bank, and one year since held $200,000 of Government money; by the last Treasury Report it was reduced to about $100,000, and we are informed that this balance is to be withdrawn.

Our confidence in the safety of this Company was founded in the presumption that the officers, who are good men, would stand by their post, and that the government, since placing its money there, would let it remain until the bank excitement of that region had subsided.

Under these circumstances, our advice to the dear people, who have been victimized enough by banks, is, to take care of yourselves. We doubt the immediate ability of this Bank to pay the Government and you too.—*Thompson's Bank Note Reporter.*

GOOD.—A paper printed in Sandwich Islands, says that for the past year it had but one delinquent subscriber!! These heathens(?) set an example worthy the imitation of more enlightened communities.

Information is Wanted. Of *Patrick Green*, a native of Queens county, Ireland, and who formerly worked on the Wabash and Erie Canal. Any information concerning him will be gratefully received by his niece, Catharine Green, of Lafayette.

SODA.—Dr. Beecher, of Fort Wayne, invites the ladies to call and take a glass of soda with him. Soda is capital in warm weather, but in the cool of the evening, give us a peep at those tremendous venison hams in the back room, with a fly in it!—*Goshen Democrat.*

You are right, SIR—you speak like a man of "*good taste.*" "Those tremendous venison hams in the back room" are the largest and finest in the country. They are in bulk equal to full sized casks of BRANDY and WINE. To taste them "in the cool of the evening" is truly delightful. Call in, my friend, give us a shake of your hand, and we'll take a "peep" at them, "with a fly in it."

BEECHER.

Fourth of July.

CELEBRATION BY THE "GUARDS"—PRESENTATION OF THE BANNER.

In our last we mentioned that the Wayne Guards celebrated "the Fourth" in an appropriate manner; and briefly noticed the presentation of a splendid satin banner to the corps by the young ladies of this city. We have since been favored with a copy of the speeches made on the occasion.

Miss SARAH H. FAIRFIELD presented the banner, with the following appropriate remarks:

Honorable Captain and Guards:

On this the anniversary of our National Independence, a day dear to every American heart, and long to be remembered, on this day I have the pleasure of presenting you with these colors, in the name of the Ladies of Fort Wayne, who, though they may not be permitted with bayonet and sword to protect their country's rights may encourage and assist you, her noble sons, with their smiles, and their prayers to him who gveth success in battle. That you may never forget your duty to the God who has thus far protected and blessed our happy country; that you may never forget your duty to her, or dishonor her colors—those glorious colors under which our great Washington, our brave and gallant Wayne and patriotic fathers fought—that you, our Wayne Guards, may possess that bold, fearless, and patriotic spirit which animated the brave Hero whose name your bear, and who is seen waving on your banner this day, and that the "star-spangled banner" may still continue to wave as proudly o'er our free and happy land as it did when it was first planted there, is the wish of her who has had the honor to address you.

To which Captain McLANE responded as follows:

Madam,—

For the beautiful banner which you, for the Ladies of Fort Wayne, have presented to the corps under my command, permit me in their behalf to return you our warmest and most sincere acknowledgements. On your part no token of respect could be more becoming, and on ours, surely *none* more gratifying Its neatness and elegance are alike creditable to your taste and generosity; and Madam, the highest and holiest pledge we can give you in return, is the soldier's plighted honor,—that in peace as that banner floats at the head of our company,—as its gorgeous folds flutter in the breeze, it will call forth the liveliest feelings of grateful hearts to its fair donors. And

"When speaks the signal trumpet tone,
And the long line comes gleaming on—
Ere yet the life-blood warm and wet
Has dimmed the glistening bayonet,
Each soldier eye shall brightly turn"

to that flag, upheld by strong arms, cheering and encouraging brave hearts; and when "gory sabres rise and fall," when cruel death has thinned the battle field, and the enemy of American liberty come sweeping victorious over our defeated hosts, yet that banner shall not drop,—its bright folds shall not trail, until the angel of death shall sit in sullen triumph, and it falls a shroud over the mangled corse of its last defender. I need scarcely say that this flag,—the workmanship of the ladies of our city—will be carefully preserved, and as its rich folds wave over our heads, we will remember that the fair hands of our countrywomen have made it, and our arms will be nerved and invigorated in its defence. Should the Wayne Guards be called upon to take the tented field, these two flags shall wave side by side interweaving their folds, fit emblems of the unity of purpose which actuates each. Should our beloved country be called upon to defend her shores from foreign aggression, these flags shall still be found together; the gorgeous stripes and stars soaring high over the cloud of war, twin stars of encouraging hope in the eye of the weary soldier.

Of a time, it was that the honor of your sex was guarded by some Knight clad in armour of steel: an insult to female honor was avenged in a fatal contest between selected champions. The acknowledgement in return was the smile of approval and appellation of brave from the knight's lady love. The chase, the tournament, and even the battle-field, were not scenes too rough for the modest maiden. The wreath was then woven by her hands for the victor's brow. She shared largely in the schemes and intrigues of "camp and court" The milder virtues of her sex that are developed and called forth in the kind office of secret charity, and which shoot up like so many indigeneous plants around the domestic circle, all were blunted;—the hardship begot in danger and oppression, succeeded to that long array of social and religious excellences that gem the female character.

But that day is past. The blushing virtues of your sex are not guarded by the steeled knight, but by the force of that opinion that teaches us that "him that would raise his hand to a woman other than in an act of kindness, twere base flattery to call a coward." You arm your brothers not for the contest that would settle some imaginary insult, but for the field of battle, "where the brave love to meet."—You send them to the contest for freedom for human rights, for the happiness of our race. When the enemy comes; when he would insult our national flag; when the fearful contest is waged between liberty and slavery; when a foreign foe would desecrate that shrine at which as Americans we all worship with the spirit of genuine patriotism, you bid them "God speed to the field of victory or to the grave of glory."

And is it not a woman's heart that would throb responsive to such a sentiment? Are they not a woman's lips that would utter such a holy benediction? Who more than an American woman can be proud of her country—her country's defenders—her country's honors, and the intelligence and refinement of the human race that enjoy the blessings of her country's government? None—none! American liberty, American heroes, and American characters, already reflect all that is enobling and grand in human nature. That bright galaxy of names that spans the sky of our national existence, will shine in effulgence, clear, bright and perpetual as the sun. And this banner—the banner of our country—these "stars and stripes," will never be dimmed. Votaries to our "flag of the brave" will raise to it their loud huzzas in eastern climes, and when parting day lingers in the boundless west. The fair temple of freedom, at whose topmost pinnacle it floats, will never be demolished by the tyrant arm until the last drop of American blood has been spilt, and those bright burning lights that have been lit up by the God of our being, shall be quenched in the human soul.

To you madam, and the other fair donors of this beautiful flag, let me for the company I have the honor to represent, and for myself individually, express our strongest and warmest wishes for your happiness. In this life may you have a home of peace, never disturbed by the rapacity of a foreign soldiery; around it may peace and prosperity reside like guardian spirits; and in that world of the future, may you have a home in the realms of eternal rest, where wreaths of bright glory will crown you with everlasting joy.

After the reading of the Declaration, and the Oration by Col Chittenden, the Guards and a number of invited guests partook of a sumptuous dinner at the American. After the removal of the cloth the following toasts were given:

REGULAR TOASTS.

1. *This Anniversary*—Whenever it comes may we be ready to march to the attack, and able to retire in good order. 13 *cheers*—*Hail Columbia.*

2. *The Heroes of the Declaration of Independence*—They have passed away from among us, yet their deeds and their names will be remembered as long as America has a free born son, or liberty a votary. *Drank in silence—Dead march.*

3 *Washington*—The chief of Chiefs—roll for the mighty dead. *Standing and in silence.—Washington's march.*

4. *Wayne*—He never said "go on," but "come on Boys" *Standing in silence—March to the battle field.*

5. *Lafayette*—The noble, the gallant, and the generous hearted stranger—the companion of Washington, the friend of Liberty, and the glory and pride of America. To France we owe a debt of gratitude that forever guarantees a cessation of hostilities on our part. *Drank in silence.*

6. *The President of the United States*—The commander of a close column of 28 companies—may it ever be on the advance and never on the retreat. 6 *cheers—President's march*

7. *The Governor of Indiana.* 6 *cheers—Governor's march.*

8. *The Army*—Present Arms. 13 *cheers.*

9. *The Navy*—Hoist the star spangled banner. 13 *cheers.*

10. *The State of Indiana*—Recover Arms.

11. *The Volunteers*—The true citizen soldiery—the rank and file of the people—the only party without a voice at the seat of government.

12. *The Press*—Its columns our reserve.

13. *The Fair*—Our Arms their defence—their arms our reward. 13 *cheers. Come haste to the wedding.*

VOLUNTEER TOASTS.

By T. K. Brackenridge. *The Guards*—An ornament to the city, may they be an honor to the illustrious name they have assumed, and if called upon to do service, prove as invincible as the Guard of the great Napoleon, whose motto was victory or annihilation.

By Col. L. G Jones. *Andrew Jackson*—The laurels once so justly due to his hoary brow will ever remain green, and never wither while virtue inherits the hearts of the just.

By William G. Ewing. *The Fort Wayne Guards*—Deservedly the pride of our city.

By John Dawson. *The Wayne Guards*—Spartans in number, Americans in patriotism, and Christians in benevolence. 3 *cheers.*

By H. W. Jones. *The worthy Host of the American House*—Deserving of the thanks of this company for his excellent manner of preparing "*chicken fixens and corn-dodgings.*"

By L C Jacoby. *The Orator of the Day*—His prodnction has shown him as accomplished a citizen as soldier. *Cheers and standing.*

Col. CHITTENDEN made an appropriate response, and gave the following:

The Natural Dwelling Place of Liberty—Earth's centre—Earth's circumference.

By Col. L. G. Jones. *The American Union*—May all those that celebrate this day act in unison, and be prompted with the same motive that our forefathers were 4th of July, '76. Union for the sake of the Union—one and inseperable.

By J W. McLane. *The anniversary of American Independence*—While the slaves of Monarchal governments are taught to cry "*God* save the King," we the descendants of those who bled for Independence will hail this as the birth day of Liberty and Equal Rights.

By T. K. Brackenridge *The Banner*—May every member of the Guards have the same feeling for the Banner this day presented by the Fair, as the Knights of old the prize of the Tournament, as something to be defended while life shall last.

By R. C. Filsen. *Andrew Jackson*—His was the only living name that could burst the Prison doors of a foreign government and set the oppressed free. No wonder that the enemies of Liberty trembled when he spoke

By J. W. McLane. *Thomas Tigar.* Not a soldier, but a good veteran of the Press.

By Lieut. Smith. *The veterans who fought at Bunker's Hill, among whom was my father.*

By the annexed letter of Col. Chittenden, it will be seen that it has been resolved to publish his Oration in pamphlet form. It will not, therefore, appear in the papers.

Gentlemen:

Your very flattering note of July 7th, requesting a copy of the Oration delivered by me on the 4th, is received.

Having learned that it is the intention of the Guards to publish in "*pamphlet form*" the proceedings of that day, (it being the anniversary of the company as well as a celebration of the 4th,) and looking upon all such proceedings as property of the Corps, I cheerfully enclose the manuscript requested. Respectfully,

July 11. L. S. CHITTENDEN.

To Benj. Smith.
John Cocanour,
S. S Morss.
H. W. Jones,

PRICE CURRENT CORRECTED WEEKLY.

Flour, - -	$4 25 a $ 00
Salt, - -	1 62 per bbl.
Wheat, - -	00 a cts. per bu
Rye, - -	44 cts.
Corn, - -	44 a 50 cts. "
Oats, - -	31 a 37 cts. "
Potatoes - -	00 a "
Pork, - -	$6 00 a
Hams - -	8 cts
Shoulders - -	7
Black Salts -	$1 5 0 a 2 00
Beeswax -	25
Eggs . -	9 cts. doz.
Butter - -	8 cts per lb.
Maple Sugar -	6 a 7 "
Beef, - -	2½ a 3 cts. "
Tallow, - -	8 cts. "
Beef Hides, green,	3 a 3 1-2 "
" " dry,	6 a 6 1-2 "
Flaxseed. -	75 cts. per bushel.
Timothy seed, -	$1 00 "
Clover " -	$4 50 "

MARKETS.

As there is no produce coming in, prices are nominal. From all we can learn, the new crop of wheat will find buyers here at 56 or perhaps 62 cents per bushel.

Since our last a boat load of wheat has been received at the City Mills from the Wabash; some lots of flour have also arrived from the Miami Canal and from the northern counties; there is an ample supply to last till the new wheat comes in.

Farmers are all busy gathering in the rich products of their wheat fields. In the counties north of us the crop is one of the best ever known. In this county the yield is rather light but the grain is remarkably large and plump.—Northern Indiana will have an immense surplus of wheat to ship this season.

All other crops are unusually fine and promising, except hay, which is rather light.

New York, July 2.—Flour is still dull—prime Genesee 4 68; Ohio and Michigan 4 50 a 4 62 Ashes firm—pots 3 87; pearls 4 12 a 4 25.

MARRIED.—On Sunday last, by Judge McMaken, Mr. BENJAMIN MADON to Miss PARMELIA GARDNER of Whitley Co.

MR. TIGAR, *Editor of the Sentinel:*

We desire you to announce A. HAGUE a candidate for re-election for the office of AUDITOR of DE KALB Co., Ia. and oblige

July 1, 1845 MANY VOTERS.

MR. TIGAR,—

Circumstances of a private nature will not permit me to be be a candidate for Prosecutor in this Circuit. You will therefore withdraw my name. R. BRACKENRIDGE, Jr.

June 28, 1845. p

BEEKMAN'S PULMONIC SYRUP for sale at the Farmers' Depot.
July 10 L. S. CHITTENDEN.

CARPETING.—A few pieces beautiful Ingrain Carpet, new styles—cheap.
July 12 A. B. MILLER.

HENRY HITZFIELD,
Musical Instrument Maker,

INFORMS the citizens of Fort Wayne and vicinity that he makes and sells SERAPHINES and ORGANS of all sizes, and also various other Musical Instruments.

He will also repair and put in order PIANO FORTES and Accordeons. Shop on the corner of Main and Harrison streets. All work warranted to be done well.

July 12, 1845. 1y

Attention, Borrower!

THE individual who borrowed of my Clerk about three weeks since an Ivory-Handled Turnscrew (frequently called Tooth Drawer) will oblige me by returning the instrument—as soon as he gets the Tooth out

July 10. LEWIS BEECHER.

BALZORINES and LAWNS.—A splendid lot just received at the 'Niagara.' Ladies wanting any thing really rich and fashionable had better call without delay.

July 12. A. B MILLER.

Misses' Gimp Flats.

A few splendid and fashionable Flats can be had at the Niagara for the cost in N. York.
A. B. MILLER.

NOTICE

TO the non-resident owner or owners of Lots known as Nos. 29 and 30 in the old plat of the City of Fort Wayne, and to their agents or attorneys:

In pursuance of the 25th section of an ordinance enacted by the common council of the city of Fort Wayne, entitled an ordinance for the prevention and punishment of certain offences therein named; you are hereby notified to be and appear at the office of the Mayor of said city, on the 21st inst. to show cause if any you can show why said Lots shall not be filled up; and in case of your default such filling up will be done by order of the Mayor of said city, and the expenses thereof and costs will be made by a sale of said lots, pursuant to the provisions of said 25th section of said ordinance.

Attest, M W. HUXFORD, Mayor.
O. P. MORGAN, Recorder.

Fair Warning.

THE subscriber wants money, and must have it. All those indebted to him for Medical Attentions, and Medicine, either by note or account, are requested to call and settle their respective dues, on or before the first of Sept. next, as further indulgence will not be extended to any, who are now in arrears.

5w1 W. V. SNYDER.

Sheriff Sale.

BY virtue of an execution to me directed from the Allen Circuit Court, I will offer for sale at Public Auction at one o'clock P. M. on the 2d day of August, 1845, at the Court House door in the city of Fort Wayne, the following property, viz: Lots numbered 122, 123, 124, 125, on the original plat of the town of Fort Wayne, and lots numbered 138 and 139 on Hanna's Addition to the town of Fort Wayne; as also the N. E. qr. of section 23, Township 30, North Range 12 East, taken as the property of Zenas Henderson to satisfy an execution in favor of D. H. Colerick. The rents and profits for 7 years will first be offered, and if the same should not sell for enough to satisfy said execution, then the fee simple will be sold. B. B. STEVENS, Shff A.C.
By JNO. P. HEDGES, Dept.

Administrator's Sale of Real Estate.

BY virtue of an order of the Allen Probate Court, we will offer for sale, at Public Auction, at the Court House door, in the city of Fort Wayne, on the 9th day of August, 1845, at one o'clock P.M. Lot No. 27 in the County Addition to the town of Fort Wayne.

And at the hour of one o'clock P. M. on the same day at the Court House door in the County of Adams, one half section of land granted to the children of Antoine Revoir, at the Treaty of St Mary's in the year of 1818, and set apart to John Bourie, dec'd. by partition in the Adams Circuit Court.

All of which lots and lands will be sold on a credit of 8 and 12 months, the purchaser giving his notes with security bearing interest from date.

R. BRACKENRIDGE,
HUGH McCULLOCH,
Ad'rs. of J. B. Bourie.

BLACK Italian SILK a most beautiful article for Ladies' Dresses. Call at the Farmers' Depot. CHITTENDEN.

MACKEREL and SHAD—a delicate article for family use. Call at
July 5. CHITTENEEN'S.

Palm Hats—Leghorn Bonnets.

A choice lot at the Farmers' Depot.
CHITTENDEN.

Wines' Mills running again.

THE undersigned would respectfully inform the public, that, having rented put in good repair the MILLS known by the above name, situated one mile east of Fort Wayne, are now ready, with three run of French Burrs, and a good Saw Mill, to grind and saw every thing in the way of grain and timber that may come to hand. They are having a good supply of saw logs cut of various lengths, so that they will be able to fill any bill of lumber that may be called for.

Having had considerable experience in the Milling business, we flatter ourselves that we shall be able to merit a share of public patronage. As there is plenty of water in the Maumee in the dryest season, there will be no disappointment on account of water.

JOHN SMITH,
JOHN BEECHGOOD.

Woodland Mills, June 19th, 1845. 20tf

SHINGLES.

I AM still carrying on Shingle Making, and have constantly on hand White Walnut and Yellow Poplar SHINGLES at my shop near the Canal Lock, one mile east of Fort Wayne.

JOHN SMITH.

June 19th, 1845. 20tf

State of Indiana } In the Noble circuit court in
Noble County ss. } vacation, June 2d, A D 1845.

Jason Basford, }
vs. } *Foreign attachment.*
Jeremiah E Carey. }

WHEREAS, Jason Basford has filed in the office of the Clerk of the Noble circuit Court an affidavit sworn to before the clerk of said court wherein he deposeth and saith that Jeremiah E. Carey is justly indebted to him, the said Jason Basford, in the sum of three hundred and fifty four dollars and ninety-six cents on a certain writing obligatory in said affidavit described, and that the said Jeremiah E. Carey, is not resident of the State of Indiana; and whereas, the said Jason Basford has filed in said office his Bond in the Penal sum of $800 conditioned as the law requires in cases of Foreign attachment, a writ of Foreign attachment was issued by the Clerk, directed to the Sheriff of said County, commanding him to attach the lands and tenements, and seize and take into his custody and possession the goods and chattels, rights, credits, moneys and effects of the said Jeremiah E. Carey in his bailiwick, which said writ was duly returned with an endorsement thereon whereby it appears that on the 19th day of June, A. D. 1845, in obedience to said writ the sheriff attached the west half of section thirty-three and the north west quarter section thirty-six, in township thirty four, North of Range Ten east, as the property of the said Jeremiah E Carey, and has taken to his assistance Benjamin Bethel, a creditable householder of said county, and appraised the said lands at nine hundred and sixty dollars:

Notice is therefore hereby given to the said defendant Jeremiah E. Carey, to appear on the first day of the next term of the Noble Circuit Court, to be holden at the Court House in the town of Port Mitchell, in said county, to commence on Monday the 15th day of September next, and defend the said suit, or the same will be heard and determined in his absence.

WILLIAM F. ENGEL, Clerk N. C. C.
Wm. Clapp, Pltff atty.
June 25th, 1845 $4 70 3w1

Farmers' Depot:

ANOTHER ARRIVAL OF GOODS—all kinds of Produce taken in exchange. Call at
J 1 5. CHITTENDENS.

To the People of Allen County.

THOSE who are acquainted with the superior qualities of "DEW DAVID'S or HERBALISTS" and the "PERSIAN PILLS" doubtless be glad to learn that Dr. L. Beecher of Fort Wayne has just received another fresh supply. The immense quantities sold throughout the west alone, supercedes the necessity of saying one word in support of their character.—Yet should there be an incredulous Son or Daughter of affliction who has been suffering with Lame Back, Rheumatism, Oppressive Pain in the Breast or side, or with Swelling, Tumors, Kings Evil, &c (for either of which the PLASTER is known to be a sure antidote) or with Liver Affections, Dyspepsia, Fever and Ague, Chill Fever, Scrofula, or any of the diseases prevalent in the Wabash Country, especially such as originate in an impurity of the blood and circulating fluids, which the PERSIAN PILLS never fail speedily to remove; for the Benefit of such we will give a few extracts of letters, showing the estimate in which these medicines are held where known.

Crawfordsville, In. Jan. 27th 1845.

Messrs. D. Harter & Co—Gents. I have sold out nearly all the large supply of the justly celebrated "HEBREW PLASTER" and "PERSIAN PILLS" you furnished me three weeks since, and it would be well to keep me well supplied as I find calls for the medicines increasing daily.

I would here state, that I have no articles in My Drug Store that gives better satisfaction than the "HEBREW PLASTER" and "PERSIAN PILLS." NOAH S. THOMPSON.

Washington, In. Aug. 3d, 1844.

Messrs. D. Harter & Co.—Gents. at the request of many, who are anxiously awaiting the new supply of your celebrated "Hebrew Plaster" and "Persian Pills" we write you the *second* time saying that we are out. We have frequent calls for both Plaster and Pills which render general satisfaction. Please send us another lot immediately, and oblige

Yours Respectfully, GALLAGHER WALTERS.

Bloomfield, Edgar co. Ill. May 14th 1844.

Mr. D. Harter & Co.—Gents. We have sold all the celebrated Hebrew Plaster and Persian Pills left with us a FEW DAYS AGO. Will you please send 4 or 5 doz. more immediately

Respectfully O. & D. BAILEY.

Gostport July 8, 1844.

Mr. D. Harter & Co. Gents.—We have sold all the Hebrew Plaster left with us and as there is a great call for it we wish you to send us at least 2 or 3 doz, more and also 1 doz. of the Persian Pills. Yours Respectfully,

HUSSEY & GROSS

Bloomfield, Edgar Co., Ill., May 27, 1844.

Mr. D Harter & Co. Gents.—The Pills and Plaster you sent us, came to hand in good order. We have and increased demand for them and it promises to supercede nearly all other kind of medicines in this Vicinity.

O. & D. BAILEY.

Hardinsburg, In. Sept 3, 1844.

Messrs. D. Harter & Co. Sirs:—Your Hebrew Plaster you left with me to sell is all sold out some time since. The Persian Pills are all sold but a few boxes Both Plaster and Pills gives general satisfaction. There seems to be an increasing demand for both articles.

JAMES MCINTOSH.

Williamsport, In., Sept. 37 1844.

D Harter &. Co.—Dear Sirs—I have sold all the Persian Pills that you left here, and should be glad to get more. They have accomplished miricles here, and are in great demand. The Pills are called for several times every day.—If you cannot come this way soon please send some by stage.

Yours, &c. EBENEZER KING.

* Since the above letter was received, we have been informed by the writer, that the case alluded to in the above, was that of a young man living near W—— who for several months had been confined in a darkened room, from an aggravated case of inflamation in the eyes, rendering him *totally blind* After applying every remedy within his reach, without receiving any benefit, he commenced using the "Persian Pills," and had used them but a short time when all inflamation left him, and his health became permanently remitated,

For sale by the following Agents.
DOCT. L. BEECHER, Fort Wayne.
S. MORE, Huntington.
General Agents for In. & Ill.
6m 1 D. HARTER & CO.

COLORED

Photographic Miniatures.

L. TELIGA has the honor of informing the Citizens of Fort Wayne and neighborhood that he will remain in this place for a short time, and will take likenesses by the improved Daguerrean process.

Ladies and gentlemen are respectfully invited to call and examine his specimens at the American.

N. B. Likenesses taken in a superior manner, with all the colors and beauties of life, of unchanging durability and unsurpassed.

Ft. Wayne, June 25th 1845. tf.

Produce Exchange.

NEW STORE,

Corner of Calhoun & Main streets.

WM. THARP & Co. have just received from New York and Boston a large stock of

Staple and Fancy Dry Goods

among which are Broad Cloths, Cassimeres, Satinets, Jeans, a great variety of Prints, new style: bleached and unbleached Shirtings, &c. Also,

Family Groceries,

at the most reduced prices; and a general and well assorted lot of CHINA, GLASS, and EARTHENWARE Also, a very large stock of Ladies', Gentlemen's, and Children's

Boots and Shoes

of the greatest variety, and of superior quality, which will be afforded at lower prices than ever offered in this market. Also,

HARDWARE AND CUTLERY,

consisting in part of Nails, Shovels, Spades, Trace Chains, Butts, Screws, Knives and Forks, &c. together with a large assortment of PATENT and other MEDICINES, and other articles; which will be sold at the LOWEST PRICES.

WM. THARP & Co.

Have connected with the Goods business in Fort Wayne, an extensive

Boot & Shoe Manufactory,

where they are prepared to fill all orders in that line on as favorable terms as any other establishment in the country. They have also an

Extensive Tannery.

for the manufacture of every variety of UPPER and SOLE LEATHER which they will keep constantly on hand for sale: or they will exchange, with all other articles in their business, for *Tan-Bark, Hides, Roots,* and almost every article of *Country Produce,* such as Tallow, Beeswax, Corn, Oats, Wheat, and HORSES and CATTLE.

WILLIAM THARP,
CHARLES PAIGE,
June 23, 1845. CONRAD NILL.

Strayed.

FROM the subscriber on the 27th April last. Two COLTS, (a dark Bay, and Sorrel.) The Bay is a large three year old mare, with a heavy tail, and a small Star in the forhead, and has the foot evil on one hind foot. The Sorrel is a two year old mare and has a star in the forehead. Any person who will return said Colts to the owner, or letting him know where they are by sending a letter directed to Eel River Post Office, Lake township Allen county shall receive TEN DOLLARS reward.

GEORGE SLAGLE.
Lake Township, June 28th, 1844.

Justices' Blanks for sale at this office.

Sheriff Sale.

BY virtue of an execution to me directed from the clerk's office of the Allen Circuit Court I will offer for sale at the court house door in the city of Fort Wayne, between the hours of Ten o'clock A. M. and Four P. M on the 21st day of July, 1845, the following property to wit:—The rents and profits of the north east quarter of section 16, in township No. 30, North of Range No. 14 east, for seven years; and if the same should fail to rent for enough to satisfy said debt, interest, costs, and accruing costs, I will then and there offer for sale the entire interest of the said Bellair in said land.

Taken as the property of Charles Bellair to satisfy an execution in favor of Lysander Williams.

B. B. STEVENS, Sh'ff A. C.
By J. P. HEDGES, Dept.
June 27, 1845. 52

Sheriff Sale.

BY virtue of an execution to me directed from the Clerk's Office of the Allen Circuit Court I will offer for sale at the court house door in the city of Fort Wayne, between the hours of ten o'clock A. M. and four P. M. on the 21st day of July, 1845, the following property, to wit:—the east half of the north east quarter of section 34, township 31, north of range 12 east, containing 80 acres more or less. The rents and profits for seven years will first be offered, and if the same should fail to rent for a sufficient sum to satisfy said debt, interest, costs, and accruing costs, I will then offer the fee simple. Sale to commence at One o'clock P. M.

Taken as the property of Zenas Henderson & Co. to satisfy an execution in favor of Suydam, Sage, & Co.

B. B STEVENS Sh'ff A.C.
J. P. HEDGES, Dept.
June 27, 1845. 4w52

NEW

DRUG STORE.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

Drug & Chemical Warehouse

Corner of Columbia and Calhoun Streets, Fort Wayne, Indiana.

THE subscriber is now opening as above a very extensive Stock of Drugs and Medicines, Chemicals, Oils, Varnishes, Paints, Glass, Dye Stuff, Brushes &c. &c. to which he would call the attention of Physicians, Merchants, and dealers generally. Having been engaged in the business in Cincinnati, our facilities for buying (together with having purchased for cash) will enable us to offer inducements to buyers equal to any other establishment in the west. Every article put up by us will be warranted fresh and pure and of the very best quality. Call and examine our stock.

HUGH B. REED.
June 14, 1845.

NOTICE

To the Tax Payers of Huntington County.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the sum of *Twenty Cents* on each One Hundred Dollars' valuation, has been assessed for *State Purposes; Forty Cents* on each One Hundred dollars' valuation for *County Purposes; One Cent* on each One Hundred dollars' valuation for a *Lunatic Asylum;* and *One and One Fourth Cent* on each and every Acre of Taxable Land, and *Fifteen Cents* on each One Hundred dollars' valuation of Town Lots with the Improvements thereon, for *Road Purposes;* and also a *Poll Tax* of Fifty Cents for State purposes, and Fifty Cents for County purposes, for the year 1845.

The following amounts are also levied in the different Townships for Township Purposes, viz:

Jackson Township	4 cts on each	$100	valuation
Clear Creek "	3 cents	"	"	"
Huntington "	5 cents	"	"	"
Rock Creek "	3 cents	"	"	"
Lancaster "	4 cents	"	"	"
Salamony "	4 cents	"	"	"
Jefferson "	4 cents	"	"	"
Wayne "	5 cents	"	"	"

The Treasurer or his deputy will attend at the usual places of holding Elections in—

Jackson Township,	Monday,	15th	Sept.
Clear Creek "	Tuesday,	16th	"
Warren "	Wednesday,	17th	"
Union "	Thursday,	18th	"
Rock Creek "	Friday,	19th	"
Salamony "	Saturday,	20th	"
Lancaster "	Monday,	22d	"
Jefferson "	Tuesday,	23d	"
Wayne "	Wednesday,	24th	"
Huntington, "	Thursday,	25th	"

for the purpose of receiving such Taxes. Persons neglecting to attend to the Payment of their Taxes at the time the Treasurer or his Deputy shall attend in the different Townships for the receipt of Taxes, will have to settle the same at his office in the Town of Huntington before the 1st day of January 1846; and upon their failure so to do the Treasurer is compelled to collect the same by distraining and selling property for that purpose.

W. B. LOUGHRIDGE.
Treasurer Huntington County.
June 21st, 1845. 3m 52.

"Truth needs no Boasting."

This is an old and a true saying. What would be the use of calling public attention to any thing, whether in the medical line or otherwise, unless it had stood the test of truth?

THE COMPOUND EXTRACT OF

HOARHOUND CANDY

INVENTED BY

JOHN PEASE & SONS No. 45 Division-Street, New York, bears the experience of FIVE YEARS' use and praise, from all sections of the Union, because it has effected just such cures as its Inventor said it would, therefore, "the truth needs no boasting." When ex-President Jackson, President Tyler, Governor Bouck, Mayor Morris, and other men of their character and standing praise it, it is almost useless for the Proprietors to speak of its merits. Still they feel in duty bound to the afflicted and their friends, to promulgate its virtues as far as possible, in order that the thousands now lingering under disease, may be restored to health.

Pulmonary Complaints. Colds—Hoarseness, Coughs, Whoopingcough, Irritation of the Throat, Croup,—Asthma,	*Liver Complaint, Difficulty of Expectoration, Night Sweats, And all Diseases Leading to Consumption,*

At once yield to its unrivalled vitues,—and the sick are cured!

This compound Candy is compounded from TWENTY-FIVE of the most safe and salutable ingredients, and by its combination if one of these articles should be used separately and afford no relief, in the Compound Extract of Hoarhound they are so amalgamated that the benefit of the WHOLE is experienced in one compound, and still it is so pleasant that any child will eat it.

J PEASE & SONS, 45 Division St N. Y.
For sale by A. B MILLER.
June 28—y. Agent for Ft. Wayne.

SALERATUS, at Wholesale, by
June 17. SMITH & Co.

GROCERIES—An *Eternal* lot for sale at the *Farmers' Depot.* CHITTENDEN.

Saddlers' Hardware.

POLISHED Snaffle and Plain Bits; Stirups; polished, Tinned, and Japanned Buckles; Harness Mountings; Thread, Tacks, &c. &c.
For sale low at the Niagara Store
June 14 A. B. MILLER

Roots! Roots! 10.000 lbs. Wanted,

SINSENG, Seneca Snake, Yellow Paccoon, and Ladies' Slipper wanted at the Farmers Depot. CHITTENEEN.

RAISINS.—A choice lot for sale at the Farmers' Depot. CHITTENDEN.

Valuable real Estate for sale

AT AND NEAR HUNTINGTON, IA.

THE east half north east quarter section 23, town 28, north range 9 east, containing 80 acres, situated 1½ mile from Huntington, on the road to Dayton, via Fort Recovery, 20 acres of which are cleared and fenced.

North, west qr of north east qr of the same section, adjoining said lot

West half south west qr section 31, town 28 north range 10 east, containing 95 24-100 acres, lying adjoining the Wabash River, about three miles from Huntington, with 20 acres deadened.

LOTS No. 18, 19, and 21, containing from 7½ to 9 acres, adjoining the town of Huntington, now in meadow, and well inclosed with a good board fence.

Lot No. 17, near the upper lock, and adjoining said meadow, containing from one to two acres, inclosed with a good board fence.

Lot No. 60, on the canal with a Log Cabin thereon.

A lot situate at the canal bridge, at the lower end of the town, containing from 4 to 5 acres.

Town Lots No 64, 65, and 66, near the last mentioned lot, with a good Stable thereon.

Town Lots No. 63 and 67 with a Dwelling House thereon.

One Town Lot with a valuable two story Store House and Stone Cellar under the same. with two or three acres of land, it being the Store built and formerly occupied by GEORGE A FATE, late of Huntington, deceased.

All of which land and other property was formerly owned by said Fate in his life time, and the land well selected at an early day, and is of a superior quality. The title to the same is good.

The terms will be one-third or one half cash, and a credit of 12 and 18 months on the balance, by giving notes with approved security. For further particulars apply to the subscriber at Fort Wayne.

HENRY COOPER.
June 26th, 1845 1t52

Steamboat for Buffalo,

THE Steam Boat INDIANA, Capt. C. C. RUBY, will leave TOLEDO for BUFFALO regularly as follows, until further notice:

Monday, June 16th,	at 7½	A. M.
Sunday, 22d,	"	"
Saturday, 28th	"	"
Friday, July 4th,	"	"
Thursday, 10th,	"	"
Wednesday, 16th,	"	"
Tuesday, 22d,	"	"
Monday, 28th,	"	"

This well known Steamer will ply regularly between Toledo and Buffalo, making 6 daily trips. For reference enquire of

DR. L. BEECHER,
June 10th, 1845. Fort Wayne.

Good Farms for Sale.

THE undersigned has for sale several valuable FARMS of his own and others in this County, and between this place and Logansport Some of said tracts is large, containing 600 acres of first rate land, with fine springs, and are among the most desireable situations for farming on the Wabash & Erie Canal. They will be sold low for cash.

Enquire of the subscriber at Fort Wayne;
HENRY BROWN, of Huntington;
HUGH HANNA, of Wabash town; or
CHANCY CARTER, of Logansport.
SAMUEL HANNA.
June 4th, 1845. 3m 49

Administrator's Sale.

IN pursuance of an order of the probate Court of Allen County, the undersigned administrator of the estate of Curtis Holgate, deceased, is authorised to sell at PRIVATE SALE the following Real Estate, to wit: Town Lots numbered 13 and 28, on the County Addition to the town of Fort Wayne, lying on and near the East Canal Basin, at the foot of Columbia street

Also, the N.E. qr. sec 10, town 31, north of range 15 east, containing 95 64-100 acres.

Also, 150 acres off of the east side of section 4, town 31, north of range 13 east, lying on the St. Joseph River.

Terms, one-fourth cash, the balance in three equal instalments at 6, 12, and 18 months.

Purchasers will apply to F P. RANDALL, Fort Wayne. WM, C. HOLGATE.

NOTICE.

WILFRED SMITH having purchased the interest of O. Smith & Co. in the firm of Smith & Co. the business will be continued as formerly under the name of

SMITH & Co.
Fort Wayne, May 1, 1845. 51

Still on Hand.

New Goods. at No. 3.

WE are receiving a seasonable stock of New Goods and they will be sold to our customers as low as possible for Cash, or in exchange for almost every kind of Produce, Roots, Hides, Deer Skins, Black Salts, &c. &c.

June 17 SMITH & Co.

FOR SALE.

THE undersigned will sell, on very liberal terms, Lots No. 104 and 105, situated on the corner of Clinton and Washington streets, in the city of Fort Wayne, on which there is a substantial and well-finished frame house, containing 5 rooms, a large hall, kitchen, pantry, closets, &c. and a small but good cellar. There are also on the premises a table, a cement cistern, and a well of excellent water, and a variety of choice fruit trees, grape vines, and shrubbery.

Also, the undivided half of 86 acres of land, situated about half a mile from the city, on the St. Mary's river; and the undivided half of 35 acres of land, about 4 miles from the city, on the St. Mary's river, well timbered and convenient to a saw mill. Also, several lots of choice land in the adjoining counties.

He has the Agency for the sale of forty-three 80 acre lots, in the counties of Allen, Whitley, Dekalb and Noble, which he is authorized to sell very low.

HENRY R. COLERICK.
Fort Wayne, May 10th. 1845. 45tf

To the People of the Country.

"FARMERS' DEPOT."

HAVING *discontinued* my advertisements for a short period, some persons thought it a good opportunity to tell the PEOPLE OF THE COUNTRY that I had *Discontinued Business*—but such story is no "go"

The FARMERS' DEPOT is in the same old wooden store house, second door from Mr Jones' brick block, and is selling (in spite of all opposition and competition) more goods and at lower prices than any similar establishment in Fort Wayne.

June 14, 1845. L S. CHITTENDEN.

Administrator's Notice.

LETTERS of Administration having been granted by the Allen Probate Court, to the undersigned, on the estate of Phebe Hand, late of said county, deceased, all persons indebted to the same are notified to make immediate payment, and those having claims to present them for settlement. The estate is probably so vent.

JOHN HAND, Adm'r.
June 14, 1845. 5t

Administrator's Sale.

THE undersigned, administrator of the estate of Phebe Hand, deceased, will offer at Public Sale on Saturday the 12th July next, at his residence in Eel River township, the personal property of said decedent, consisting of

Household & Kitchen Furniture, Bedding &c.

A credit of four months will be given on all sums over $3 00, the purchaser giving approved security. JOHN HAND, Admr.
June 14.

Our Books must be Settled.

THE Books of THOMPSON & STURGIS are in the hands of Worthington & Hough for settlement. All persons indebted to us are requested to settle their accounts with W. and H. if not by cash they must be closed by note. In consequence of the absence of Doct. Thompson and the engagement of Doct. Sturgis, we are compelled to authorize, Messrs. Worthington and Hough to settle our business.

L. G. THOMPSON,
June 14 C. E. STURGIS

ST. CLAIR MONEY taken for Goods, at 50 cents on the Dollar.
May 31 B. B. MILLER.

Sheriff Sale.

BY virtue of an execution to me directed from the Clerk's office of the Allen Circuit Court, I will offer for sale at the Court House door, in the city of Fort Wayne, between the hours of 10 and 4 o'clock, on the 14th day of July next, Town Lot No. 111, old plat of Fort Wayne.—The rents and profits will first be offered, and if it should fail to satisfy said Execution, I will then offer the fee simple. "Sale to commence at one o'clock P. M." Taken as the property of John Majors to satisfy an execution in favor of Person Spinning.

B. B. STEVENS, Shff. A.C.
June 24, 1845. J P. HEDGES, Deputy

Soda Fountain.

GENTLEMEN & LADIES who can enjoy a cool beverage in these warm summer days will do me a favor by frequently appearing in front of my SODA FOUNTAIN and giving me an invitation to wait upon them.—I have within the last three years availed myself of all the information to be acquired relative to the process of making the BEST SODA WATER and I feel at liberty to express my belief that few if any in the EAST or WEST can make a richer and better article than is now drawn from

Beecher's Soda Fountain.

I hope it will not be thought out of place in me to remark that the LADIES who are fond of GOOD SODA WATER should not be required to endure hours of parching thirst waiting for some "GALLANT" (who may never come) to accompany them to a SODA FOUNTAIN. There is certainly no harm in LADIES drinking SODA WATER and *no nicely "fixed up" idea of propriety* should take from them the privilege to step in and enjoy a cool beverage whenever they desire it. While others are freely partaking of *"good things"* it will give me great pleasure to see the *"Beauty and Fashion"* of the CITY enjoying repeated glasses of the *rich healthy and sparkling "Nectar"*

LEWIS BEECHER.
Fort Wayne, June 24th 1845.

NEW ARRIVAL OF

Stoves, Stoves, Stoves.

B. W. OAKLEY would respectfully return his thanks to his friends and the public for the liberal patronage which has heretofore been tendered him, and takes this occasion to say that he has just received from TROY, N. Y., a

Superior Lot of Cooking Stoves,

of various sizes, which he has no hesitation in saying is one of the very best assortments that has ever appeared in Fort Wayne.

His stock of TIN SHEET IRON, and COPPER is also replenished, and his customers can now be accommodated with any article in his line, *at the very best rates.*

*** Old Pewter, old Copper, and old Brass taken in exchange for Ware.

Fort Wayne, May 16, 1845.

SADDLERY.

A. B. MILLER has just received a splendid lot of SADDLERY which he is enabled to sell 25 per cent lower, than ever before offered in this place. The stock includes some splendid Spanish, Comanche, and Arkansas Saddles; common Do Side Saddles, very neat and cheap. Brass mounted and Japanned Gig Harness: Bridles, all kinds; Collars; Martingales Girths, Surcingles; Carriage, Wagon and Riding Whips, Ivory mounted and plain, &c. &c.—All of the articles are of the best workmanship and materials and will be sold low for cash, ashes, black salts or produce.

June 14.

WYNKOOP & CO's

COMPOUND

TONIC MIXTURE,

A warranted cure for

FEVER & AGUE,

The proprietors of this Medicine, having the greatest confidence in its virtues, have been induced to offer it to the public, with the assurance that it will effect a speedy and permanent cure of that distressing complaint. It is highly recommended, and has been entensively used with distinguished success, in relieving many of those who are suffering under this scourge of our country. This Medicine, when used according to the directions, has never failed of affecting a permanent cure in the most obstinate stage of the disorder. Persons of weak stomach, and children may take it without the least difficulty. It strengthens the stomach and digestive organs, induces an appetite, and seldom requires more than one bottle to effect a cure. It is purely vegetable, and contains nothing injurious to the most delicate constitution.

The proprietors, in order to secure the confidence of the public in the great virtues of this medicine, instead of publishing a long list of certificates, which are often procured for the most *worthless nostrums*—they authorise their agents and all who sell their "TONIC MIXTURE" on their own account, to warrant it in *all cases* to effect a cure when taken according to the directions, or *refund* the *purchase money.*

This Mixture is carefully prepared by WYNKOOP & Co. DRUGGISTS, 62 *Vesey Street, a few doors below the Astor House, New York*—and for sale by the Druggists generally throughout the United States.

N. B. The Label on each Bottle will contain the written signature of the Proprietors

For sale at the Drug Store of
DR. L. BEECHER.
Fort Wayne. June 14. 6m50

All Persons Indebted to me,

ON NOTES & MORTGAGES which are due, are hereby notified and requested to make payment before the first day of July next—if not whole in part. All are expected to pay the interest at least, and something on the principal, and those who are able and responsible are requested to make full payment. No indulgence can or will be given to those who neglect to pay up the interet in cash annually, and the undesigned avails himself of the opportunity of notify all persons interested that unless some payment is made he will in all cases pursue such a remedy as to insure payment in the most speedy manner possible.

SAMUEL HANNA.
Fort Wayne, June 4th, 1845. 4w 49.

Out Lots for Sale.

THE undersigned has laid out about one hundred acres of land into OUT LOTS containing from 5 to 15 acres each, between the St Mary's and the canal, north of Fort Wayne, on the Goshen State Road, which he offers for sale. Terms of Sale—one-fourth in hand, and the balance in yearly payments, with interest. The property offered is beautifully situated, rich and fertile, and well calculated for residences, Gardens, or pastures, and is very desireable.

SAMUEL HANNA.
Fort Wayne, June 4th 1845. 3m 49

Wool Carding.

I am now prepared to card wool at the Old Establishment on the St. Joe River, For some wishing their wool carded, will please, if not convenient to take it up, to leave it at Messrs HANNA & SONS' store, or JOHNS' MILL.

May 20, 1845. 3m H. RUDISILL.

FIRST ARRIVAL.

Ladies' Gaiters, Walking Shoes, &c.

G. BELLAMY is just receiving an assortment of superior city made Ladies' Gaiter Boots, Walking Shoes, &c., of the latest style Also, Ladies half Gaiters, a new and splendid article. Childrens shoes in great variety.

may 3

Spring and Summer GOODS!

HAMILTON & WILLIAMS are now receiving and opening their New Goods, suited to the Spring and Summer. Their stock will be found as general, and their prices as low, as any in Fort Wayne, Cash, or all kinds of Country Produce taken in exchange for goods.

☞ CASH PAID FOR WHEAT at their Mill.

Fort Wayne, May 10th, 1845. 45tf

Millinery & Dress-Making.

MISS WELLS would inform the Ladies of Fort Wayne, and its vicinity, that she has returned with the Latest Eastern FASHIONS, and a general assortment of

MILLINERY GOODS.

She tenders her sincere acknowledgements for the former liberal patronage received, and feels assured from past experience that she can still continue to give good satisfaction. All kinds of

Bonnets, Caps, Artificial Flowers, &c. &c.,

kept constantly on hand, and made to order.—Leghorn and Straw Hats repaired in the neatest style. DRESS-MAKING attended to as usual, and New Fashions received every month.

Artificial Flowers of the latest French and English patterns made on the shortest notice.—Country Milliners can be supplied with them as cheap as they can be purchased in New York or any of the Eastern cities.

Store on Columbia street, opposite A. B. Miller's.

May 29th, 1855.

STRAYED,

ON the 17th inst. from four miles east of Fort Wayne, a BAY MARE, 17 or 18 hands high, 8 or 9 years old, with a large blaze on the forehead; had on a small bell, and has the ring bone on the right fore foot. FIVE DOLLAR reward will be paid to any one giving information where she is, or TEN DOLLARS for her delivery to me.

May 30. WILLIAM HENDERSON.

FIRST ARRIVAL.

Hats! Hats!

Spring Fashions for 1845.

J. W. McLANE has just returned from the East, and brought with him a few cases of superior HATS of the SPRING FASHION, among which may be found Beaver, Nutria, Castimer, Brush and Muskrat fur, and Leghorn and Detroit straw—all of the best quality. He has also got a good assortment of Caps. To cut the story short, all who want a good fresh and fashionable article, will find it at the old stand of the BIG HAT.

Fort Wayne, May 10th, 1845. 45tf

BLANK DEEDS,

And other forms for sale here.

PAINTS—Paints of all kinds, copal and Japan Varnish, and Spirits of Turpentine for sale at Beecher's Drug store. Nov. 4.

SHAWLS.—A splendid assortment, embracing all qualities and prices.

A. B MILLER

2000 LBS. SMOKED SHOULDERS, just received on consignment, by
ap 5 S. HANNA & SON.

DR SHERMAN'S

Medicated Lozenges.

Wholesale & Retail at A. B MILLER'S *Ft. Wayne.*

THIS is the most pleasant and agreeable way of taking medicine, particularly for children, as all the nauseousness is obviated and active properties of the medicine highly concentrated. Care should be taken to keep an idea of medicine from the patient, particularly children, and to impress upon them the idea of their taking some delicate confection. All of Dr Sherman's articles will have a fac simile of his name accompanying them, without which none can be genuine.

Sherman's Cough Lozenges.

Are the safest, most sure and effectual remedy for Coughs, Colds, Consumptions, Whooping Cough, Asthma, Tightness of the Lungs or Chest, &c &c. The proprietor has never known an instance where they did not give perfect satisfaction. Several thousand boxes have been sold within the last year, restoring to health persons in almost every stage of consumption, and those laboring under the most distressing colds and coughs.

Over 3,000 persons have given their names within the last year as a reference of the wonderful virtues of these Cough Lozenges. They cure all recent cases in a few hours, seldom requiring more than one day to entirely eradicate the most distressing ones. Price 25 cents a box.

WORM LOZENGES,

Proved in more than four hundred thousand cases to be infallible the only certain worm destroying medicine ever discovered Many diseases arise from worms and occasion long and intense suffering and even death, without their ever being suspected; grown persons are very often afflicted with them and are doctored for various complaints, without any benefit; when one dose of these Lozenges would speedily cure them. Price 25 cents a box.

CAMPHOR LOZENGES

Give immediate relief in Nervous or sick Headache, palpitation of the heart, lowness of spirits, despondency, inflammatory, or peutral sore throat, bowel or summer complaint, fainting, oppression or a sense of sinking of the chest, cholic, spasms, cramps of the stomach or bowels, hysterical affections and all nervous cholera or cholera morbus, diarrhœa, Institude, or a sense of fatigue. Price 25 cents a box.

Fever and Ague Lozenges

Are offered to the public with the greatest confidence in their perfect adaption to the cure of the Intermittent Fever, or as commonly called, Fever and Ague, which has so long been the scourge of the West.

They are far superior to Quinine or Bark, and do not leave the patient with such derangements of the liver and constitution, as is too often the case with either of those articles.

The chill will not return after being broken, as it usually does with other remedies. The experience of years has fully tested the efficacy of this remedy. Several of our oldest and most distinguished physicians have used it in their practice, and no medicine has ever been so uniformly successful.

Dr. C. B. Zabriskie, of New Jersey has used this remedy for ten years in several hundred cases, and always curing in a few days: and the disease never returning, as it usually does when broken by other medicines.

The Rev Mr. Moffat in his travels has known many instances of the Fever and Ague Lozenges curing the most obstinate cases, where the skill of the ablest physicians availed nothing. Price $1 a box.

SODA LOZENGES.

Two or three taken at once will cure the heart burn in five minutes; taken before dinner will promote digestion.

SHERMAN'S POOR MAN'S PLASTER.

The best strengthening plaster in the world and a sovereign remedy for pains, or weakness in the back, loins, side, breast, neck, limbs, joints, rheumatism, lumbago, &c. &c. One million a year will not supply the demand. Price only 12½ cents. Sold in Fort Wayne by

49 y. A. B. MILLER, Agent.

A WORLD OF WONDER.

WHILE THE

Mighty Falls of Niagara---Cataracts of all sizes and dimensions---Earthquakes --- Tornadoes, and Volcanic Mountains in awful grandeur

CALL forth the admiration and excite the astonishment of a wondering world—I cannot but indulge a faint hope that at least a small portion of mankind may be for a little time diverted from the contemplation of such MIGHTY THINGS and have their attention directed to SMALLER MATTERS—such matters as pertain to their daily comfort, are calculated to preserve health, to prolong life, to heal the sick; and to supply most of their temporal wants Entertaining these views, I respectfully take leave to say, that

Drugs, Medicines, Paints, Oils, Dye Woods, Dye Stuffs, Chemicals, Perfumery

FAMILY GROCERIES,

and PURE BRANDY and WINE for MEDICAL PURPOSES, do not exist among the "WONDERS OF THE WORLD," and need not be sought after in the

Foaming Waters of Niagara—in the Mighty Rushing Winds—in the Jaws of an Earthquake—nor in the Fiery Craters of Volcanic Mountains.

They may all be had at far less trouble and expense. Nothing more is necessary than merely to direct your attention to

BEECHER'S DRUG STORE,

Situate two doors east of the PRINTING OFFICE, north side of *Columbia street, Fort Wayne, In.*—Here my old customers and others will find a full assortment of all articles usually kept in any Drug Store in the United States. They have just been purchased at the *Lowest* EASTERN and will be sold at the *Lowest* WESTERN PRICES. All articles of Medicine sold by me are warranted GENUINE. I sell goods for small profit and prompt pay. The payment can be made either in CASH,

Ginseng, Seneka Snake Root, Beeswax, or any kind of Country Produce, convertible into Cash.

It will give me great pleasure at all times to satisfy my customers, yet I am compelled to say that NO CREDIT can be given to such as have had *small accommodations* heretofore, on time of their own asking, and then failed to meet their engagements. I trust such customers will not think me unkind in thus *gently* alluding to the fact that my goods are always "*worth what they cost,*" and are of much more value to *me* than *Promises to Pay.* Perhaps they may not ask me for further favors while they are able to get credit any where else. To all other customers who have favored me with their patronage, I respectfully acknowledge my obligations, and I shall always be pleased to wait upon them to any article they wish to purchase.

I have now on hand a SUPERIOR STOCK of GOODS, and am able to supply

Physicians, Painters, Dyers, and Country Merchants

with any quantity they want at

Wholesale or Retail

And no effort of mine will be wanting to transact business on such *fair and honorable principles* as will give *entire satisfaction to all good customers*

With this "SHORT MANIFESTO," I remain, now as ever, in the enjoyment of a comfortable indifference to those whom it is impossible to please, while I am the ready and obedient servant of ALL OTHERS. Very respectfully, &c.

LEWIS BEECHER.

Fort Wayne, June 17, 1845.

THE

MIGHTY FALLS OF NIAGARA

Afford a sublime spectacle for the contemplation of the admirers of the wonderful works of nature;—But

The Tremendous Fall in Prices

OF ALL KINDS OF GOODS, AT

A. B. MILLER'S CHEAP STORE,

Must be witnessed to be properly appreciated, and affords a far more astonishing and attractive subject to those who wish to buy a

Large lot of Goods with a Little Money!

A. B. MILLER is now receiving his spring and summer supply of NEW GOODS, which having been laid in with a view to accommodate all classes of customers, will be found to embrace every variety of articles, from the finest and most fanciful to the stoutest and most durable; and the whole are offered at such low prices as must ensure their ready sale, and give entire satisfaction to the purchaser. All who want goods of any description are invited to call, and they cannot fail to be accommodated, as the stock includes every thing the wants of the country demand, and the prices are so low that all can purchase, and may get more with the little money they now have than they formerly could with their pockets full.

The new arrivals include well assorted stocks of

Dry Goods, Groceries, Glassware, Queensware Iron, Nails, Glass, Paints, &c.

In the Dry Goods line will be found the most splendid lot of Calicoes, Mackinaw Linens, and pieces ever brought to the place, and at greatly reduced prices. Broadcloths, Satinets, Jean Drillings, Vestings, and every kind of Summer Wear; Shirtings and Sheeting, &c. Also,

A great variety of Ladies' Fancy Goods,

such as Lawns, Balzarines, Silks, Dress Handkerchiefs, Scarfs, Shawls, &c. Veils, Ribbons, Laces, Edgings, Insertings, Gimps, Artificials, Jaconettes, Swiss and Mull Muslins, &c. Parasols and sun shades, all qualities and prices, from 38c up; Fans; Leghorn, silk, lawn, straw, and willow Bonnets, half the price usually charged, City made Gaiters, Shoes, and Slippers; children's do. do. all qualities; besides an endless variety of other articles, which it would take up the whole paper to enumerate.

Gentlemen's leghorn, palm, drab summer, and fur HATS of superior quality and latest style, BOOTS, Shoes, and Brogans, every sort from the finest calf to the stoutest double sole cowhide—cheap.

Among the CROCKERY are some beautiful tea and Dinner Sets, of the latest styles, and much cheaper than ever before offered here; cups and saucers, plates and dishes, bowls and pitchers, &c.

The GROCERIES have been laid in with great care, and will be found particularly worthy the attention of all who delight in a really good article The Teas, Coffees, Sugars, &c. are for superior to any ever offered at the same prices.

Besides the usual assortment of Hardware, he has a lot of HOLLOW WARE, pots, kettles, griddles, spiders, &c. remarkably light, smooth, and well finished.

Perfumery, Drugs, Medicines, Dye Stuffs, &c.

Having obtained the Agency of several of the most celebrated and valuable PATENT MEDICINES, he can supply country dealers on the same terms as they could procure of the manufacturers—Dr. Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry, Moffatt's Life Pills and Phœnix bitters, Sand's Sarsaparilla, Sherman's Lozenges, Dalley's Magical Pain Extractor, Perse's Candy, &c.

Ashes, Black Salts, Ginseng, Seneca Snake Root, Hides, Butter, Eggs, Tallow, and all kinds of PRODUCE taken at their highest value for Goods at Cash Prices.

Fort Wayne, May 31, 1845.

NEW GOODS.

HAMILTON & WILLIAMS are now receiving their NEW STOCK of GOODS, a large and general assortment, including almost every article needed in Town or Country, all of which they will sell as low as can be found in the market.

Their Stock embraces every variety of

Staple and Fancy Dry Goods:

Among which are Broad Cloths, Cassimeres, Satinets, Kentucky Jeans, Tweeds, Flannels, Linings, Alpacas, Muslins, Laces, every variety of Ladies' new style; Heavy Sheetings, Wicking Batting, Cotton Yarn, long and short Reels. ALSO—

Family Groceries,

at reduced prices; very good Rio Coffee at 10 cts per pound at retail, and lower by the bag; Teas, Sugars, Molasses, Rice, Indigo, Saleratus, Pepper, Spice, Madder, Cavendish and Common Tobacco, Raisins, Mackerel, Codfish, &c. &c., at corresponding low prices. ALSO—

*Crockery and Glass Ware, a general assortment; Also, Boots & Shoes, direct from the Manufacturers; Also

DR. FOLGER'S OLOSAONIAN,

OR

ALL-HEALING BALSAM.

THE Proprietor of this remedy, in offering it to the public, is actuated by a desire to benefit his fellow beings. From the commencement of his practice in the year 1823 his attention has been particularly directed to the various diseases which affect the Chest—he has watched their progress day by day—he has made trial through a series of years of the various remedies recommended by different reputable members of the faculty upon those who have applied to him for Medical advice, and is now able to form a correct opinion, not only of the virtues of the remedies commonly prescribed in such ailments, but also of the curability of the complaints for which the Olosaonian, is recommended. He has paid the most unwearied attention, during his time to the numerous diseases of the Lungs, in connection with the Liver and Digestion Organs, and has fully investigated the causes which lead to a fatal termination in the above mentioned diseases, and which may be attributed, in a great measure, to the treatment pursued in the early stages of the same.

The frequent solicitations of those who have been signally benefitted by this remedy have induced the proprietor to bring it before the public. He knows, from much experience, that Consumption is a disease which requires all the attention which can be bestowed upon it, and all the art which a well-informed practitioner of medicine can possibly bring to bear upon that complaint. He has been fully pursuaded that the course of treatment commonly pursued will generally lead to fatal results, and it is this conviction which has led him to labor diligently, with a view, if possible, to discover the proper means whereby health may be restored, and the Destroyer of the fair, the young, the beautiful be overcome. The cures which it has already performed shows that he is not offering a medicine which is worthless, or seeking after a reputation for having discovered a remedy to which he is not justly entitled. It has been used with the most astonishing success when all other means had apparently failed. It has given sweet slumber and repose to those whose rest has been broken by a tiresome and a tedious cough, it has allayed the Pain in the Chest consequent upon the same, and has, in numberless instances, overcome those dreadful symptoms which are often regarded as the precursors of Death viz, the tic Fever and night sweats. It exerts a most salutary influence upon the Diseases of the Digestive Organs, as Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint, and the Consumption, when all other remedies made use of, not excepting the Blue Pill, seemed to aggravate the complaint. It is an effectual remedy in Asthma of long standing, especially in that kind which is denominated Periodical or Spasmodic; in fact, wherever persons are found who may be affected with Coughs, Colds, Spitting of Blood, Inflammation of the Lungs, Croup, Difficulty of Breathing, Asthma, Bronchitis, Soreness and Pain in the Chest, Dyspepsia, and Derangements of the Liver this medicine will be found invaluable remedy.

THE PEOPLE.

Dear Sir—A year or upwards, or *All Heal*ing Balsam has been in use in this place, during which time it has performed wonders for me when I first began to use it I was very ill and felt that I was rapidly approaching my end, I cannot feel satisfied without giving you a testimonial in its favor for the benefit of those who may be suffering as I have suffered.

In the early part of last summer I took a severe Cold, while on Long Island. Previous to this I had suffered very much in consequence of long continued exposure, both by night and by day, and I coughed a great deal, but did not think so much of my cough, or other symptoms. But while I was on Long Island I was obliged to walk several miles in haste, and at the end of my walk found myself in a profuse perspiration. Being very tired and overheated, I pulled off my coat and sat down in the draught, and remained thus exposed for two or three hours. I slept there that night. On awaking the next morning, I could scarcely move. I felt pains in every part of my body, and was very stiff. I had a severe pain in my side, and could scarcely breathe. The usual remedies were made use of—I got a little better and towards the month of June was able again to be about. I was at this time very weak, and my Cough almost raked me to pieces. I continued my business as long as I could, but grew worse so fast, that about the last of July I was obliged to give up entirely. My Cough had increased wonderfully, so that, on the least exercise, became entirely exhausted with it. I raised a great deal of Matter from my Lungs, and had a constant Pain in my left Side. My Breathing was so short and quick that I could not move about, and was obliged to sit at home altogether. I had some Fever in the middle of the day, but at night it was burning hot, and left me towards three o'clock in the morning covered with a profuse cold Perspiration, which made me so weak that I had to soon take to my bed. I had lost my appetite, and felt myself sinking very fast. I applied to several Physicians— they gave me different medicines, but all told me I had the Consumption, and they could not do me any good. I was in this situation when I heard of your medicine, and was persuaded upon to try it. The very first week while using it I was relieved from my Cough and Shortness of Breat, and I felt encouraged to believe that, by persevering in its use, my other ailments would give way. In this hope I was not disappointed, for in a few more days the matter which I raised began to change its appearance, the pain in my side was less, and I began to get a little appetite. In about 3 weeks from the commencement of using your medicine, my night Sweats had left me, my appetite was restored all my bad symptoms had gone away, and at this time I am gaining my flesh, my appetite is good, and I have no doubt that in a short time I shall be perfectly well, I am now about my usual business, and am strong again. Hoping you will not fail to make known the virtues of your Wonderful Remedy, for such I really believe it to be. I am, dear sir, yours, &c.,

GEORGE HAYES.

DR. FOLGER, N. Y. Jan. 30, 1845.

Dear Sir.—Your OLOSAONIAN has performed a Remarkable Cure in my family. My mother-in law has been afflicted for years with Asthma, and had received but little benefit from the various remedies recommended to her until she tried your Balsam. A few doses entirely cured her, and there have been no recurrence of the disease since. I also used it myself for a severe Cough, and gave some to my children, and in every instance with the best results, curing all of them in few hours. The remainder of the bottle I gave to one of our first Physicians, who was becoming alarmed at the continuance of a very troublesome Cold and Cough that threatened to lead to consumption. The half bottle entirely cured him. A medicine so uniformly successful should be known and possessed by all.

Dent st, 281 Broadway. Yours, &c.

A. C. CASTLE M. D.

The OLOSAONIAN has been administered with great effect at the "*Home for Sailors*" in Pearl Streets, under the direction of Captan Gelston. In every case of severe Cough where it was used produced an immediate cure, and in the various diseases of the Lungs, where trial was made it has proved itself to be worthy of the reputation which it bears as an "All Healing Balsam," for it cures where all other medicines seem to fail.

The Institution for Aged Indigent Females, and most of our other charitable institutions, have also used it with decided success in Asthma and Consumptive diseases. While other remedies Constipate the Bowels, and thus render it necessary to make use of Cathartic Medicine—by which means the good effect are in a measure destroyed and great debility produced—this remedy is free from those objections, as under its use the Bowels are free. And the curative properties are such that it has not in a single instance been known to fail.

The Proprietor would urge upon the purchaser not to be deceived, as there are many remedies offered for the cure of Diseases of the Lungs, which may be forced upon them instead of the one here recommended. The name of *Dr. Folger's Olosaonian, or All-Healing Balsam* has been given to it to distinguish it from like remedies, and it is hoped that they will not allow any person to put them off with any other medicine when they wish to purchase the one above described.

Price only One Dollar per bottle.

A. B. MILLER,
y—49 Agent, Fort Wayne.

IRON & NAILS,—Comprising a complete assortment of Band Iron, Sheet Iron, Round and Square do.; Spike, Stake, and Horseshoe Iron and Nail Rods; and all sizes of cut and wrought Nails and Spikes, for sale by

PETER P. BAILEY,
At the "New York Hardware Store."

CLOTHS AND CASSIMERES.—A new stock just received by

HAMILTON & WILLIAMS.

CASH FOR WHEAT—At Hamilton and Williams' New Store, Corner of Clinton and Columbia Streets.

EASTERN SOLE LEATHER—Of the best quality, just received and for sale by

HAMILTON & WILLIAMS.

BROWN SHEETING.—A large stock offered very little above New York prices, by

HAMILTON & WILLIAMS.

Look Here!

"The Dutch have taken Holland."

THERE is now no doubt that eventually the south east part of Allen county, Indiana, will be settled by Germans. Therefore Emigrants from Germany are invited to view the Lands in Madison and Jefferson townships, where the frightened Yankees are ready to sell their Land and Improvements very low. A lot of 80 acres, considerably improved, known as the N. W. half of the N. W. quarter, of sec. 33, town 30, in Jefferson, is one of the cheapest offered. For terms inquire at the Sentinel office.

Zu Einwanderers!!

Es sind 80 Acker sehr gutes Land zu verkaufen. Es liegt in Jefferson township, 24 Acker sind unverarbeitet. Der Verkaufer bietet es zu einem billigen Preise an. Sollte sich einer melden um Land zu kauffen so lasz er sich doch nach dem obenerwahnten erkundigen: Welches er in die Sentinel Office gewhar werden kann.

Printing Materials

WANTED.—Any person owning Printing Press, Types, &c. (not more than half worn,) suitable for publishing a Village Newspaper, worth from 4 to $500, and willing to trade such unprofitable property for a valuable piece of land increasing in value, and lying in this county within five miles of the canal, are requested to address J. S. I., Sentinel Office, Fort Wayne, In

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FARMING LANDS
For Sale.

THE subscriber wii give particular attention to sales of Lands, payment of Taxes, and all other matters pertaining to the business of a

General Land Agency

for Northern Indiana. He now, as Agent for the owners, offers for sale valuable lands in Northern Indiana, viz:—in

Elkhart co.	11,508 acres.	Wabash,	160
Steuben,	710	Miami,	1128
Noble,	160	Cass,	735
Wells,	560	Fulton,	722
Clinton,	598	Marshall,	640

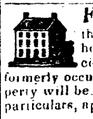
Also, for sale, 5000 acres in Michigan.

Terms of sale will be made favorable to purchasers.

For particulars, apply to the subscriber by letter, (post paid,) or at his office in Mason's building, corner of Columbia and Calhoun streets, Fort Wayne, Indiana.

JOSEPH K. EDGERTON.

Fort Wayne, March 8th, 1845. 36—



For Sale or To Rent,

the pleasantly situated and convenient house and lot, 60 by 150 feet, at the corner of Lewis and Monroe streets, formerly occupied by T J. Wallace The property will be sold, or rented ow. For terms and particulars, apply at the office of the subscriber

JOSEPH K. EDGERTON.

March 8th, 1845. 36—

Leather.

A FEW TONS first rate Spanish and Eastern Sole and Upper Leather already received, and more coming, will be sold remarkably low. may 3 L. G. BELLAMY.

Miss Paul's
FASHIONABLE
MILLINERY
BERRY STREET,
[Opposite the Market House.]
Fort Wayne,
INDIANA.

MISS PAUL respectfully informs the customers of her late mother, and the Ladies of Fort Wayne in general, that she intends to continue the business in the house formerly occupied by Rev. Mr. Rankin, opposite the Market house, where she will be happy to receive the calls of their old friends.

She will turn, clean and alter Straw and Leghorn Hats and Bonnets in the neatest style. Having a Patent Bonnet Press she can do them in a superior manner. She also keeps on hand and makes to order SILK BONNETS, CAPS, &c. of the latest fashion.

April 25th, 1845. 40—tf

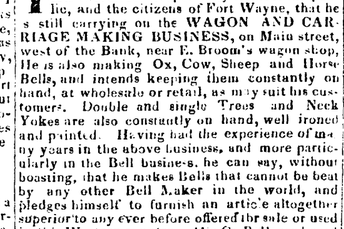
Wagon and Carriage Making, &c.

THE subscriber respectfully informs the public, and the citizens of Fort Wayne, that he still carrying on the WAGON AND CARRIAGE MAKING BUSINESS, on Main street, west of the Bank, near E. Broom's wagon shop. He is also making Ox, Cow, Sheep and Horse Bells, and intends keeping them constantly on hand, at wholesale or retail, as may suit his customers. Double and single Trees and Neck Yokes are also constantly on hand, well ironed and painted. Having had the experience of many years in the above business, and more particularly in the Bell business, he can say, without boasting, that he makes Bells that cannot be beat by any other Bell Maker in the world, and pledges himself to furnish an article altogether superior to any ever before offered for sale or used in this Western country. His Ox Bells are heard in good weather, from six to eight miles—small er ones in proportion. He will repair old broken Bells, and make them as good, and oftentimes better, than they were before they were broken. The above articles can always be had at the Shop, or at the New York Hardware Store, on Columbia street, kept now by Mr. P. P. Bailey. He will take in exchange for any article in his line, copper, brass, lumber, butter, cheese, all kinds of grain, cattle, pork, beef, sugar, and Store Goods, but must have some money. He does not mean to undersell every body! On the contrary, he intends to have the highest price, but give the best bargains at that. His motto is, go ahead, mind his own business only, and hopes by so doing to merit the patronage of all well disposed business men.

He returns sincere thanks for the unexpected liberal patronage he has received, and asks the forgiveness of all those brother mechanics on whose toes he may have trod very hard; and would only say—spare his life and let him work hard, and do all the good he can a little longer. He wants to stay here in Fort Wayne, if he behaves himself right well.

WILLIAM COUNTRYMAN.

Fort Wayne, May 17th, 1845. 46—tf



Ornamental Trees,
Shrubbery and Splendid Dahlias,

JUST RECEIVED from the celebrated Garden of the Messrs. Prince & Co., Long Island, New York, and now offered for sale by the subscriber, at his Garden one mile north of the city of Fort Wayne, on the St. Joseph river, near Johns' Mill.

HENRY GOERKE.

April 19th, 1845. 42—3*

Cash for Wheat.

FAIRFIELD & FREEMAN will pay cash at all times for any quantity of Wheat delivered at their Mill on the St. Mary's, about one mile south west of Fort Wayne

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HAMILTON & WILLIAMS,
Forwarding & Commission
MERCHANTS,
DEALERS IN
Staple and Fancy Dry Goods,

GROCERIES, IRON, STEEL, NAILS, GLASS, FLOUR, SALT, FISH, BUTTER, CHEESE, LARD, POT AND PEARL ASHES, & PRODUCE GENERALLY.

☞ Cash paid for Wheat. ☜
Corner of Columbia and Clinton streets, opposite City Mills.

Fort Wayne, May 10th, 1845. 45—tf

Storage. Advances Made.

I am now prepared to advance on Furs, Beeswax, Ginseng, Flour, Wheat, Pot and Pearl Ashes, and all kinds of Produce to ship East, to the amount of Fifty Thousand Dollars—the advance made in Cash the moment the Produce is deposited at my Warehouse.

Aug. 24, 1844. THOS. HAMILTON.

REFER TO:
Spofford, Tileson & Co.
John Steward, Jr., & Co. } New York.
Suydam, Sage & Co.
Hoes & Powers,

Coughs, Colds, Consumptions, &c.

IMPORTANT TO ALL THOSE AFFLICTED WITH DISEASES OF THE BREAST AND LUNGS.

Seven Thousand Cases of obstinate Pulmonary Complaints cured in One Year!!

WISTAR'S
Balsam of Wild Cherry,
THE GREAT AMERICAN REMEDY

For Lung Complaints, and all Affections of the Respiratory Organs.

We do not wish to trifle with the lives or health of the afflicted, and we sincerely pledge ourselves to make no assertions as to the virtues of this medicine, and to hold out no hope to suffering humanity which fact, will not warrant.

We ask the attention of the candid to a few considerations.

Nature, in every part of her works, has left indelible marks of adaptation and design.

The constitution of the animals and vegetables of the torrid, are such that they could not endure the cold of the friged zone, and vice versa.

In regard to disease and its cure, the adaptation is not less striking.

The *Moss of Iceland*, the *Wild Cherry* and *Pine* of all Northern latitudes (and "Dr. Wistar's Balsam," is a compound chemical extract from these) have long been celebrated for complaints prevalent only in cold climates.—Indeed the most distinguished medical men have averred that nature furnishes in every country antidotes for its own peculiar diseases.

CONSUMPTION in its confirmed and incipient stages, *Coughs, Asthma, Croup* and *Liver Complaint*, form by far the most fatal class of diseases known to our land. Yet even these may be cured by means of the simple yet *powerful* remedy (named above) and which are scattered, by a beneficent Providence, wherever these maladies prevail.

☞ The case of THOMAS COZENS, of Haddonfield, N. J., is related by himself; and that all may know its ENTIRE TRUTH, the statement is sworn to before a Justice of the Peace.

HADDONFIELD, N. J., April 20, 1843.

On or about the 13th day of Dec., 1841, I was taken with a violent pain in the side near the Liver which continued for about five days, and was followed by the breaking of an ulcer, or something inwardly, which relieved the pain a little, but caused me to throw up a great quantity of offensive matter and also much blood. Being greatly alarmed at this, I applied to a physician but he said he thought he could do but little for me except give me some mercury pills, which I refused to take, feeling satisfied they could do me no good; many other remedies were then procured by my wife and friends and none did me any good, and the DISCHARGE OF BLOOD AND CORRUPTION still continued every few days, and at last became so offensive I could scarcely breathe I was also seized with a violent cough, which at times caused me to raise much more blood than I had done before, and my disease continued in this way, still growing worse until February when all hope of my recovery was given up, and my friends all thought I would die with a GALLOPING CONSUMPTION. At this moment when my life was apparently drawing near to a close, I heard of *Dr Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry*, and got a bottle, which relieved me immediately, and by the use of only three bottles of this medicine, all my pains were removed, my cough and spitting of blood and corruption entirely stopped and in a few weeks my health was so far restored as to enable me to work at my trade, (which is a Carpenter) and up to this time I have enjoyed good health.

WITNESS:—I am acquainted with Mr. Thomas Cozens, and having seen him during his illness, I think the above statement entitled to full credit.

SAMUEL H. BURROUGHS.

Gloucester County, SS

Personally came before me, the subscriber, one of the Justices of the Peace in and for the said county, Thomas Cozens, and being fully affirmed according to law, saith the above statement in all things is true.

THOMAS COZENS.

Affirmed before me the 20th day of April, 1843 } J. CLEMENT.

☞ We publish no fictitious statements.

☞ *Another remarkable instance of the curative properties of Dr. Wistar's Balsam. This case is reported to us by Messrs. Joslin & Rowe, highly respectable Druggists and Physicians, Newark, Ohio.*

BURLINGTON, Licking co., O., Dec., 1, 1843

Messrs. Joslin & Rowe:—About five years ago, Mrs. Wimer was attacked with a violent cough, pain in the chest and side, and symptoms of approaching consumption. During the interval from that time to some time in February last, she has been treated by eminent Physicians with only partial relief of the most urgent symptoms. About one year ago she caught a most violent cold, which seated upon the lungs producing an alarming aggravation of all her previous symptoms. Her physician was sent for and despite his best efforts, she began rapidly to sink under this disease. Cough, Expectoration Hectic, together with night sweats, soon reduced her to a complete skeleton. In February last her attending Physician, deeming her case altogether hopeless, a council was called and later deliberating upon her case unanimously pronounced her to be beyond the reach of means and expressed their opinion that she could survive but a short time, one or two weeks at farthest. She was at this time entirely confined to her bed, and scarcely able to articulate, except in a whisper. Her daily paroxysms of coughing would last her uninterruptedly from 3 to 5 hours, and so severe were they, that we did expect that every paroxysm would be her last. It was at this last extremity that we happened to obtain a pamphlet, describing Dr. Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry as applicable to lung affections. I immediately sent to you and procured a bottle and commenced its use at evening by giving her one teaspoon full, and such was its ultimate effect, that after taking five bottles she was, contrary to the expectations of her physicians, and every one who saw her, entirely restored to health; and since last summer, has done the entire work of her family. After the last attack of Mrs. Wimer, our youngest child, then an infant at the breast, was taken down, and rapidly sinking with the same symptoms as its mother, and seeing the happy effect of the Balsam in the case of the mother, we were disposed to make trial of it for the child, and it was attended with the same perfect success.

The above statement can be attested by our physicians as well as our neighbors and acquaintances, who saw Mrs. Wimer during her illness.

Very truly, yours, &c.,

JOHN WIMER

☞ "WISTAR'S BALSAM" is sold at $1 per bottle, or six bottles for $5. Sold in Cincinnati at the corner of of Fourth and Walnut sts, by

SANFORD & PARK,
Agents for the West.

Also sold in Fort Wayne by,

DR. L. BEECHER,

BLANK DEEDS—Neatly printed with new type on superfine paper, for sale at this office. Aug. 31, 1844.

Canvassed Sugar-Cured Hams.

HAMILTON and Williams have just received from Lafayette, 300 CANVASSED HAMS, put up in style far superior to any in this market, expressly for family use.

Families and Hotel keepers who are not supplied will do well to furnish their tables from our Warehouse while they last.

April 17th, 1845.

Furs and Peltries.

THE HIGHEST Market PRICE paid in CASH for all kinds of Furs and Peltries, at Taylor's New Warehouse, on the Canal, by

Dec. 28 WM. S. EDSALL.

HARDWARE.—A general assortment, selling off extremely low.

A. B. MILLER.

KENTUCKY JEANS, SATINETT AND TWEEDS.—Just received and for sale by

HAMILTON & WILLIAMS.

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500 BUSHELS of Corn for sale by C. A. GREY.

American House,
(ON THE PUBLIC SQUARE,)
FORT WAYNE, INDIANA.

LYSANDER WILLIAMS informs his friends and the travelling community that he has taken the above well known and commodious house, and is now prepared to entertain guests. Neither pains nor expense will be spared to make this house worthy the patronage of the public, and to give satisfaction to all who may call. His Table and Bar will always be furnished with the best the country affords, and every exertion used to promote and ensure the comfort and accommodation of his guests. As his charges will be moderate, he hopes to receive a share of the patronage of a liberal and discerning public.

*** *Good Stabling with careful Hostlers and plenty of Feed.*

March 13, 1845. y37

Tress Hoop Manufactory
IN FORT WAYNE.

J. HOWE informs the Coopers of Northern Indiana that he has commenced the manufacture of TRESS HOOPS at the Machine Shop in the rear of the City Mills. All persons wanting the article would do well to give him a call, as he warrants his Hoops to be equal, if not superior, to any brought from the East. He asks no "protection," nor does he wish to have an entire monopoly of the market; neither does he ask that articles in his line made elsewhere should have a heavy duty imposed on them that they might be sold the cheaper; but he hopes all friends of domestic industry will give a preference to home-made articles, when, as in this case, they are better and cheaper than the imported.

Orders from a distance supplied at short notice, and a liberal discount made to dealers.

WANTED,—Any quantity of but cuts of thrifty Black Young Hickory, from 6 to 12 inches through, eight feet long, and free from knots or curls. A liberal price paid on delivery.

All kinds of Produce taken in exchange for Hoops. Oct. 12, 1844.—y15

Splendid and Fashionable

Furniture & Chairs!

B. H. POWER, informs the public that he is now carrying on the Cabinet and Chair making business in all its various branches. His Furniture and Chairs he warrants to be as well made and will sell as cheap as any other establishment in the country. He keeps on hand or will make to order all kinds of Rocking and WINDSOR CHAIRS, SIDE-BOARDS, BUREAUX, Bedstead and Cradles, Work Stands, Tables, &c. &c.

D. T. especially invites the attention of the newly married, and those who intend to enter the matrimonial state to his warerooms, where they may find very article in his line which they may need either in commencing housekeeping or afterwards.

The public is invited to call at his ware-room no Columbia Street, one door east of Bellamy's Shoe Shop, and inspect some splendid Side boards Sofas, Dressing Bureaus, and Mahogany Chairs

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City Mill Flour.

FRESH FLOUR, *Middlings, Bran, and Corn Meal* kept constantly for sale at the City Mills, for cash only.

Oct. 19. HAMILTON & WILLIAMS.

THE following goods just received and for sale:—Roller Ends and Pullies for Window Curtains, a few setts Brass Buggy Bands, Brass Escutcheon Pins, Razor Hones, Carriage and Tack Hammers, Carriage and Buggy Lace. Apply at P. P. BAILEY'S

Sept. 21, 1844. Hardware Store

FOR SALE,

20 Feet on Columbia street, and on the Canal, being immediately west of S. Hanna's new brick block on corner of Barr and Columbia streets Apply to

March 14. G. JOHNSON.

Marble Tomb Stones.

THE subscriber has now and intends keeping on hand a supply of marble for Tomb Stones, &c., which he will engrave to order in a superior style, and as low as they can be had in the east, adding transpotation.

Orders from a distance promptly attended to.

JAMES HUMPHREY.

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100 IRON TEA KETTLES for sale *cheap*. Also, I cask Ox and Log CHAINS P. P. BAILEY.

NEW AND

RIFLE GUN
MANUFACTORY.

THE subscriber returns thanks for the liberal patronage he has received since he commenced business in Fort Wayne, and informs his customers that he has removed to Clinton street, one door south of A B Miller's store, where he will always have on hand an assortment of

GUNS, RIFLES, PISTOLS,

and a quantity of *Rifle Barrels*, wholesale and retail, at eastern prices.

All kinds of repairing will be punctually attended to and done in the best manner, *cheaper than ever*, and warranted All kinds of PRODUCE will be taken for work. The community will find it to their great advantage to give me a call.

WILLIAM IBA,
from Lancaster, Pa.

Bacon.

7000 LBS. finely cured Bacon Hams
6000 do do Shoulders
3000 do do Sides

At my Smoke House next door to the Register's Office, for sale by

WM. S. EDSALL.

Fort Wayne, Feb. 22d, 1845. 34

Boots and Shoes.

L. G. BELLAMY informs the Ladies and Gentlemen of Fort Wayne and vicinity, that he is now receiving a general assortment of Boots and Shoes of every variety, made in the latest style, and of the best materials and workmanship. Ladies' Gaiter and Walking Shoes, a very superior article. Misses' do. do. Also—every variety of Gentlemen's wear, from the finest Morocco boot to the strongest Stogas or Cow hides.

Coarse boots from 14 shillings to $3 00.

Womens' boots from $1 to $1 62; other articles equally cheap.

The above articles are of the best quality, and will be sold as low as can be bought in the west Boots and Shoes made to order, on the shortest notice. Nov. 9—6m19

Little Spinning Wheel Irons.

A Large lot for sale by

L. S. CHITTENDEN.

Notice.

WILFRED SMITH having purchased the interest of O. Smith & Co. in the firm of Smith & Edsall, the business will be continued as formerly under the name of

SMITH & EDSALL.

Ft. Wayne, May 1st, 1845. 2m 48 p.

Notice.

WILFRED SMITH having purchased the interest of S. H. Dudley & Co. the business will be Continued as formerly under the name of

S. H. DUDLEY & Co.

Ft. Wayne, May 1st, 1845. 2m 48 p.

Brandy and Port Wine

OF the best quality, or Medical purposes—as *pure* as it came from the *Custom House*, Just received and for sale at

BEECHER'S Drug Store.

Fort Wayne, May 20, 1845.

Land for Sale.

THE subscribers offer for sale a large quantity of Valuable Farming Lands situated in the counties of Allen, Huntington, Noble and Whitley, adjacent to the several county seats.

The above lands were selected at an early day with special reference to farming purposes and are not excelled either in *soil* or *location*.. Title indisputable. They will be sold low for cash or on a liberal credit.

Those wishing to purchase are invited to call, as they cannot obtain better lands, or on more favorable terms.

WORTHINGTON & HOUGH.

Office on the corner of Columbia and Calhoun streets, entrance on Calhoun. tf—12

LAND FOR SALE.

THE subscriber has for sale 3 lots of Canal Land, pleasantly situated on the Canal and and Little river, 4 miles east of Huntington, Indiana. The land is well timbered, and is of fine soil. For terms, apply to the subscriber at Fort Wayne.

GEORGE JOHNSON.

Oct. 12 1844.

DYE STUFFS, of all kinds, a full assortmen for sale at Beecher's Drug Store.

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200 WEAVERS' REEDS, for sale cheap for Cash. THOS. HAMILTON

The Empire Mills,

At the St. Mary's Aqueduct, Western Addition to the City of Fort Wayne.

ARE now prepared to grind all Wheat or other grain that may be offered. CASH will be PAID for any quantity of good merchantable WHEAT.

Flour, Middling, Bran, Corn Meal, and Feed Stuff, kept constantly on hand.

Sept. 28, 1844.

WANTED,—Beeswax, Ginseng and Seneca Snake Root in exchange for Family Moceries, Drugs, Medicines, Paints, or Dye Stuffs,

BEECHER'S Drug Store.

To Merchants and Grocery Keepers.

25 Kegs Austin & Co.'s celebrated Rifle POWDER.
8 half kegs do. do. do.
10 qr. kegs do. do. do.

For sale at manufacturers' prices, by

June 8 R. P. JONES.

FEVER & AGUE

Chill Fever, Dumb Ague, Intermittent & Remittent Fevers & all the various forms of Bilious Diseases

SPEEDILY & THOROUGHLY CURED

by Dr Osgood's India Cholagogue

This invaluable medicine was prepared from an extensive practice of several years in a bilious climate, and is NEVER KNOWN TO FAIL of curing *Fever* and *Ague*, or any of the above diseases.

It is equally effectual for the cure of LIVER COMPLAINT, JAUNDICE, ENLARGEMENT OF THE LIVER; also, ENLARGEMENT OF THE SPLEEN, called *Ague Cake*, and the various forms of bilious INDIGESTION. These, with the other varied affections of such climates, arising from a common *miasmal cause*, are only modifications of the *same disease*, and equally controlled by the *same remedy*.

Residents of bilious climates, EMIGRANTS, or persons *travelling through infected districts of country*, will find the Cholagogue an invariable and absolute PREVENTIVE.

Each bottle of medicine is accompanied with a *Pamphlet* on the "Causes, Treatment, and Cure of Fever and Ague, and other Diseases of Bilious Climates," containing much valuable information, and may be had *gratis* of the undersigned agent. DR. L. BEECHER.

Fort. Wayne, May, 1845.

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10 BALES SHEETING, for sale from 7 to 10 cents, per yard.

Aug 24 THOS HAMILTON.

NAILS & GLASS—Of the best quality, and all sizes. C. A. GREY.

WHITE DOG —For sale by HAMILTON & WILLIAMS.

Hog Skins for Saddlers' use,

A SUPERIOR article, tanned with Spanish Sumac, for sale at the Hardware Store of

Sept. 21, 1844. P. P. BAILEY.

FLOUR AND FEED STUFFS.—Superfine flour, Buckwheat flour, Corn meal, ship stuff, bran, &c., kept at all times, on hand, at the City mills. HAMILTON & WILLIAMS.

Produce Wanted.

THE subscribers will pay the highest market price for Wheat, Oats, Flour, Timothy and Clover seed. HAMILTON & WILLIAMS.

Sep. 16, 1843. 12

The Brag Plough

THE undersigned having obtained the right of making and vending SPROUSE'S PATENT DIAMOND PLOUGH, for the county of Allen is ready to furnish those persons who stand in need of a Plough (none of your common things,) with a good article. The subscriber having used said Plough can recommend it as surpassing anything of the kind ever before offered for sale in this country. Call at my place 2½ miles south of Fort Wayne, or at George Baker's shop, on Calhoun street. F. D. LASSELLE

---

100 Boxes Glass, of the best quality, embracing all sizes, will be sold for cash at reduced prices by

HAMILTON & WILLIAMS.

---

100 *tons Black Salts and 15,000 Bushels of Ashes wanted* for which the highest price will be paid by A. B. MILLER.

Book-Keeping.

A CARD.—The undersigned respectfully tenders his services as a *Book-Keeper and General Accountant* to such Merchants, Mechanics, Shop keepers, and others, of Fort Wayne, as do not carry on a business large enough to justify them in employing a regular Book-keeper.—He will give his time and labor for an hour, several hours, a day, week, or month, (as may be required) and charge accordingly.

When not otherwise engaged, he may be found at the counting-house of Messrs. SINCLEAR & EDSALL. G. W. KIMBERLEY.

Feb. 1. tf30

School Books.

20 DOZ. Elementary Spelling Books;
12 " McGuffey's Eclectic first, second, third and fourth Readers;
10 doz. Pike and Smith's Arithmetics;
5 " Webster's Dictionary;
Olney's Geography, Methodist Hymns;
Psalms and Hymns, Note Books;
Ledgers and Blank Books, of all descriptions, for sale at S. HANNA & SONS'

GEORGE JOHNSON. E. A. MCMAHON.

Johnson & McMahon.
Attorneys at Law,
FORT WAYNE, INDIANA.

Office on the corner of Main and Clinton streets, north east of the Bank.

February 22d, 1845. 34

ROBERT LOWRY,
Attorney and Counsellor at Law,
GOSHEN,
ELKHART CO. INDIANA,

Will practice in the courts of Elkhart and the neighboring counties, and attend to all business usually transacted by the profession. :37

D. H. COLERICK. J. G. WALPOLE

COLERICK & WALPOLE,
Attorneys at Law,
FORT WAYNE,

WILL attend to any business entrusted to their care in the Allen Circuit Court and in the Supreme and U. S. Courts at Indianapolis.

OFFICE—On Berry street. April 6, '44.

S. G. UPTON,
Attorney and Counsellor at Law,
BLUFFTON, WELLS COUNTY, IA.

All professional business entrusted to his care, will be faithfully attended to.

He will also attend to the sale of lands, payment of taxes, and all business connected with Land Agency, &c. aug 2 4-1y

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F. P. RANDALL,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW AND MASTER IN CHANCERY.
FORT WAYNE, Indiana.

Office in Clinton street, two doors south of H. Colerick's Brick Store.

R. BRACKENRIDGE, JUN.
Attorney and Counsellor at Law
FORT WAYNE, INDIANA.

Will attend to the Collection, Adjustment, or Securing of Debts, the Payment of Taxes, Purchase and Sale of Lands, and Examination of Titles in any part of Indiana.

Refers to—
W. G. & G. W. Ewing, Fort Wayne,
A. Hamilton, "
S. Hanna, "
Hugh McCulloch "
Alfred Harrison, Indianapolis,
Richard Suydam, New York,
W. Hyslop, "
Alex Kevan, "
Jos. Jamieson, "
J. D. & C. Jones, Cincinnati, Ohio.

Office near the Bank, north of Treasurer's office

LYSANDER WILLIAMS,
Attorney at Law,
FORT WAYNE, IA.

Office on Calhoun street, over B. Smith's Store

REFERENCES
Hon. Jas. W. Borden, Fort Wayne.
H. McCulloch, Esq. "
Capt. Jos. Morgan, "
Michael G. Bright, Esq. Madison.
Gov. Whitcomb, Indianapolis.
Hon. John Law, Vincennes.

☞ Collections and Land Agency punctually attended to throughout the state.

ELLIS WORTHINGTON, JOHN HOUGH, JR.

Law Office,
FORT WAYNE, INDIANA.

WORTHINGTON & HOUGH have opened an office for the practice of Law at Fort Wayne, Indiana.

They will give particular attention to the collection and securing of debts; also to the sale of lands, payment of taxes, &c. in Northern Indiana. All business entrusted to their care will be promptly and faithfully executed.

Office in Mason & Smith's new block, corner of Columbia and Calhoun streets Entrance on Calhoun street.

JOHN HOUGH, JR.

NOTARY PUBLIC,
Commissioner of Deeds, &c. for the state of N York

JOSEPH K. EDGERTON.
(Late of the city of New York,)
Attorney and Counsellor at Law.
FORT WAYNE, ALLEN, COUNTY, IA.

WILL attend to professional business in its various departments in this State. He will also give particular attention to sales of real estate, payment of taxes, and all other matters pertaining to the business of a General Land Agency for Northern Indiana.

Office in the 2d story of Smith & Mason's building, corner of Columbia and Calhoun sts.

OLIVER P. MORGAN,
NOTARY PUBLIC,

May be found at Bigger & Edgerton's Office, 2d story of Smith & Mason's building, corner of Columbia and Calhoun streets.

Medical Notice.

DOCTOR SNYDER respectfully informs the public that he continues the practic of Medicine and Surgery.

Office—Up stairs, over Benj. Sanders' Grocery Store, and opposite Peter Kiser's Shop.

Fort Wayne, Ind., Oct. 19, 1844.

Medical Notice.

T. M. BANKS, M. D., having located himself in Fort Wayne, would respectfully inform the citizens of said place and vicinity, that he will attend to any and all calls pertaining to his profession.

Office over H Durrie's Hardware Store, Calhoun street. Residence on Berry street, one door west of the law office of H. Cooper, Esq.

Medical Notice.

DR. AYRES will attend to the practice of MEDICINE in Fort Wayne and the surrounding country; and will at any hour, promptly attend to the calls of those who may thus favor him.

Office one door east of the Post Office. Residence on Lafayette street, opposite Mr. McJunkin's school room.

Sep. 23, 1842 y13

DR. L. BEECHER,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN
DRUGS. MEDICINES
PAINTS, OILS, DYE STUFFS,
PERFUMERY, &c. &c.

Two doors east of the Printing office, northside Columbia street,

FORT WAYNE. IA.

S. HANNA & SONS,
STORAGE, FORWARDING AND
Commission Merchants,
AND DEALERS IN
DRY GOODS,
GROCERIES, FLOUR, SALT, &c. &c.

Store on the corner of Columbia and Barr streets, Fort Wayne, Ia.

---

18 **R. P. JONES.** 44
Forwarding and Commission Merchant
AND DEALER IN
Pork, Flour, Wheat, Pot & Pearl Ash,
SALT, &c. &c. &c.
FORT WAYNE, IA.

Liberal Advances made on Produce consigned for the Eastern Market.

Refer to
J. J. Palmer, Pres't Merch. Bank, N.Y.
Messrs. Benedict & Tompkins, N. Y.
Messrs. Holbrook, Carter, & Co. Boston

Land for Sale.

THE subscriber having been legally authorised by the owners of various tracts of land, is now ready to sell and execute contracts for the same. The lands lies in the counties of Allen, Adams, Noble, DeKalb, Steuben, and Lagrange, Indiana

Franklin House,

Broadway,

NEW-YORK.

[illegible]tors of this establishment re[illegible] their friends and the pub[illegible] leased the same for a term of [illegible] situated Corner of Broad[illegible]et, and is desirably located for [illegible] business, or for pleasure. [illegible] grateful for the liberal pa[illegible] heretofore received and hope [illegible]ce of the same.

[illegible]EWTON HAYES,
[illegible]HN P. TREADWELL. 2m3

[illegible] Noble Circuit Court, Sep[illegible]ember Term, A. D. 1845

[illegible] BILL IN CHANCERY.

[illegible] John D. Burns and Wil[illegible]. Stephens.

[illegible]eurs by the affidavit of a [illegible]rson filed in the office of [illegible] Circuit Court, on the 14th [illegible], that the above named [illegible]ns and William C. Ste[illegible] of the State of Indiana, [illegible] notified of the pendency [illegible]s they be and appear [illegible] Noble Circuit Court on the first day of the next term thereof, to be holden at the Court House at the town of Port Mitchell on Monday the 15th day of September next, and plead to, answer, or demur to said bill, before the calling of the cause, the bill as to such defendents will be taken as confessed, and a decree had thereon accordingly.

WILLIAM F. ENGEL, Cl'k. N. C. C.
Slack & Howe, sol'rs. for comp'nt.
Port Mitchell, July 15th, 1845. 3—w3

Notice.

WHEREAS my wife, Rosanna Fisher, has voluntarily left my bed and board, without any just cause whatever, all persons are therefore hereby forewarned not to harbor or trust her on my account, as I will not be responsible for any debts of her contracting.

GEORGE FISHER.
July 14th, 1845. 3w3*

"The Harvest is Plenteous."

THE subscriber having waited with Job like patience during the past seasons of scarcity for the numerous debts due him, now respectfully notifies *all* his debtors that he MUST have his pay without further delay. The country is blessed with an abundant harvest and a season of unexampled plenty and prosperity, and it now becomes the duty of every good man to show his gratitude to Providence by making an immediate payment of his debts—especially those owing the "Niagara." Expense will be saved by a timely compliance with this notice.

July 19. A. B. MILLER.

Sheriff Sale.

BY virtue of an execution to me directed from the Clerk's office of the Allen Circuit Court, I will offer for sale at the Court House door, in the city of Fort Wayne, between the hours of 10 and 4 o'clock, on the 14th day of July next, [illegible] a Lot No. 111, old plat of Fort Wayne.—The rents and profits will first be offered, and if it should fail to satisfy said execution, I will then offer the fee simple. "Sale to commence at one o'clock P. M." Taken as the property of John Majors to satisfy an execution in favor of Pierson Spinning.

B. B. STEVENS, Shff. A.C.
June 24, 1845. J. P. HEDGES, Deputy.

☞The above sale is postponed to the 21st of July (inst.,) by order of plaintiff's attorney.

B. B. STEVENS, S. A. C.
By J. HEDGES, Dep'ty.

Beekman's Pulmonic Syrup

FOR THE CURE OF

CONSUMPTION, COLDS, COUGHS, DISEASES OF THE LUNGS, LIVER COMPLAINT AND DYSPEPSIA.

THIS SYRUP may be considered altogether superior to any medicine hitherto discovered for the cure of Consumption, Bronchitis, Asthma, Influenza, Coughs, Colds, Croup, Whooping Cough, Catarrhs, and, generally, all diseases affecting the Organs of Respiration. And not only is it the most powerful agent known in removing all diseases and obstructions of the respiratory organs, but in scrofulous maladies it has been found equally efficient, having been employed with astonishing success in the radical cure of King's Evil, Eruptions of the Skin, Ulcerations, and the like complaints, caused by the impurity of the blood. In Dyspepsia and Liver Complaints it has proved a certain remedy. This Syrup, although powerfully curative in its results, is yet mild in its action, and may be safely employed in the most delicate cases. It is agreeable to the taste and to the stomach, and in diseases of women and children the most extraordinary cures have been effected.

The operation of this Syrup is both *general* and *special*. While it acts *generally* upon the whole system as a most powerful alterative, purifying the fluids, freeing the solids from all morbid accretions, and reinvigorating and bringing up all the vital energies to the standard of permanent health, it at the same time, exerts a *specific* influence upon the Lungs, Bronchial Tubes, Wind[illegible], and the Lymphatic and Gla[illegible] exciting them into healthful ac[illegible] all morbid matter, equalizing [illegible] restoring the proper and necessa[illegible], and finally accomplishing a com[illegible]tion from disease, and restoration to [illegible]d permanent health.

[illegible] who have been racked by the protracting fevers, and lung as well as pleuritic and dyspeptic affections of the West and South; those who have been brought down by the inflammatory, febrile, or chronic diseases more common to the East and North; those whose constitutions have become enfeebled by the use of mercury, quinine or other violent remedies, should lose no time in betaking themselves to an adequate restorative. The *consumptive predisposition*, in its various and deceitful forms, is already, in a greater or less degree, acquired. The fatal taint will descend to unfortunate offsprings. And if no sufficient remedial course be adopted and persevered in, parents first, and children afterwards, sink into early or premature graves—victims alike, of the same *wasting, deadly* malady.

These lamentable results could and should be prevented. It has been well remarked that health is cheap at any price. Besides the strongest motives of self-preservation, the strongest ties of parental responsibility and love demand that these pernicious constitutional tendencies be promptly met, thoroughly combatted, and if possible, finally eradicated. In most cases, it *can* be done. My confidence is based upon the solid ground work of a wide and successful experience. It has been done in numerous instances. And I have witnessed many a shattered constitution and many a deep rooted and apparently mortal sickness, give place to a gradual restoration to ultimate strength and health.

Beekman's Pulmonic Syrup is the safest and surest and best remedy that can be employed to accomplish these most desirable and important ends. It has grown rapidly and necessarily into extensive use. Its operation is so mild that the tenderest infant may take it, and yet so powerful as to overcome, completely, the most inveterate of maladies. Travelling with the circulation, it pours its healing current through every vein and artery of the human body. The whole animal economy is made to undergo a thorough, radical change. Even the mind partakes of the healthful process, and life, that before appeared one dreary waste, begins again to seem worth possessing.

Many eminent physicians, convinced *that* my syrup is compounded upon the soundest principles of Medical Botany, and prepared upon the most scientific principles of chemical analysis as applied to materia medica, are now employing and recommending it in their practice. And I repeat, it will be found, as it has been almost invariably, successful where a fair trial is given it, attended by a careful compliance with the directions accompanying each bottle.

Prepared exclusively by P. S. Beekman, and for sale, wholesale and retail, at his old established office, No. 404, Courtland street, *one door below the corner of Greenwich street*, in the city of New York.

[illegible] S. Chittenden is a duly authorized agent for the sale of Beekman's Pulmonic Syrup, in Fort Wayne, Indiana.

P. S. BEEKMAN.
July 19, 1845. 3—w

Just Received

A LOT of Cincinnati White Lead pure and No. 1; Linseed Oil, Spirits Turpentine, Copal Varnish, &c. HUGH B. REED.

Instruments.

Surgical Instruments, Dissecting do., Tooth Forceps, Tooth Keys, Spring Lancets, Thumb do., Gum do., always on hand, and for sale very cheap at Hugh B. Reed's new Drug Store.

Perfumery.

A fine lot of French Perfumery, Toilet, Shaving and Fancy Soap; Orange, Lavender, and Cologne water; Hair Oil of every kind; Cosmetic Tooth Powders and Brushes, &c. &c. at the new Drug Store, corner Calhoun and Columbia streets.

Payson's Indelible Ink

Used without a preparation at REED'S.

Trusses.

WE have just received a large assortment of Trusses of almost every description.—Persons requiring them cannot fail to be suited—call and see. HUGH B. REED.

Paints.

English, Emerald, Paris, and Chrome Green; Chrome Yellow; Carmine; Antwerp and Prussian Blue; Terre de Sienna, Chinese Vermillion, English do; Carmine, Osborn's Water Colors, for sale, wholesale and retail, at H. B. REED'S Drug and Chemical Store.

50 *Dozen Paint Brushes*

Of all sizes and of superior quality; also Varnish Brushes, Sash Tools, Wall Brushes, to which we would call the attention of Painters and Dealers For sale, wholesale and retail, at Reed's Drug Store. Also, Thermometers for sale at Reed's.

Administrator's Notice.

LETTERS of Administration having been granted by the Allen Probate Court to the undersigned, on the estate of Phebe Hand, late of said county, deceased, all persons indebted to the same, are notified to make immediate payment, and those having claims, to present them for settlement. The estate is probably solvent.

GEORGE W. HAND, Adm'r.
July 19, 1845. 3w3

Administrator's Sale.

THE undersigned, administrator of the estate of Phebe Hand, deceased, will offer at public sale on Saturday, the 16th of August next, at his residence in Eel River township, the personal property of said decedent, consisting of *Household & Kitchen Furniture, Bedding &c*

A credit of four months will be given on all sums over $3 00, the purchaser giving approved security.

GEORGE W. HAND, Adm'r.
July 19, 1845. 3w3

RAISINS.—A choice lot for sale at the Farmers' Depot. CHITTENDEN.

SALERATUS, at Wholesale, by
June 17. SMITH & Co.

Sheriff Sale.

BY virtue of an execution to me directed from the clerk's office of the Allen Circuit Court I will offer for sale at the court house door in the city of Fort Wayne, between the hours of Ten o'clock A. M. and Four P. M on the 21st day of July, 1845, the following property to wit:—The rents and profits of the north east quarter of section 16, in township No. 30, North of Range No. 14 east, for seven years; and if the same should fail to rent for enough to satisfy said debt, interest, costs, and accruing costs, I will then and there offer for sale the entire interest of the said Bellair in said land.

Taken as the property of Charles Bellair to satisfy an execution in favor of Lysander Williams.

B. B. STEVENS, Sh'ff A. C.
By J. P. HEDGES, Dept.
June 27, 1845. 52

To the People of Allen County.

THOSE who are acquainted with the superior qualities of "JEW DAVID'S or HEBREW PLASTER" and the "PERSIAN PILLS" will doubtless be glad to learn that Dr. L. Beecher of Fort Wayne has just received another fresh supply. The immense quantities sold throughout the west alone, supercedes the necessity of saying one word in support of their character.—Yet should there be an incredulous Son or Daughter of affliction who has been suffering with Lame Back, Rheumatism, Oppressive Pain in the Breast or side, or with Swelling, Tumors, Kings Evil, &c. (for either of which the PLASTER is known to be a sure antidote) or with Liver Affections, Dyspepsia, Fever and Ague, Chill Fever, Scrofula, or any of the diseases prevalent in the Wabash Country, especially such as originate in an impurity of the blood and circulating fluids, which the PERSIAN PILLS never fail speedily to remove; for the Benefit of such we will give a few extracts of letters, showing the estimate in which these medicines are held where known.

Crawfordsville, Ia. Jan. 27th 1845.

Messrs. D. Harter & Co—Gents. I have sold out nearly all the large supply of the justly celebrated "HEBREW PLASTER" and "PERSIAN PILLS" you furnished me three weeks since, and it would be well to keep me well supplied as I find calls for the medicines increasing daily.

I would here state, that I have no articles in My Drug Store that gives better satisfaction than the "HEBREW PLASTER" and "PERSIAN PILLS." NOAH S. THOMPSON.

Washington, Ia. Aug. 3d, 1844.

Messrs. D. Harter & Co.—Gents. at the request of many, who are anxiously awaiting the new supply of your celebrated "Hebrew Plaster" and "Persian Pills" we write you the *second time* saying that we are out. We have frequent calls for both Plaster and Pills which render general satisfaction. Please send us another lot immediately, and oblige

Yours Respectfully, GALLAGHER WALTERS.

Bloomfield, Edgar co. Ill. May 14th 1844.

Mr. D. Harter & Co.—Gents. We have sold all the celebrated Hebrew Plaster and Persian Pills left with us a FEW DAYS AGO. Will you please send 4 or 5 doz. more immediately

Respectfully O. & D. BAILEY.

Gosfport July 8, 1844.

Mr. D. Harter & Co. Gents.—We have sold all the Hebrew Plaster left with us and as there is a great call for it we wish you to send us at least 2 or 3 doz, more and also 1 doz, of the Persian Pills. Yours Respectfully,

HUSSEY & GROSS.

Bloomfield, Edgar Co., Ill., May 27, 1844.

Mr. D Harter & Co. Gents.—The Pills and Plaster you sent us, came to hand in good order. We have and increased demand for them and it promises to supercede nearly all other kind of medicines in this Vicinity.

O. & D. BAILEY.

Hardinsburg, Ia. Sept. 3, 1844.

Messrs. D. Harter & Co. Sirs:—Your Hebrew Plaster you left with me to sell is all sold out some time since. The Persian Pills are all sold but a few boxes Both Plaster and Pills gives general satisfaction. There seems to be an increasing demand for both articles.

JAMES MCINTOSH.

Williamsport, Ia., Sept. 37 1844.

D. Harter &. Co.—Dear Sirs—I have sold all the Persian Pills that you left here, and should be glad to get more. They have accomplished miricles here, and are in great demand. The Pills are called for several times every day.—If you cannot come this way soon please send some by stage.

Yours, &c. EBENEZER KING.

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* Since the above letter was received, we have been informed by the writer, that the case alluded to in the above, was that of a young man living near W—— who for several months had been confined in a darkened room, from an aggravated case of inflamation in the eyes, rendering him *totally blind* After applying every remedy within his reach, without receiving any benefit, he commenced using the "Persian Pills," and had used them but a short time when all inflamation left him, and his health became permanently reinstated,

For sale by the following Agents.
DOCT. L. BEECHER, Fort Wayne.
S. MORZ, Huntington.
General Agents for Ia. & Ill.
6m 1 D. HARTER & CO.

Justices' Blanks for sale at this office.

Farmers' Depot.

ANOTHER ARRIVAL OF GOODS—all kinds of Produce taken in exchange. Call as
July 5. CHITTENDENS.

Produce Exchange.

NEW STORE,

Corner of Calhoun & Main streets.

WM. THARP & Co. have just received from New York and Boston a large stock of

Staple and Fancy Dry Goods

among which are Broad Cloths, Cassimeres, Satinets, Jeans, a great variety of Prints, new style; bleached and unbleached Shirtings, &c. Also,

Family Groceries,

at the most reduced prices; and a general and well assorted lot of CHINA, GLASS, and EARTHENWARE. Also, a very large stock of Ladies', Gentlemen's, and Children's

Boots and Shoes

of the greatest variety, and of superior quality, which will be afforded at lower prices than ever offered in this market. Also,

HARDWARE AND CUTLERY,

consisting in part of Nails, Shovels, Spades, Trace Chains, Butts, Screws, Knives and Forks, &c. together with a large assortment of PATENT and other MEDICINES, and other articles, which will be sold at the LOWEST PRICES.

WM. THARP & Co.

Have connected with the Goods business in Fort Wayne, an extensive

Boot & Shoe Manufactory,

where they are prepared to fill all orders in that line on as favorable terms as any other establishment in the country. They have also an

Extensive Tannery,

for the manufacture of every variety of UPPER and SOLE LEATHER which they will keep constantly on hand for sale: or they will exchange, with all other articles in their business, for *Tan-Bark, Hides, Roots*, and almost every article of *Country Produce*, such as Tallow, Beeswax, Corn, Oats, Wheat, and HORSES and CATTLE.

WILLIAM THARP,
CHARLES PAIGE,
June 23, 1845. CONRAD NILL.

Sheriff Sale.

BY virtue of an execution to me directed from the Clerk's Office of the Allen Circuit Court I will offer for sale at the court house door in the city of Fort Wayne, between the hours of ten o'clock A. M. and four P. M. on the 21st day of July, 1845, the following property, to wit:—the east half of the north east quarter of section 34, township 31, north of range 12 east, containing 80 acres more or less. The rents and profits for seven years will first be offered, and if the same should fail to rent for a sufficient sum to satisfy said debt, interest, costs, and accruing costs, I will then offer the fee simple. Sale to commence at One o'clock P. M.

Taken as the property of Zenas Henderson & Co. to satisfy an execution in favor of Suydam, Sage, & Co.

B. B STEVENS Sh'ff A.C.
J. P. HEDGES, Dept.
June 27, 1845. 4w52

NEW

DRUG STORE.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

Drug & Chemical Warehouse

Corner of Columbia and Calhoun Streets, Fort Wayne, Indiana.

THE subscriber is now opening as above a very extensive Stock of Drugs and Medicines, Chemicals, Oils, Varnishes, Paints, Glass, Dye Stuff, Brushes &c. &c. to which he would call the attention of Physicians, Merchants, and dealers generally. Having been engaged in the business in Cincinnati, our facilities for buying (together with having purchased for cash) will enable us to offer inducements to buyers equal to any other establishment in the west. Every article put up by us will be warranted fresh and pure and of the very best quality. Call and examine our stock.

HUGH B. REED.
June 14, 1845.

WYNKOOP & CO's

COMPOUND

TONIC MIXTURE,

A warranted cure for

FEVER & AGUE,

The proprietors of this Medicine, having the greatest confidence in its virtues, have been induced to offer it to the public, with the assurance that it will effect a speedy and permanent cure of that distressing complaint. It is highly recommended, and has been entensively used with distinguished success, in relieving many of those who are suffering under this scourge of our country. This Medicine, when used according to the directions, has never failed of affecting a permanent cure in the most obstinate stage of the disorder. Persons of weak stomach, and children may take it without the least difficulty. It strengthens the stomach and digestive organs, induces an appetite, and seldom requires more than one bottle to effect a cure. It is purely vegetable, and contains nothing injurious to the most delicate constitution.

The proprietors, in order to secure the confidence of the public in the great virtues of this medicine, instead of publishing a long list of certificates, which are often procured for the most *worthless nostrums*—they authorise their agents and all who sell their "TONIC MIXTURE" on their own account, to warrant it in *all cases* to effect a cure when taken according to the directions, or *refund* the *purchase money*.

This Mixture is carefully prepared by WYNKOOP & Co. DRUGGISTS, 62 *Vesey Street, a few doors below the Astor House, New York*—and for sale by the Druggists generally throughout the United States.

N. B. The Label on each Bottle will contain the written signature of the Proprietors.

For sale at the Drug Store of
DR. L. BEECHER.
Fort Wayne, June 14. 6m50

Valuable real Estate for sale

AT AND NEAR HUNTINGTON, IA.

THE east half north east quarter section 23, town 28, north range 9 east, containing 80 acres, situated 1½ mile from Huntington, on the road to Dayton, via Fort Recovery, 20 acres of which are cleared and fenced.

North west qr of north east qr of the same section, adjoining said lot

West half south west qr section 31, town 28 north range 10 east, containing 95 24-100 acres, lying adjoining the Wabash River, about three miles from Huntington, with 20 acres deadened.

LOTS No. 18, 19, and 21, containing from 7½ to 8 acres, adjoining the town of Huntington, now in meadow, and well inclosed with a good board fence.

Lot No. 17, near the upper lock, and adjoining said meadow, containing from one to two acres, inclosed with a good board fence.

Lot No. 60, on the canal with a Log Cabin thereon.

A lot situate at the canal bridge, at the lower end of the town, containing from 4 to 5 acres.

Town Lots No. 64, 65, and 66, near the last mentioned lot, with a good Stable thereon.

Town Lots No. 63 and 67 with a Dwelling House thereon.

One Town Lot with a valuable two story Store House and Stone Cellar under the same, with two or three acres of land, it being the Store built and formerly occupied by GEORGE A. FATE, late of Huntington, deceased.

All of which land and other property was formerly owned by said Fate in his life time, and the land well selected at an early day, and is of a superior quality. The title to the same is good.

The terms will be one-third or one half cash, and a credit of 12 and 18 months on the balance, by giving notes with approved security. For further particulars apply to the subscriber at Fort Wayne.

HENRY COOPER.
June 26th, 1845. 1f52

Steamboat for Buffalo,

THE Steam Boat INDIANA, Capt. C. C. ROBY, will leave TOLEDO for BUFFALO regularly as follows, until further notice:

Monday, June 16th, at 7½ A. M.
Sunday, 22d, " "
Saturday, 28th " "
Friday, July 4th, " "
Thursday, 10th, " "
Wednesday, 16th, " "
Tuesday, 22d, " "
Monday, 28th, " "

This well known Steamer will ply regularly between Toledo and Buffalo, making 6-day trips. For reference enquire of

DR. L. BEECHER,
June 10th, 1845. Fort Wayne.

Good Farms for Sale.

THE undersigned has for sale several valuable FARMS of his own and others in this County, and between this place and Logansport Some of said tracts is large, containg 600 acres of first rate land, with fine springs, and are among the most desireable situations for farming on the Wabash & Erie Canal. They will be sold low for cash.

Enquire of the subscriber at Fort Wayne;
HENRY BROWN, of Huntington;
HUGH HANNA, of Wabash town; or,
CHANCY CARTER, of Logansport.

SAMUEL HANNA.
June 4th, 1845. 3m 49

Administrator's Sale.

IN pursuance of an order of the probate Court of Allen County, the undersigned administrator of the estate of Curtis Holgate, deceased, is authorised to sell at PRIVATE SALE the following Real Estate, to wit: Town Lots numbered 13 and 28, on the County Addition to the town of Fort Wayne, lying on and near the East Canal Basin, at the foot of Columbia street.

Also, the N.E. qr. sec. 10, town 31, north of range 15 east, containing 95 64-100 acres.

Also, 150 acres off of the east side of section 4, town 31, north of range 13 east, lying on the St. Joseph River.

Terms, one-fourth cash, the balance in three equal instalments at 6, 12, and 18 months.

Purchasers will apply to F. P. RANDALL, Fort Wayne. WM. C. HOLGATE.

Still on Hand.

New Goods. at No. 3.

WE are receiving a seasonable stock of New Goods and they will be sold to our customers as low as possible for Cash, or in exchange for almost every kind of Produce, Roots, Hides, Deer Skins, Black Salts, &c. &c.

June 17 SMITH & Co.

FOR SALE.

THE undersigned will sell, on very liberal terms, Lots No. 104 and 105, situated on the corner of Clinton and Washington streets, in the city of Fort Wayne; on which there is a substantial and well-finished frame house, containing 5 rooms; a large hall, kitchen, pantry, closets, &c. and a small but good cellar. There are also on the premises a table, a cement cistern, and a well of excellent water, and a variety of choice fruit trees, grape vines, and shrubbery.

Also, the undivided half of 86 acres of land, situated about half a mile from the city, on the St. Mary's river; and the undivided half of 35 acres of land, about 4 miles from the city, on the St. Mary's river, well timbered and convenient to a saw mill. Also, several lots of choice land in the adjoining counties.

He has the Agency for the sale of forty-three 80 acre lots, in the counties of Allen, Whiley, Dekalb and Noble, which he is authorized to sell very low.

HENRY R. COLERICK.
Fort Wayne, May 10th, 1845. 45tf

To the People of the Country.

"FARMERS' DEPOT."

HAVING *discontinued* my advertisements for a short period, some persons thought it a good opportunity to tell the PEOPLE OF THE COUNTRY that I had *Discontinued Business*—but such story is no "go."

The FARMERS' DEPOT is in the same old wooden store house, second door from Mr Jones' brick block; and is selling (in spite of all opposition and competition) more goods and at lower prices than any similar establishment in Fort Wayne.

June 14, 1845. L. S. CHITTENDEN.

Our Books must be Settled.

THE Books of THOMPSON & STURGIS are in the hands of Worthington & Hough for settlement. All persons indebted to us are requested to settle their accounts with W. and H. if not by cash they must be closed by note. In consequence of the absence of Doct. Thompson and the engagement of Doct. Sturgis, we are compelled to authorize, Messrs. Worthington and Hough to settle our business.

L. G. THOMPSON,
June 14 C. E. STURGIS

GROCERIES—An *Eternal* lot for sale at the *Farmers' Depot.*

CHITTENDEN.

Saddlers' Hardware.

POLISHED Snaffle and Plain Bits; Stirrups polished, Tinned, and Japanned Buckles; Harness Mountings; Thread, Tacks, &c. &c. For sale low at the Niagara Store

June 14 A. B. MILLER

Roots! Roots! 10,000 *lbs. Wanted,*

GINSENG, Seneca Snake, Yellow Poccoon, and Ladies' Slipper wanted at the Farmers Depot. CHITTENEEN.

Strayed,

FROM the subscriber on the 27th April last, Two COLTS, (a dark Bay, and Sorrel.) The Bay is a large three year old mare, with a heavy tail, and a small Star in the forhead, and has the foot evil on one hind foot. The Sorrel is a two year old mare and has a star in the forehead. Any person who will return said Colts to the owner, or letting him know where they are by sending a letter directed to Eel River Post Office, Lake township Allen county shall receive TEN DOLLARS reward.

GEORGE SLAGLE.
Lake Township, June 28th, 1844.

NOTICE.

WILFRED SMITH having purchased the interest of O. Smith & Co. in the firm of Smith & Co. the business will be continued as formerly under the name of

SMITH & Co.
Fort Wayne, May 1, 1845. 51

ST. CLAIR MONEY taken for Goods; at 50 cents on the Dollar.
May 31 A. B. MILLER.

NEW ARRIVAL OF

Stoves, Stoves, Stoves.

B. W. OAKLEY would respectfully return his thanks to his friends and the public for the liberal patronage which has heretofore been tendered him, and takes this occasion to say that he has just received from TROY, N. Y., a

Superior Lot of Cooking Stoves,

of various sizes, which he has no hesitation in saying is one of the very best assortments that has ever appeared in Fort Wayne.

His stock of TIN SHEET IRON, and COPPER is also replenished, and his customers can now be accommodated with any article in his line, *at the very best rates.*

*** Old Pewter, old Copper, and old Brass taken in exchange for Ware.

Fort Wayne, May 16, 1845.

Spring and Summer GOODS!

HAMILTON & WILLIAMS are now receiving and opening their New Goods, suited to the Spring and Summer. Their stock will be found as general, and their prices as low, as any in Fort Wayne, Cash, or all kinds of Country Produce taken in exchange for goods.

☞CASH PAID FOR WHEAT at their Mill.
Fort Wayne, May 10th, 1845. 45tf

Millinery & Dress-Making.

MISS WELLS would inform the Ladies of Fort Wayne, and its vicinity, that she has returned with the Latest Eastern FASHIONS, and a general assortment of

MILLINERY GOODS.

She tenders her sincere acknowledgements for the former liberal patronage received, and feels assured from past experience that she can still continue to give good satisfaction. All kinds of

Bonnets, Caps, Artificial Flowers, &c. &c.,

kept constantly on hand, and made to order.—Leghorn and Straw Hats repaired in the neatest style. DRESS-MAKING attended to as usual, and New Fashions received every month.

Artificial Flowers of the Latest French and English patterns made on the shortest notice.—Country Milliners can be supplied with them as cheap as they can be purchased in New York or any of the Eastern cities.

Store on Columbia street, opposite A. B. Miller's.
May 29th, 1845.

FIRST ARRIVAL.

Hats! Hats!

Spring Fashions for 1845.

J. W. McLANE has just returned from the East, and brought with him a few cases of superior **HATS** of the SPRING FASHION, among which may be found Beaver, Nutria, Cassimer, Brush and Muskrat fur, and Leghorn and Detroit straw—all of the best quality. He has also got a good assortment of Caps. To cut the story short, all who want a good fresh and fashionable article, will find it at the old stand of the BIG HAT.

Fort Wayne, May 10th, 1845. 45tf

PAINTS.—Paints of all kinds, copal and Japan Varnish, and Spirits of Turpentine for sale at Beecher's Drug store. Nov. 4.

SHAWLS.—A splendid assortment, embracing all qualities and prices.

A. B. MILLER

2000 LBS. SMOKED SHOULDERS, just received on consignment, by
ap 5 S. HANNA & SON.

DR SHERMAN'S

Medicated Lozenges

Wholesale & Retail at A. B. MILLER'S *Ft. Wayne*

THIS is the most pleasant and agreeable way of taking medicine, particularly for children, as all the nauseousness is obviated and and active properties of the medicine highly concentrated. Care should be taken to keep all idea of medicine from the patient, particularly children, and to impress upon them the idea of their taking some delicate confection. All of Dr Sherman's articles will have a fac simile of his name accompanying them, without which none can be genuine.

Sherman's Cough Lozenges.

Are the safest, most sure and effectual remedy for Coughs, Colds, Consumptions, Whooping Cough, Asthma, Tightness of the Lungs or Chest, &c &c. The proprietor has never known an instance where they did not give perfect satisfaction. Several thousand boxes have been sold within the last year, restoring to health persons in almost every stage of consumption, and those laboring under the most distressing colds and coughs.

Over 3,000 persons have given their names within the last year as a reference of the wonderful virtues of these Cough Lozenges. They cure all recent cases in a few hours, seldom requiring more than one day to entirely eradicate the most distressing ones. Price 25 cents a box.

WORM LOZENGES,

Proved in more than four hundred thousand cases to be infallible: the only certain worm destroying medicine ever discovered Many diseases arise from worms and occasion long and intense suffering and even death, without their ever being suspected; grown persons are very often affected with them and are doctored for various complaints, without any benefit; when one dose of these Lozenges would speedily cure them. Price 25 cents a box.

CAMPHOR LOZENGES

Give immediate relief in Nervous or sick Headache, palpitation of the heart, lowness of spirits, despondency, inflammatory, or putrid sore throat, bowel or summer complaint, fainting, oppression or a sense of sinking of the chest, cholic, spasms, cramps of the stomach or bowels, hysterical affections and all nervous cholera or cholera morbus, diarrhœa, lastitude, or a sense of fatigue. Price 25 cents a box.

Fever and Ague Lozenges

Are offered to the public with the greatest confidence in their perfect adaption to the cure of the Intermittent Fever, or as commonly called, Fever and Ague, which has so long been the scourge of the West.

They are far superior to Quinine or Bark, and do not leave the patient with such derangements of the liver and constitution, as is too often the case with either of those articles.

The chill will not return after being broken, as it usually does with other remedies. The experience of years has fully tested the efficacy of this remedy. Several of our oldest and most distinguished physicians have used it in their practice, and no medicine has ever been so uniformly successful.

Dr. C. B. Zabriskie, of New Jersey has used this remedy for ten years in several hundred cases, and always curing in a few days; and the disease never returning, as it usually does when broken by other medicines.

The Rev Mr. Moffat in his travels has known many instances of the Fever and Ague Lozenges curing the most obstinate cases, where the skill of the ablest physicians availed nothing. Price $1 a box.

SODA LOZENGES.

Two or three taken at once will cure the heartburn in five minutes; taken before dinner will promote digestion.

SHERMAN'S POOR MAN'S PLASTER:

The best strengthening plaster in the world, and a sovereign remedy for pains, or weakness in the back, loins, side, breast, neck, limbs, joints rheumatism, lumbago, &c. &c. One million a year will not supply the demand. Price only 12½ cents. Sold in Fort Wayne by

19 y. A. B. MILLER, Agent.

A WORLD OF WONDER.

WHILE THE

Mighty Falls of Niagara---Cataracts of all sizes and dimensions---Earthquakes---Tornadoes, and Volcanic Mountains in awful grandeur

CALL forth the admiration and excite the astonishment of a wondering world—I cannot but indulge a faint hope that at least a small portion of mankind may be for a little time diverted from the contemplation of such MIGHTY THINGS and have their attention directed to SMALLER MATTERS—such matters as pertain to their daily comfort, are calculated to preserve health, to prolong life, to heal the sick; and to supply most of their temporal wants Entertaining these views, I respectfully take leave to say, that

Drugs, Medicines, Paints, Oils, Dye Woods, Dye Stuffs, Chemicals, Perfumery

FAMILY GROCERIES,

and PURE BRANDY and WINE for MEDICAL PURPOSES, do not exist among the "WONDERS OF THE WORLD," and need not be sought after in the

Foaming Waters of Niagara—in the Mighty Rushing Winds—in the Jaws of an Earthquake—nor in the Fiery Craters of Volcanic Mountains.

They may all be had at far less trouble and expense. Nothing more is necessary than merely to direct your attention to

BEECHER'S DRUG STORE,

Situate two doors east of the PRINTING OFFICE, north side of *Columbia street, Fort Wayne, Ia.*—Here my old customers and others will find a full assortment of all articles usually kept in any Drug Store in the United States. They have just been purchased at the *Lowest* EASTERN and will be sold at the *Lowest* WESTERN PRICES. All articles of Medicine sold by me are warranted GENUINE. I sell goods for small profit and prompt pay. The payment can be made either in CASH,

Ginseng, Seneka Snake Root, Beeswax, or any kind of Country Produce, convertible into Cash.

It will give me great pleasure at all times to satisfy my customers, yet I am compelled to say that NO CREDIT can be given to such as have had small accommodations heretofore, on time of their own asking, and then failed to meet their engagements. I trust such customers will not think me unkind in thus *gently* alluding to the fact that my goods are always "*worth what they cost*," and are of much more value to *me* than *Promises to Pay*. Perhaps they may not ask me for further favors while they are able to get credit any where else. To all other customers who have favored me with their patronage, I respectfully acknowledge my obligations, and I shall always be pleased to wait upon them to any article they wish to purchase.

I have now on hand a SUPERIOR STOCK of GOODS, and am able to supply

Physicians, Painters, Dyers, and Country Merchants

with any quantity they want at

Wholesale or Retail

And no effort of mine will be wanting to transact business on such *fair and honorable principles* as will give entire satisfaction *to all good customers*

With this "SHORT MANIFESTO," I remain, now as ever, in the enjoyment of a comfortable indifference to those whom it is impossible to please, while I am the ready and obedient servant of ALL OTHERS. Very respectfully, &c.

LEWIS BEECHER.

Fort Wayne, June 17, 1845.

THE

MIGHTY FALLS OF NIAGARA

Afford a sublime spectacle for the contemplation of the admirers of the wonderful works of nature;—But

The Tremendous Fall in Prices

OF ALL KINDS OF GOODS, AT

A. B. MILLER'S CHEAP STORE,

Must be witnessed to be properly appreciated, and affords a far more astonishing and attractive subject to those who wish to buy a

Large lot of Goods with a Little Money!

—ooo—

A. B. MILLER is now receiving his spring and summer supply of NEW GOODS, which having been laid in with a view to accommodate all classes of customers, will be found to embrace every variety of articles, from the finest and most fanciful to the stoutest and most durable; and the whole are offered at such low prices as must ensure their ready sale, and give entire satisfaction to the purchaser. All who want goods of any description are invited to call, and they cannot fail to be accommodated, as the stock includes every thing the wants of the country demand, and the prices are so low that all can purchase, and may get more with the little money they now have than they formerly could with their pockets full.

The new arrivals include well assorted stocks of

Dry Goods, Groceries, Glassware, Queensware, Iron, Nails, Glass, Paints, &c.

In the Dry Goods line will be found the most splendid lot of Calicoes, Muslin de Laines, and Alpaccas ever brought to the place, and at greatly reduced prices. Broadcloths, Sattinets, Jeans, Drillings, Vestings, and every kind of Summer Wear; Shirtings and Sheeting, &c. Also,

A great variety of Ladies' Fancy Goods,

such as Lawns, Balzarines, Silks, Dress Handkerchiefs, Scarfs, Shawls, &c. Veils, Ribbons, Laces, Edgings, Insertings, Gimps, Artificials, Jaconetts, Swiss and Mull Muslins, &c. Parasols and sun Shades, all qualities and prices, from 3s. up; Fans; Leghorn, silk, lawn, straw, and willow Bonnets, at half the price usually charged. City made Gaiters, Shoes, and slippers: children's do. do. all qualities; besides an endless variety of other articles, which it would take up the whole paper to enumerate.

Gentlemen's leghorn, palm, drab summer, and fur HATS of superior quality and latest style, BOOTS, Shoes, and Brogans, every sort from the finest calf to the stoutest double sole! cowhide—cheap.

Among the CROCKERY are some beautiful tea and Dinner Sets, of the latest styles, and much cheaper than ever before offered here; cups and saucers, plates and dishes, bowls and pitchers, &c.

The GROCERIES have been laid in with great care, and will be found particularly worthy the attention of all who delight in a really good article The Teas, Coffees, Sugars, &c. are far superior to any ever offered at the same prices.

Besides the usual assortment of Hardware, he has a lot of HOLLOW WARE, pots, kettles, griddles, spiders, &c. remarkably light, smooth, and well finished.

Perfumery, Drugs, Medicines, Dye Stuffs, &c.

Having obtained the Agency of several of the most celebrated and valuable PATENT MEDICINES, he can supply country dealers on the same terms as they could purchase of the manufacturers—Dr. Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry, Moffatt's Life Pills and Phœnix Bitters, Sand's Sarsaparilla, Sherman's Lozenges, Dalley's Magical Pain Extractor, Pease's Candy, &c.

Ashes, Black Salts, Ginseng, Seneca Snake Root, Hides, Butter, Eggs, Tallow, and all kinds of PRODUCE taken at their highest value for Goods at Cash Prices.

Fort Wayne, May 31, 1845.

NEW GOODS.

HAMILTON & WILLIAMS are now receiving their NEW STOCK of GOODS, a large and general assortment, including almost every article needed in Town or Country, all of which they will sell as low as can be found in the market.

Their Stock embraces every variety of

Staple and Fancy Dry Goods:

Among which are Broad Cloths, Cassimeres, Sattinets, Kentucky Jeans, Tweeds, Flannels, Tickings, Alpaccas, Muslins, Laces, every variety of Prints, new style; Heavy Sheetings, Wicking Batting, Cotton Yarn, long and short Reel. ALSO—

Family Groceries,

at reduced prices: very good Rio Coffee at 10 cts. per pound at retail, and lower by the bag; Teas, Sugar, Molasses, Rice, Indigo, Saleratus, Pepper, Spice, Madder, Cavendish and Common Tobacco, Raisins, Mackerel, Codfish, &c. &c., at corresponding low prices. ALSO—

*Crockery and Glass Ware, a general assortment: Also, Boots & Shoes, direct from the Manufacturers; Also, Eastern Sole

DR. FOLGER'S OLOSAONIAN,

OR

ALL-HEALING BALSAM.

THE Proprietor of this remedy, in offering it to the public, is actuated by a desire to benfit his fellow beings. From the commencement of his practice in the year 1823 his attention has been particularly directed to the various diseases which affect the Chest—he has watched their progress day by day—he has made trial through a series of years of the various remedies recommended by different reputable members of the faculty upon those who have applied to him for Medical advice, and is now able to form a correct opinion, not only of the virtues of the remedies commonly prescribed in such ailments, but also of the curability of the complaints for which the Olosaonian, is eccommended. He has paid the most unwearied attention, during his time to the numerous diseases of the Longs, in connection with the Liver and Digestion Organs, and has fully investigated the causes which lead to a fatal termination in the above mentioned diseases, and which may be attributed, in a great measure, to the treatment pursued in the early stages of the same.

The frequent solicitations of those who have been signally benefitted by this remedy have induced the proprietor to bring it before the public. He knows, from much experience, that Consumption is a disease which requires all the attention which can be bestowed upon it, and all the art which a well-informed practitioner of medicine can possibly bring to bear upon that complaint. He has been fully pursuaded that the course of treatment commonly pursued will generally lead to fatal results, and it is this conviction which has led him to labor diligently, with a view, if possible, to discover the proper means whereby health may be restored, and the Destroyer of the fair, the young, the beautiful be overcome. The cures which it has already performed shows that he is not offering a medicine which is worthless, or seeking after a reputation for having discovered a remedy to which he is not justly entitled. It has been used with the most astonishing success when all other means had apparently failed. It has given sweet slumber and repose to those whose rest has been broken by a tiresome and a tedious cough, it has allayed the Pain in the Chest consequent upon the same, and has, in numberless instances, overcome those dreadful symptoms which are often regarded as the precusors of Death viz., Hectic Fever and night sweats. It exerts a most salutary influence upon the Diseases of the Digestive Organs, as Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint, and the Consumption, when all other remedies made use of, not excepting the Blue Pill, seemed to aggravate the complaint. It is an effectual remedy in Asthma of long standing, especially in that kind which is denominated Periodical or Spasmodic; in fact, wherever persons are found who may be affected with Coughs, Colds, Spitting of Blood, Inflammation of the Lungs, Croup, Difficulty of Breathing, Asthma, Bronchitis, Soreness and Pain in the Chest, Dyspepsia, and Derangements of the Liver; this medicine will be found an invaluable remedy.

DR. FOLGER.

Dear Sir:—As your *Olosaonian*, or *All-Healing Balsam* has, under the blessing of Providence, performed such wonders for me when I had given up all hopes of myself and felt that I was rapidly approaching my end, I cannot feel satisfied unless I offer you a testimonial in its favor, for the benefits of those who may be suffering as I have suffered.

In the early part of last summer I took a severe Cold, while on Long Island. Previous to this I had suffered very much in consequence of long continued exposure, both by night and by day, and I coughed a great deal, but did not think seriously of my cough, or other symptoms. But while I was on Long Island I was obliged to walk several miles in haste, and at the end of my walk found myself in a profuse perspiration. Being very tired and overheated, I pulled off my coat and set down in the draught, and remained thus exposed for two or three hours. I slept there that night. On awaking the next morning, I could scarcely move. I felt pains in every part of my body, and was very stiff. I had a severe pain in my side, and could scarcely breathe. The usual remedies were made use of—I got a little better and towards the month of June was able again to be about. I was at this time very weak, and my Cough almost raked me to pieces. I continued my business as long as I could, but grew worse so fast, that about the last of July I was obliged to give up entirely. My *Cough* had increased wonderfully, so that, on the least exercise, became entirely exhausted with it. I raised a great deal of *Matter* from my Lungs, and had a constant *Pain* in my left Side. My *Breathing* was so short and quick that I could not move about, and was obliged to sit at home altogether. I had some *Fever* in the middle of the day, but at night it was burning hot, and left me towards three o'clock in the morning covered with a profuse cold *Perspiration*, which made me so weak that I had to soon take to my bed. I had lost my appetite, and felt myself sinking very fast. I applied to several Physicians—they gave me different medicines, but all told me I had the Consumption, and they could not do me any good. I was in this situation when I heard of your medicine, and was prevailed upon to try it. The very first week while using it I was relieved from my Cough and Shortness of Breat, and I felt encouraged to believe that, by persevering in its use, my other ailments would give way. In this hope I was not disappointed, for in a few more days the matter which I raised began to change its appearance, the pain in my side was less, and I began to get a little appetite. In about 3 weeks from the commencement of using your medicine, my night Sweats had left me, my appetite was restored, all my bad symptoms had gone away, and at this time I am gaining my flesh, my appetite is good, and I have no doubt that in a short time I shall be perfectly well. I am now about my usual business, and am strong again. Hoping you will not fail to make known the virtues of your Wonderful Remedy, for such I really believe it to be. I am, dear sir, yours, &c.,

GEORGE HAYES.

DR. FOLGER, N. Y. Jan. 3d, 1845.

Dear Sir.—Your OLOSAONIAN has performed a Remarkable Cure in my family. My mother-in law has been afflicted for years with Asthma, and had received but little benefit from the various remedies recommended to her until she tried your Balsam. A few doses entirely cured her, and there have been no recurrence of the disease since. I also used it myself for a severe Cough, and gave some to my children, and in every instance with the best results, curing all of us in a few hours. The remainder of the bottle I gave to one of our first Physicians, who was becoming alarmed at the continuance of a very troublesome Cold and Cough that threatened to lead to consumption. The half bottle entirely cured him. A medicine so uniformly successful should be known and possessed by all.

Dentist, 281 *Broadway*. Yours, &c.

A. C. CASTLE M. D.

The OLOSAONIAN has been administered with great effect at the "*Home for Sailors*" in Pearl Streets, under the direction of Captan Gelston. In every case of severe Cough where it was used produced an immediate cure, and in the various diseases of the Longs, where trial was made it has proved itself to be worthy of the reputation which it bears as an "All-Healing Balsam," for it cures where all other medicines seem to fail.

The Institution for Aged Indigent Females, and most of our other charitable institutions, have also used it with decided success in Asthma and Consumptive diseases. While other remedies Constipate the Bowels, and thus render it necessary to make use of Cathartic Medicine—by which means the good effect are in a measure destroyed and great debility produced—this remedy is free from those objections, as under its use the Bowels are free. And the curative properties are such that it has not in a single instance been known to fail.

The Proprietor would urge upon the purchaser not to be deceived, as there are many remedies offered for the cure of Diseases of the Longs, which may be forced upon them instead of the one here recommended. The name of *Dr. Folger's Olosaonian, or All-Healing Balsam* has been given to it to distinguish it from like remedies, and it is hoped that they will not allow any person to put them off with any other medicine when they wish to purchase the one above described.

Price only One Dollar per bottle.

A. B. MILLER,
Agent, Fort Wayne.

y—49

Wool Carding.

I Am now prepared to card wool at the Old Establishment on the St. Joe River. Persons wishing their wool carded, will please, if not convenient to take it up, to leave it at Messrs HANNA & SONS' Store, or JOHNS' MILL.

May 20, 1845, 3m H. RUDISILL.

FIRST ARRIVAL.

Ladies' Gaiters, Walking Shoes, &c.

L. G. BELLAMY is just receiving an assortment of superior city made Ladies' Gaiter Boots, Walking Shoes, &c., of the latest style. Also, Ladies half Gaiters, a new and splendid article. Childrens shoes in great variety.

may 3

SADDLERY.

A. B. MILLER has just received a splendid lot of SADDLERY which he is enabled to sell 25 per cent lower, than ever before offered in this place. The stock includes some splendid Spanish, Comanche, and Arkansas Saddles; common Do Side Saddles, very neat and cheap. Brass mounted and Japanned Gig Harness; Bridles, all kinds; Collars; Martingales, Girths, Surcingles; Carriage, Wagon and Riding Whips, Ivory mounted and plain, &c. &c.—All of the articles are of the best workmanship and materials and will be sold low for cash, ashes, black salts or produce.

June 14.

All Persons Indebted to me,

ON NOTES & MORTGAGES which are due, are hereby notified and requested to make payment before the first day of July next—If not whole in part. All are expected to pay the interest at least, and something on the principal, and those who are able and responsible are requested to make full payment. No indulgence can or will be given to those who neglect to pay up the interet in cash annually, and the undesigned avails himself of this opportunity of notify all persons interested that unless some payment is made he will in all cases pursue such a remedy as to insure payment in the most speedy manner possible.

SAMUEL HANNA.

Fort Wayne, June 4th, 1845. 4w 49.

Out Lots for Sale.

THE undersigned has laid out about one hundred acres of land into OUT LOTS containing from 5 to 15 acres each, between the St Marys and the canal, north of Fort Wayne, on the Goshen State Road, which he offers for sale, Terms of Sale—one-fourth in hand, and the balance in yearly payments, with interest. The property offered is beautifully situated, rich and fertile, and well calculated for residences, Gardens, or pastures, and is very desireable.

SAMUEL HANNA.

Fort Wayne, June 4th 1845. 3m 49

Zu Einwanderers!!

Es sind 80 Acker sehr gutes Land zu verkaufen. Es liegt in Jefferson township, 24 Acker sind unverarbeitet. Der Verkaufer bietet es zu einem billigen Preise an. Sollte sich einer melden um Land zu kauffen so lasz er sich doch nach dem obenerwahnten erkundigen; Welches er in die Sentinel Office gewhar werden kann.

FARMING LANDS For Sale.

THE subscriber wii give particular attention to sales of Lands, payment of Taxes, and all other matters pertaining to the business of a

General Land Agency

for Northern Indiana. He now, as Agent for the owners, offers for sale valuable lands in Northern Indiana, viz:—in

La grange co.	11,508 acres.	Wabash,	169
Steuben,	710	Miami,	1128
Noble,	160	Cass,	735
Wells,	560	Fulton,	722
Clinton,	598	Marshall,	640

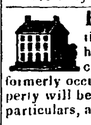
Also, for sale, 5000 acres in Michigan.

Terms of sale will be made favorable to purchasers.

For particulars, apply to the subscriber by letter, (post paid,) or at his office in Mason's building, corner of Columbia and Calhoun streets, Fort Wayne, Indiana.

JOSEPH K. EDGERTON.

Fort Wayne, March 8th, 1845. 36



For Sale or To Rent,

the pleasantly situated and convenient house and lot, 60 by 150 feet, at the corner of Lewis and Monroe streets, formerly occupied by T. J. Wallace. The property will be sold, or rented ow. For terms and particulars, apply at the office of the subscriber

JOSEPH K. EDGERTON.

March 8th, 1845. 36—

Leather.

A FEW TONS first rate Spanish and Eastern Sole and Upper Leather already received, and more coming, will be sold remarkably low.

may 3 L. G. BELLAMY.

Miss Paul's

FASHIONABLE

MILLINERY

BERRY STREET,
[Opposite the Market House.]

Fort Wayne,
INDIANA.

MISS PAUL respectfully informs the customers of her late mother, and the Ladies of Fort Wayne in general, that she intends to continue the business in the house formerly occupied by Rev. Mr. Rankin, opposite the Market house, where she will be happy to receive the calls of their old friends.

She will turn, clean and alter Straw and Leghorn Hats and Bonnets in the neatest style. Having a Patent Bonnet Press she can do them in a superior manner. She also keeps on hand and makes to order SILK BONNETS, CAPS, &c. of the latest fashion.

April 25th, 1845. 40—tf

Wagon and Carriage Making, &c.

THE subscriber respectfully informs the public, and the citizens of Fort Wayne, that he is still carrying on the WAGON AND CARRIAGE MAKING BUSINESS, on Main street, west of the Bank, near E. Broom's wagon shop, He is also making Ox, Cow, Sheep and Horse Bells, and intends keeping them constantly on hand, at wholesale or retail, as may suit his customers. Double and single Trees and Neck Yokes are also constantly on hand, well ironed and painted. Having had the experience of many years in the above business, and more particularly in the Bell business, he can say, without boasting, that he makes Bells that cannot be beat by any other Bell Maker in the world, and pledges himself to furnish an article altogether superior to any ever before offered for sale or used in this Western country. His Ox Bells are heard in good weather, from six to eight miles—smaller ones in proportion. He will repair old broken Bells, and make them as good, and oftentimes better, than they were before they were broken. The above articles can always be had at the Shop, or at the New York Hardware Store, on Columbia street, kept now by Mr. P. P. Bailey. He will take in exchange for any article in his line, copper, brass, lumber, butter, cheese, all kinds of grain, cattle, pork, beef, sugar, and Store Goods, but must have some money. He does not mean to undersell every body! On the contrary, he intends to have the highest price, but give the best bargains at that. His motto is, *go ahead, mind his own business only*, and hopes by so doing to merit the patronage of all well disposed business men.

He returns sincere thanks for the unexpected liberal patronage he has received, and asks the forgiveness of all those brother mechanics on whose toes he may have trod very hard; and would only say—spare his life and let him work hard, and do all the good he can a little longer. He wants to stay here in Fort Wayne, if he behaves himself right well.

WILLIAM COUNTRYMAN.

Fort Wayne, May 17th, 1845. 46—tf

Cash for Wheat.

FAIRFIELD & FREEMAN will pay cash at all times for any quantity of Wheat delivered at their Mill on the St. Mary's, about one [illegible] north west of Fort Wayne

HAMILTON & WILLIAMS,
Forwarding & Commission

MERCHANTS,

DEALERS IN

Staple and Fancy Dry Goods,

GROCERIES, IRON, STEEL, NAILS, GLASS, FLOUR, SALT, FISH, BUTTER, CHEESE, LARD, POT AND PEARL ASHES, & PRODUCE GENERALLY.

☞ Cash paid for Wheat. ☜

Corner of Columbia and Clinton streets, opposite City Mills.

Fort Wayne, May 10th, 1845. 45—tf

Storage. Advances Made.

I am now prepared to advance on Furs, Beeswax, Ginseng, Flour, Wheat, Pot and Pearl Ashes, and all kinds of Produce to ship East, to the amount of Fifty Thousand Dollars—the advance made in Cash the moment the Produce is deposited at my Warehouse.

Aug. 24, 1844. THOS. HAMILTON.

REFER TO:
Spofford, Tileson & Co.
John Steward, Jr., & Co. } New York.
Suydam, Sage & Co.
Hoes & Powers.

Coughs, Colds, Consumptions, &c.

IMPORTANT TO ALL THOSE AFFLICTED WITH DISEASES OF THE BREAST AND LUNGS.

Seven Thousand Cases of obstinate Pulmonary Complaints cured in One Year!!

WISTAR'S Balsam of Wild Cherry,

THE GREAT AMERICAN REMEDY

For Lung Complaints, and all Affections of the Respiratory Organs.

We do not wish to triffe with the lives or health of the afflicted, and we sincerely pledge ourselves to make no assertions as to the virtues of this medicine, and to hold out no hope to suffering humanity which fact, will not warrant.

We ask the attention of the candid to a few considerations.

Nature, in every part of her works, has left indelible marks of adaptation and design.

The constitution of the animals and vegetables of the torrid, are such that they could not endure the cold of the friged zone, and vice versa.

In regard to disease and its cure, the adaptation is not less striking.

The *Moss of Iceland*, the *Wild Cherry* and *Pine* of all Northern latitudes (and "Dr. WISTAR'S BALSAM," is a compound chemical extract from these) have long been celebrated for complaints prevalent only in cold climates.—Indeed the most distinguished medical men have averred that nature furnishes in every country antidotes for its own peculiar diseases.

CONSUMPTION in its confirmed and incipient stages, *Coughs, Asthma, Croup* and *Liver Complaint*, form by far the most fatal class of diseases known to our land. Yet even these may be cured by means of the simple yet *powerful* remedy (named above) and which are scattered, by a benificent Providence, wherever these maladies prevail.

☞ The case of THOMAS COZENS, of Haddonfield, N. J., is related by himself: and that all may know ITS ENTIRE TRUTH, the statement is sworn to before a Justice of the Peace.

HADDONFIELD, N. J., April 20, 1843.

On or about the 13th day of Dec., 1841, I was taken with a violent pain in the side near the Liver which continued for about five days, and was followed by the breaking of an ulcer, or something inwardly, which relieved the pain a little, but caused me to throw up a great quantity of offensive matter and also much blood. Being greatly alarmed at this, I applied to a physician but he said he thought he could do but little for me except give me some mercury pills, which I refused to take, feeling satisfied they could do me no good; many other remedies were then procured by my wife and friends and none did me any good, and the DISCHARGE OF BLOOD AND CORRUPTION still continued every few days, and at last became so offensive I could scarcely breathe. I was also seized with a violent cough, which at times caused me to raise much more blood than I had done before, and my disease continued in this way, still growing worse until February, when all hope of my recovery was given up, and my friends all thought I would die with a GALLOPING CONSUMPTION. At this moment when my life was apparently drawing near to a close, I heard of *Dr. Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry*, and got a bottle, which relieved me immediately, and by the use of only three bottles of this medicine, all my pains were removed, my cough and spitting of blood and corruption entirely stopped and in a few weeks my health was so far restored as to enable me to work at my trade, (which is a Carpenter) and up to this time I have enjoyed good health.

WITNESS:—I am acquainted with Mr. Thomas Cozens, and having seen him during his illness, I think the above statement entitled to full credit.

SAMUEL H. BURROUGHS.

Gloucester County, SS.

Personally came before me, the subscriber, one of the Justices of the Peace in and for the said county, Thomas Cozens, and being fully affirmed according to law, saith the above statament in all things is true.

THOMAS COZENS.

Affirmed before me the 20th day of April, 1843 } J. CLEMENT.

☞ We publish no fictitious statements.

☞ *Another remarkable instance of the curative properties of Dr. Wistar's Balsam. This case is reported to us by Messrs. Joslin & Rowe, highly respectable Druggists and Physicians, Newark, Ohio.*

BURLINGTON, Licking co., O., Dec., 1, 1843

Messrs. Joslin & Rowe:—About five years ago, Mrs. Wimer was attacked with a violent cough, pain in the chest and side, and symptoms of approaching consumption. During the interval from that time to some time in February last, she has been treated by eminent Physicians with only partial relief of the most urgent symptoms. About one year ago she caught a most violent cold, which settled upon the lungs producing an alarming aggravation of all her previous symptoms. Her physician was sent for and despite his best efforts, she began rapidly to sink under this disease. Cough, Expectoration Hectic, together with night sweats, soon reduced her to a complete skeleton. In February last her attending Physician, deeming her case altogether hopelesss, a council was called and later deliberating upon her case unanimously pronounced her to be beyond the reach of means and expressed their opinion that she could survive but a short time, one or two weeks at farthest. She was at this time entirely confined to her bed, and scarcely able to articulate, except in a whisper. Her daily paroxysms of coughing would last her uninterruptedly from 3 to 5 hours, and so severe were they, that we did expect that every paroxysm would be her last. It was at this last extremity that we happened to obtain a pamphlet, describing Dr. Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry as applicable to lung affections. I immediately sent to you and procured a bottle and commenced its use at evening by giving her one teaspoon full, and such was its ultimate effect, that after taking five bottles she was, contrary to the expectations of her physicians, and every one who saw her, entirely restored to health; and since last summer, has done the entire work of her family. After the last attack of Mrs. Wimer, our youngest child, then an infant at the breast, was taken down, and rapidly sinking with the same symptoms as its mother, and seeing the happy effect of the Balsam in the case of the mother, we were disposed to make trial of it for the child, and it was attended with the same perfect success.

The above statement can be attested by our physicians as well as our neighbors and acquaintances, who saw Mrs. Wimer during her illness.

Very truly, yours, &c.,

JOHN WIMER.

☞ "WISTAR'S BALSAM" is sold at $1 per bottle, or six bottles for $5. Sold in Cincinnati at the corner of of Fourth and Walnut sts, by

SANFORD & PARK,
Agents for the West.

Also sold in Fort Wayne by,

DR. L. BEECHER,

BLANK DEEDS—Neatly printed with new type on superfine paper, for sale at this office. Aug. 31, 1844.

Canvassed Sugar-Cured Hams.

HAMILTON and Williams have just received from Lafayette, 300 CANVASSED HAMS, put up in style far superior to any in this market, expressly for family use.

Families and Hotel keepers who are not supplied will do well to furnish their tables from our Warehouse while they last.

April 17th, 1845.

Furs and Peltries.

THE HIGHEST Market PRICE paid in CASH for all kinds of Furs and Peltries, at Taylor's New Warehouse, on the Canal, by

Dec. 28 WM. S. EDSALL.

HARDWARE.—A general assortment, selling off extremely low.

A. B. MILLER.

KENTUCKY JEANS, SATINETT AND TWEEDS.—Just received and for sale by

HAMILTON & WILLIAMS.

500 BUSHELS of Corn for sale by

C. A. GREY.

American House,

(ON THE PUBLIC SQUARE,)
FORT WAYNE, INDIANA.

LYSANDER WILLIAMS informs his friends and the travelling community that he has taken the above well known and commodious house, and is now prepared to entertain guests. Neither pains nor expense will be spared to make this house worthy the patronage of the public, and to give satisfaction to all who may call. His Table and Bar will always be furnished with the best the country affords, and every exertion used to promote and ensure the comfort and accommodation of his guests. As his charges will be moderate, he hopes to receive a share of the patronage of a liberal and discerning public.

*** *Good Stabling with careful Hostlers and plenty of Feed.*

March 13, 1845. y37

Tress Hoop Manufactory IN FORT WAYNE.

J. HOWE informs the Coopers of Northern Indiana that he has commenced the manufacture of TRESS HOOPS at the Machine Shop in the rear of the City Mills. All persons wanting the article would do well to give him a call, as he warrants his Hoops to be equal, if not superior, to any brought from the East. He asks no "protection," nor does he wish to have an entire monopoly of the matket; neither does he ask that articles in his line made elsewhere should have a heavy duty imposed on them that they might be sold the cheaper; but he hopes all friends of domestic industry will give a preference to home-made articles, when, as in this case, they are better and cheaper than the imported.

Orders from a distance supplied at short notice, and a liberal discount made to dealers.

WANTED,—Any quantity of but cuts of thrifty Black Young Hickory, from 6 to 12 inches through, eight feet long, and free from knots or curls. A liberal price paid on delivery.

All kinds of Produce taken in exchange for Hoops. Oct. 12, 1844.—y15

Splendid and Fashionable

Furniture & Chairs!

B. H. TOWER, informs the public that he is now carrying on the Cabinet and Chair making business in all its various branches. His Furniture and Chairs he warrants to be as well made and will sell as cheap as any other establishment in the country. He keeps on hand or will make to order all kinds of Rocking and WINDSOR CHAIRS, SIDEBOARDS, BUREAUX, Bedstead and Cradles, Work Stands, Tables, &c. &c.

B. T. especially invites the attention of the newly married, and those who intend to enter the matrimonial state to his warerooms, where they may find every article in his line which they may need either in commencing housekeeping or afterwards.

The public is invited to call at his warehouse no Columbia Street, one door east of Bellamy's Shoe Shop, and inspect some splendid Side boards Sofas, Dressing Bureaus, and Mahogany Chairs

City Mill Flour.

FRESH FLOUR, *Middlings, Bran, and Corn Meal* kept constantly for sale at the City Mills, for cash only.

Oct. 19. HAMILTON & WILLIAMS.

THE following goods just received and for sale:—Roller Ends and Pullies for Window Curtains, a few setts Brass Buggy Bands, Brass Escutcheon Pins, Razor Hones, Carriage and Tack Hammers, Carriage and Buggy Lace. Apply at P. P. BAILEY'S

Sept. 21, 1844. Hardware Store

FOR SALE,

20 Feet on Columbia street, and on the Canal, being immediately west of S. Hanna's new brick block on corner of Barr and Columbia streets. Apply to

March 14. G. JOHNSON.

Marble Tomb Stones.

THE subscriber has now and intends keeping on hand a supply of marble for Tomb Stones, &c., which he will engrave to order in a superior style, and as low as they can be had in the east, adding transpotation.

Orders from a distance promptly attended to.

JAMES HUMPHREY.

100 IRON TEA KETTLES for sale *cheap*. Also, 1 cask Ox and Log CHAINS P. P. BAILEY.

NEW AND RIFLE GUN MANUFACTORY.

THE subscriber returns thanks for the liberal patronage he has received since he commenced business in Fort Wayne, and informs his customers that he has removed to Clinton street, one door south of A B Miller's store, where he will always have on hand an assortment of

GUNS, RIFLES, PISTOLS,

and a quantity of *Rifle Barrels*, wholesale and retail, at eastern prices.

All kinds of repairing will be punctually attended to and done in the best manner, *cheaper than ever*, and *warranted*. All kinds of PRODUCE will be taken for work. The community will find it to their great advantage to give me a call.

WILLIAM IBA,
from Lancaster, Pa.

Bacon.

7000 LBS. finely cured Bacon Hams
6000 do do Shoulders
3000 do do Sides

At my Smoke House next door to the Register's Office, for sale by

WM. S. EDSALL.

Fort Wayne, Feb. 22d, 1845. 34

Boots and Shoes.

L. G. BELLAMY informs the Ladies and Gentlemen of Fort Wayne and vicinity, that he is now receiving a general assortment of Boots and Shoes of every variety, made in the latest style, and of the best materials and workmanship. Ladies' Gaiter and Walking Shoes, a very superior article. Misses' do. do. Also—every variety of Gentlemen's wear, from the finest Morocco boot to the strongest Stogas or Cow hides.

Coarse boots from 14 shillings to $3 00.

Womens' boots from $1 to $1 62; other articles equally cheap.

The above articles are of the best quality, and will be sold as low as can be bought in the west Boots and Shoes made to order, on the shortest notice. Nov. 9—6m19

Little Spinning Wheel Irons.

A Large lot for sale by

L. S. CHITTENDEN.

Notice.

WILFRED SMITH having purchased the interest of O. Smith & Co. in the firm of Smith & Edsall, the business will be continued as formerly under the name of

SMITH & EDSALL.

Ft. Wayne, May 1st, 1845. 2m 48 p.

Notice.

WILFRED SMITH having purchased the interest of O. Smith & Co. in the firm of S. H. Dudley & Co. the business will be Continued as formerly under the name of

S. H. DUDLEY & Co.

Ft. Wayne, May 1st, 1845. 2m 48 p.

Brandy and Port Wine

OF the best quality, for Medical purposes—as *pure* as it came from the *Custom House*, Just received and for sale at

BEECHER'S Drug Store.

Fort Wayne, May 20, 1845.

Land for Sale.

THE subscribers offer for sale a large quantity of Valuable Farming Lands situated in the counties of Allen, Huntington, Noble and Whitley, adjacent to the several county seats.

The above lands were selected at an early day with special reference to farming purposes and are not excelled either in *soil* or *location*. Title indisputable. They will be sold low for cash or on a liberal credit.

Those wishing to purchase are invited to call, as they cannot obtain better lands, or on more favorable terms.

WORTHINGTON & HOUGH.

Office on the corner of Columbia and Calhoun streets, entrance on Calhoun. tf—12

LAND FOR SALE.

THE subscriber has for sale 3 lots of Canal Land, pleasantly situated on the Canal and and Little river, 4 miles east of Huntington, Indianna. The land is well timbered, and is of fine soil. For terms, apply to the subscriber at Fort Wayne.

GEORGE JOHNSON.

Oct. 12 1844.

DYE STUFFS, of all kinds, a full assortment for sale at Beecher s Drug Store.

200 WEAVERS' REEDS, for sale cheap for Cash. THOS. HAMILTON

The Empire Mills,

At the St. Mary's Aqueduct, Western Addition to the City of Fort Wayne.

ARE now prepared to grind all Wheat or other grain that may be offered. CASH will be PAID for any quantity of good merchantable WHEAT.

Flour, Middling, Bran, Corn Meal, and Feed Stuff, kept constantly on hand.

Sept. 28, 1844.

WANTED,—Beeswax, Ginseng and Seneca Snake Root in exchange for Family Moceries, Drugs, Medicines, Paints, or Dye Stuffs,

BEECHER'S Drug Store.

To Merchants and Grocery Keepers.

25 Kegs Austin & Co.'s celebrated Rifle POWDER.
3 half kegs do. do. do.
10 qr. kegs do. do. do.

For sale at manufacturers' prices, by

June 8 R. P. JONES.

FEVER & AGUE

Chill Fever, Dumb Ague, Intermittent & Remittent Fevers & all the various forms of Bilious Diseases

SPEEDILY & THOROUGHLY CURED

by Dr Osgood's India Cholagogue

This invaluable medicine was prepared from an extensive practice of several years in a bilious climate, and is NEVER KNOWN TO FAIL of curing *Fever* and *Ague*, or any of the above diseases.

It is equally effectual for the cure of LIVER COMPLAINT, JAUNDICE, ENLARGEMENT OF THE LIVER; also, ENLARGEMENT OF THE SPLEEN, called *Ague Cake*, and the various forms of bilious INDIGESTION. These, with the other varied affections of such climates, arising from a common *miasmal cause*, are only modifications of the *same disease*, and equally controlled by the *same remedy*.

Residents of bilious climates, EMIGRANTS, or persons *travelling through infected districts of country*, will find the Cholagogue an invariable and absolute PREVENTIVE.

Each bottle of medicine is accompanied with a *Pamphlet* on the "Causes, Treatment, and Cure of Fever and Ague, and other Diseases of Bilious Climates," containing much valuable information, and may be had *gratis* of the undersigned agent. DR. L. BEECHER.

Fort. Wayne, May, 1845.

10 BALES SHEETING, for sale from 7 to 10 cents per yard.

Aug. 24. THOS. HAMILTON.

NAILS & GLASS—Of the best quality, and all sizes. C. A. GREY.

WHITE DOG—For sale by

HAMILTON & WILLIAMS.

Hog Skins for Saddlers' use,

A SUPERIOR article, tanned with Spanish Sumac, for sale at the Hardware Store of

Sept. 21, 1844. P. P. BAILEY.

FLOUR AND FEED STUFFS.—Superfine flour, Buckwheat flour, Corn meal, ship stuff, bran, &c., kept at all times, on hand, at the City mills. HAMILTON & WILLIAMS.

Produce Wanted.

THE subscribers will pay the highest market price for Wheat, Oats, Flour, Timothy and Clover seed. HAMILTON & WILLIAMS.

Sep. 16, 1843. 12

The Brag Plough

THE undersigned having obtained the right making and vending SPROUSE'S PATENT DIAMOND PLOUGH, for the county of Allen is ready to furnish those persons who stand in need of a Plough (none of your common things,) with a good article. The subscriber having used said Plough can recommend it as surpassing any thing of the kind ever before offered for sale in this country. Call at my place 2½ miles south of Fort Wayne, or at George Baker's shop, on Calhoun street. F. D. LASSELLE

100 Boxes Glass, of the best quality, embracing all sizes, will be sold for cash at reduced prices by

HAMILTON & WILLIAMS.

100 *tons Black Salts and* 15,000 *Bushels of Ashes wanted* for which the highest price will be paid by A. B. MILLER.

Book-Keeping.

A CARD.—The undersigned respectfully tenders his services as a *Book-Keeper and General Accountant* to such Merchants, Mechanics, Shop keepers, and others, of Fort Wayne, as do not carry on a business large enough to justify them in employing a regular Book-Keeper.—He will give his time and labor for an hour, several hours, a day, week, or month, (as may be required) and charge accordingly.

When not otherwise engaged, he may be found at the counting-house of Messrs. SINCLEAR & EDSALL. G. W. KIMBERLEY.

Feb. 1. tf30

School Books.

20 DOZ. Elementary Spelling Books;
12 " McGuffey's Eclectic first, second and third and fourth Readers;
10 doz. Pike and Smith's Arithmetics;
5 " Webster's Dictionary;
Olney's Geography, Methodist Hymns;
Psalms and Hymns, Note Books;
Ledgers and Blank Books, of all descriptions, for sale at S. HANNA & SONS'

GEORGE JOHNSON. E. A. McMAHON.

Johnson & McMahon,

Attorneys at Law,

FORT WAYNE, INDIANA.

Office on the corner of Main and Clinton streets, north east of the Bank.

February 22d, 1845. 34

ROBERT LOWRY,

Attorney and Counsellor at Law,

GOSHEN,
ELKHART CO. INDIANA,

Will practice in the courts of Elkhart and the neighboring counties, and attend to all business usually transacted by the profession. y37

D. H. COLERICK. J. G. WALPOLE

COLERICK & WALPOLE,

Attorneys at Law,

FORT WAYNE,

WILL attend to any business entrusted to their care in the Allen Circuit Court and in the Supreme and U. S. Courts at Indianapolis.

OFFICE—On Berry street. April 6, '44.

S. G. UPTON,

Attorney and Counsellor at Law,

BLUFFTON, WELLS COUNTY, IA.

All professional business entrusted to his care, will be faithfully attended to.

He will also attend to the sale of lands, payment of taxes, and all business connected with Land Agency, &c. aug 2 4-1y

F. P. RANDALL,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW AND MASTER IN CHANCERY.

FORT WAYNE, Indiana.

Office in Clinton street, two doors south of H. Colerick's Brick Store.

R. BRACKENRIDGE, JUN.

Attorney and Counsellor at Law

FORT WAYNE, INDIANA.

Will attend to the Collection, Adjustment, or Securing of Debts, the Payment of Taxes, Purchase and Sale of Lands, and Examination of Titles in any part of Indiana.

Refers to—
W. G. & G. W. Ewing, Fort Wayne,
A. Hamilton, "
S. Hanna, "
Hugh McCulloch, "
Alfred Harrison, Indianapolis,
Richard Suydam, New York,
W. Hyslop, "
Alex. Kevan, "
Jos. Jackieson, "
J. D. & C. Jones, Cincinnati, Ohio.

Office near the Bank, north of Treasurer's office

LYSANDER WILLIAMS,

Attorney at Law,

FORT WAYNE, IA.

Office on Calhoun street, over B. Smith's Store.

REFERENCES

Hon. Jas. W. Borden, Fort Wayne.
H. McCulloch, Esq. "
Capt. Jos. Morgan, "
Michael. G. Bright, Esq. Madison.
Gov. Whitcomb, Indianapolis.
Hon. John Law, Vincennes.

☞ Collections and Land Agency punctually attended to throughout the state.

ELLIS WORTINGTON, JOHN HOUGH, JR.

Law Office,

FORT WAYNE, INDIANA.

WORTHINGTON & HOUGH have opened an office for the practice of Law at Fort Wayne, Indiana.

They will give particular attention to the collection and securing of debts; also to the sale of lands, payment of taxes, &c. in Northern Indiana. All business entrusted to their care will be promptly and faithfully executed.

Office in Mason & Smith's new block, corner of Columbia and Calhoun streets. Entrance on Calhoun street.

JOHN HOUGH, JR.

NOTARY PUBLIC,

Commissioner of Deeds, &c. for the state of N. York

JOSEPH K. EDGERTON,

(Late of the city of New York,)

Attorney and Counsellor at Law,

FORT WAYNE, ALLEN, COUNTY, IA.,

WILL attend to professional business in its various departments in this State. He will also give particular attention to sales of real estate, payment of taxes, and all other matters pertaining to the business of a General Land Agency, for Northern Indiana.

Office in the 2d story of Smith & Mason's building, corner of Columbia and Calhoun sts.

OLIVER P. MORGAN,

NOTARY PUBLIC,

May be found at Bigger & Edgerton's Office, 2d story of Smith & Mason's building, corner of Columbia and Calhoun streets.

Medical Notice.

DOCTOR SNYDER respectfully informs the public that he continues the practic of Medicine and Surgery.

Office—Up stairs, over Benj. Sanders' Grocery Store, and opposite Peter Kiser's Shop.

Fort Wayne, Ind., Oct. 19, 1844.

Medical Notice.

T. M. BANKS, M. D., having located himself in Fort Wayne, would respectfully inform the citizens of said place and vicinity, that he will attend to any and all calls pertaining to his profession.

Office over H. Durrie's Hardware Store, Calhoun street. Residence on Berry street, one door west of the law office of H. Cooper, Esq.

Medical Notice.

DR. AYRES will attend to the practice of MEDICINE in Fort Wayne and the surrounding country; and will at any hour, promptly attend to the calls of those who may thus favor him.

Office one door east of the Post Office. Residence on Lafayette street, opposite Mr. McJunkin's school room.

Sep. 23, 1842 y13

DR. L. BEECHER,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN

DRUGS, MEDICINES

PAINTS, OILS, DYE STUFFS,
PERFUMERY, &c. &c.

Two doors east of the Printing office, northside Columbia street,

FORT WAYNE, IA.

S. HANNA & SONS,

STORAGE, FORWARDING AND

Commission Merchants,

AND DEALERS IN

DRY GOODS,

GROCERIES, FLOUR, SALT, &c. &c.

Store on the corner of Columbia and Barr streets, Fort Wayne, Ia.

18] R. P. JONES, [44

Forwarding and Commission Merchant

AND DEALER IN

Pork, Flour, Wheat, Pot & Pearl Ash,

SALT, &c. &c. &c.

FORT WAYNE, IA.

Liberal Advances made on Produce consigned for the Eastern Market.

Refer to
J. J. Palmer, Pres't. Merch. Bank, N. Y.
Messrs. Benedict & Tompkins, N. Y.
Messrs. Holbrook, Carter, & Co. Boston

Land for Sale.

THE subscriber having been legally authorised by the owners of various tracts of land, is now ready to sell and execute conveyances for the same. The land lies in the counties of Allen, Adams, Noble, DeKalb, Steuben, and Lagrange, Indiana; it was selected and entered by a practical farmer, with an eye to quality of soil and advantage of location for agricultural purposes, and is believed to be a least equal in value to any lands now in market. Title indisputable. Prices to corre

THE FORT WAYNE SENTINEL.

VOLUME 6.—No. 2. FORT WAYNE, IA., SATURDAY, JULY 19, 1845. WHOLE NUMBER 558.

THOMAS TIGAR,
EDITOR & PUBLISHER.
IN THE THIRD STORY OF BARNETT AND FAIRNA'S NEW BUILDING, COLUMBIA STREET.

TERMS:
$2.00 PER ANNUM IN ADVANCE,
$2.50 IF PAID WITHIN SIX MONTHS,
$3.00 AT THE END OF THE YEAR.

☞ All letters on business must be post paid or they will not be attended to.

☞ Advertisements inserted for Ten cents per line for three weeks—Five cents for each three subsequent insertions, when consisting of 10 lines or over; but no advertisement inserted for less than $1. Job Work done on the usual terms.

Sands' Sarsaparilla,

For the removal and permanent cure of all Diseases arising from an impure state of the Blood or habit of the System.

This Medicine is constantly performing incredible cures of diseases arising from impurities of the blood and general system. It has arrested and cured numerous cases of scrofulous affections, diseases of the skin, rheumatic gout, diseased liver, painful and dangerous enlargement of the knee, elbow, and wrist joints, chronic rheumatism, sore throat, chronic constitutional disorders, and various other diseases arising from impure secretions.

In this preparation are strongly concentrated all the medicinal properties of Sarsaparilla, compound with other valuable extracts, the whole strength of which is extracted on an entirely new principle. The great object desired is now accomplished, in the production of a remedy possessing a controlling power over hitherto incurable diseases.

A mass of the most overwhelming testimony could be brought forward proving most conclusively its inestimable value as an active and curative medicine.

The following certificate, recently received was addressed to our agent in Madison, Ga. The patient was greatly afflicted with scrofula and Mercurial sores—had tried various remedies without any benefit, and the afflicted are now invited to read what he says in reference to Sands' Sarsaparilla:

Madison, Ga., August 5, 1844.

C. F. Herrman, Esq.—Dear Sir: As I have derived so much benefit from the use of Sands' Sarsaparilla, I feel it a duty I owe to the community to make the acts in my case public.—I was afflicted four years with running sores, and felt pieces on my lower extremities, and also suffered severely from mercurial sores on other parts of my body, from the effects of blue pill and other mercurials. I tried remedy after remedy, but they all availed nothing until I obtained a bottle of Sands' Sarsaparilla, which I found benefitted me very much. I continued its use until I had taken eight bottles, when I was perfectly cured. Judging from my own case, I have reason to believe Sands' Sarsaparilla is the very best remedy for scrofula and mercurial sores—that it is entirely eradicates the poison from the system. After four years of almost continued suffering I now find myself a well man—entirely recovered.

Yours respectfully, William Banks.

The following interesting case is presented, and the reader invited to its careful perusal. Comment on such evidence is unnecessary.

Nantucket, Mass., 8th mo. 31, 1844.

A. B. & D. Sands.—Esteemed Friends: Although an entire stranger to you, I do not feel at liberty any longer to defer the acknowledgement of a great indebtedness to you for your valuable Sarsaparilla, which has been the means, under a kind Providence, of my inexpressible relief.—I am almost urged to this acknowledgement by reflecting, that by my humble testimony hundreds of sufferers, miserable as I have been, may be induced to try this remedy, and experience a cure as speedily and happy in result. For ten years I have been suffering under a scrofulous affections of my Bones in my head, and during a great part of the time, my pain and suffering were so severe, that but for a reliance of the Great Disposer of events, I should inevitabled and much preferred death itself. At different periods during my sickness, twenty pieces of bone have been taken from my head in various ways, besides all my upper teeth, and the entire upper jaw, rendering the mastication of food quite impossible. After expending about six hundred dollars for medical aid, I had recourse to your justly celebrated Sarsaparilla, and within the last three months the use of twelve bottles has, with the most beneficial operation, completely arrested the disease, the healing process is going forward, and I am rapidly approaching a perfect cure. Being extremely anxious that others laboring under similar complaints, may have the advantage of my experience, I shall be most happy at any time to communicate to them or to you, such further and more minute particulars as may be desired. Please accept assurances of my great obligation and regard. Benjamin M. Bussey.

Nantucket, 8th Mo. 31, 1844.

A. B. & D. Sands—Respected friends: Benjamin M. Mussey is a person of perfect responsibility; his statement in relation to the wonderful effects of your Sarsaparilla upon him, may be implicitly relied upon. His case here is considered in an extraordinary one, and the cure altogether is such as to entitle the Sarsaparilla to be ranked as a great blessing to the human family, and we consider it as such.

Yours with title regard, Wm. Mitchell,
Cashier of the Pacific Bank, Nantucket.

For further particulars and conclusive evidence of its superiority value and efficacy, see pamphlets, which may be obtained gratis.

Prepared and sold, wholesale and retail, by A. B. & D. SANDS, Druggist, 79 Fulton st. N. Y.
Sold also by A. B. MILLER.
Agent for the Proprietors, at Fort Wayne, Ind.

Sold also by Druggists generally throughout the United States. Price $1 per bottle: six bottles for $5.

☞ The public are respectfully requested to remember that it is Sands' Sarsaparilla that has and is constantly achieving such remarkable cures of the most difficult class of diseases to which the human frame is subject; therefore ask for Sands' Sarsaparilla: and take no other.

DALLEY'S
Magical Pain Extractor Salve,
THE WONDER & BLESSING OF THE AGE.

THIS sanative when thoroughly known of it will be earnestly sought by every humane Doctor and Parent.

Not only does it rapidly cure what any thing else can, but in addition conquers a host of diseases which have ever *defied the skill of every age.* Besides it has six intrinsic attributes unknown before in medicine. Viz: entire control over Fire injuries—over every kind of inflammation—over all pains, even of the worst Burns, Bruises, Sores, Piles, blistered Surfaces, &c., and finally, leaving no Scar. And has removed fire scars and contracted chords of eighteen years date.

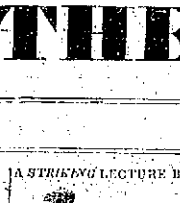
The limits of an advertisement will not permit an enumeration of all the cases where this invaluable remedy has been found beneficial.—Pamphlets can be had, *gratis*, of the undersigned, giving well authenticated certificates of cures effected by it, in cases of Burns, Scalds, Rheumatic Affections, Fistulas, Nervous Headache, Piles, Black Tongue, Erysipelas, Broken Breasts, Fallons, Carbuncles, Fever Sores, Spald-head, Salt Rheum, Barbers' Itch, White Swelling, Scrofulous Humors, &c. &c.

Sold by HENRY DALLEY, Albany, N. Y. the Inventor, Manufacturer and sole Proprietor. Also by his agent in Fort Wayne,
May 31st—y. A. B. MILLER.

CALICOES.—A general assortment of the most recent styles, just received by
HAMILTON & WILLIAMS.

TEA.—Fine flavored Hyson, Young Hyson and Imperial, for sale low.
A. B. MILLER.

A STRIKING LECTURE BY MR. CAUDLE.



Mr. Caudle pays too much for his goods—Mrs. C. gives him a great, and shows that the Niagara *is the only store for bargains.*

I declare, Mr. Caudle, it would provoke a saint to see what kind of goods you buy; and the prices you pay for them, too!—You must be a rich man, Mr. Caudle, if you can afford to fool away your money this way. You might have saved one-half if you had bought at A. B. Miller's Niagara Store—and had much better articles, too. They are good enough, are they? I tell you they are not good enough, but you think any thing good enough for your poor wife now; it was not always so Mr. Caudle. You don't know the worth of a good wife, nor won't until you lose me. When I die broken hearted with your unfeeling conduct, you won't then think any thing would have been good enough for me. I tell you, Mr. Caudle, you will bring you poor family to beggary if you don't manage better. It makes me dishearten when you buy the little you want! I tell you it does make difference. For the price you paid for these poor common goods, you could have good genteel fashionable articles at the Niagara, and your family might have looked respectable without its costing any more than it does to have them look as mean as they will now have to. Just look around when you are at church and see how much better other men's wives are dressed than I am, and all because they buy at the Niagara. Church is no place to exhibit; he is best dressed! That's all you know about it. I say it is the very place.—If folks don't wear their best at Church I should like to know where they would wear them. You could get better calico at the Niagara for 15 cents than you have paid 2 shillings for, and with what you saved on this you could have bought little Caroline a parasol; the sun is burning that poor child dreadfully, and I should not wonder if she was to be overcome with the heat and fall sick and die—she looks sickly already—and a I, Mr. Caudle, when you could have bought her a parasol at the Niagara for 3 shillings!

You ought certainly to get something for that dear child to take, if you didn't wish to lose her. At the Niagara one to be had some suitable assistances—the numbers they have already cured in this place—saved, I may say, from an untimely grave, is really astonishing. There's the Oldshannon, Dr. Swayne's Syrup of Wild Cherry, Sand's Sarsaparilla, Peter's Candy; Sherman's Lot——that's my fright! and quackery!! Mr. Caudle, I'll expose your ignorance. Those medicines are worth more than all the calomel and poison in the Doctor's "Drug Store" notwithstanding its eignarole and by perfinity about *Cat tracks of all sizes, Jaw bones of Earthquakes, and Fiery Creatures with Vulcan's Mountings!* I am sure no christian man would put such stuff in the paper if he did not mean to poison somebody.

Goods are certainly cheaper at the Niagara than any other store, and a wonderful bright hotel! Look at Mrs. Spiggins, what a love of a bonnet she got at the Niagara for $5 00—better by half than mine which cost $8 00! So it is with every thing. That moe whom sugar we saw at Mrs. Gadsby's did not cost as much as this dark dirty-looking stuff—and then her beautiful tea set! but she buys all at the Niagara, and that accounts for her always having every thing of the best. Her husband is a sensible man; he knows where bargains are to be had. Don't tell me you will trade where you like! You shall not ruin yourself in this way. You shall trade at A. B. MILLER'S, the Niagara Store—There you can always find a full assortment of every thing a person wants—and they are always the best and cheapest in the place. I tell you you must—you must.—buy at the Niagara. Don't let me ever again catch you buying any where else!

CONSUMPTIVES,
Read the Wonderful Cure Performed by
DR. SWAYNE'S
Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry.

This wonderful cure performed by this invaluable medicine, in Pulmonary CONSUMPTION, Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis, Influenza, Whooping Cough, Croup, Spitting blood, Liver Complaint, Pain in the Side and Breast, Tickling or Raising in the Throat, and all diseases of the Lungs and Breast, have excited the astonishment of all who have witnessed its marvellous effects; there is no amount of testimony, from the most ancient, furnishing a parallel; the almost miraculous cures effected by this extraordinary medicine are unprecedented.

IMPORTANT TESTIMONY.

Dr. Swayne: Dear Sir—In last October, while engaged with Mr. Joseph Smith, in a saw mill near Waynesburg, I was attacked, with a cough, from being exposed at night, which gradually increased, attended with spitting of blood, and a severe pain in my breast, loss of appetite, fever, etc. etc. which was scarcely supportable. I had a family who were wholly dependent on my exertions for support, yet was obliged to leave my business and return home. I was then attended by several Physicians, but still grew worse, until my medical attendants gave me up as incurable. Subsequently, my wife observing in one of the public prints, and subsequently at of *Dr. Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry,* Prepared and one bottle from Francis McClure, your agent in Lewistown, which relieved me, I continued until I had taken five bottles: I am now able to return to my work again. I write this to offer you my sincere thanks, and you are at liberty to make this known as that if any human being is suffering as I have been, they may have recourse to your invaluable medicine.

Yours, John P. Bayne.
Lewiston, Del.

☞ Be cautious to ask for the original Dr. Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry, as all other preparations from this valuable tree are fictitious and counterfeit. Prepared only by Dr. Swayne, *whose office has been removed to the N.W. corner of Eighth and Race streets,* Phila.
A. B. MILLER,
May 31—y. Agent, Fort Wayne.

BLACKSMITH'S TOOLS.—English Anvils and Vices, Hand and Sledge Hammers, Bellows, Screw Plates, Rasps, Files, Horse Nails, &c. for sale by P. P. DALLEY,
At the "New York Hardware Store."

LIQUEURS.—Genuine L L Irish Whiskey, Brandy, Gin, Wine, &c.
A. B. MILLER.

Pork, Lard, &c.

30 barrels fine corn fed mess Pork
20 do prime do
6000 lbs. heavy side pork
Call on me at the Register's Office on the corner of Main and Clay streets, in the western addition.
WM. S. EDSALL.
Fort Wayne, Feb. 22, 1845.

MONUMENT & TOMB STONES
FOR SALE.

A splendid Monument and two Tom Stones for sale on very reasonable terms. Inquire at the Bakery of the subscriber.
DAVID SCHWIMLEY.
Fort Wayne, April 26, 1845. 43-3m.

BIOGRAPHICAL SKETCH OF GEN. JACKSON.

The following facts are compiled from Kendall's Life of Jackson.

Andrew Jackson was born on the 15th of March 1767, in the 'Waxhaw' settlement, South Carolina. His parents were emigrants from Ireland, who had settled in the place two years before, where they followed the industrial occupation of farming. They belonged to that class of the Irish people called the yeomanry, distinguished for the quiet virtues of honesty, sobriety, and hospitality. Shortly after the birth of Andrew Jackson, his father died, leaving him, along with two elder brothers, to be provided for by their mother—a woman who seems to have possessed many of the excellent virtues of her sex. The patrimony left by Jackson's father was small—not enough to educate liberally her three sons; it was, therefore determined that the youngest should be brought up in the ministry, while the brothers, Hugh and Robert, should follow the calling of their father. Andrew accordingly, was sent to a flourishing school in the settlement, until the revolutionary war brought an enemy into the neighborhood. It now became necessary for even the boys to shoulder the musket or rifle, and at the tender age of fourteen; encouraged by his patriotic mother, young Jackson, accompanied by his brothers, sought the ranks of the American army, and gauged himself under its banners.

The Waxhaw settlers, among whom were the Jacksons, were obliged to retire before the British in South Carolina. They, however, soon returned to the Waxhaws.—Shortly after their return, a band of hunty patriots, with whom were Andrew Jackson and one of his brothers, (the other having already perished at the battle of Stono) were surprised and routed by a superior British force, many of their number being taken prisoners. Jackson and his brother escaped, but on the following day, having entered the house of a friend to procure food, they were captured by a marauding party of the enemy. An anecdote is told of Jackson's conduct on this occasion. Being ordered by a British officer to wipe the mud off his boots, Jackson peremptorily refused. On his continuing to refuse obedience to the commands of the officer, the latter became enraged, and, drawing his sabre, struck at the head of young Jackson, which blow Jackson caught with his left hand, receiving a wound, the mark of which he carried with him to his grave. His brother for a similar offence, had his head laid open by a sword wound, which afterwards caused his death.

The two brothers were carried to Camden, where they were imprisoned until after the battle of Camden, when they were released by the exertions of an affectionate mother. This heroic woman shortly after expired near the city of Charleston, in which place she has gone on an errand of mercy—the relief of the suffering American prisoners. Jackson's remaining brother also died about the same time, leaving him friendless in the world.

The war was brought to a close, and Jackson having contracted an intimacy with some wealty and rather dissolute young men belonging to Charleston, and who had been staying at the Waxhaws; now accompanied them on their return home. In such company his small patrimony soon dwindled away, and was hourly contracting pernicious habits. Before it was too late, however, by an energetic step, he broke off from his evil associates, and in the winter of 1784, at the age of 18, he retired to Salisbury, N. C., where he entered a lawyer's office, and commenced the study of law. In two years he was admitted to practice, and not liking Salisbury as a theatre for his talents, he emigrated to Tennessee, where, in 1788, he located himself permanently. Here he soon established lucrative practice, and was also distinguished among the citizen soldiers and bold spirits of the place as one of the boldest.

In 1796, he was elected one of the members of a convention assembled to frame a constitution for the State. In the following year he was sent to Congress, to the House of Representatives, and in the next he became a member of the United States Senate. He resigned, however, in the same year, not being satisfied with his political duties at Washington. While he was still at Washington in the capacity of Senator, the Tennessee militia, without consultation with him, had elected him their Major General, which rank he continued to hold until 1814, when he received the same grade in the regular army. Immediately on his return from Congress he was appointed one of the Judges of the Supreme Court of Tennessee. He entered upon the duties of his office his farm on Cumberland river, about twelve miles above Nashville. Here he remained occupied with rural pleasits and pleasures, until the news of a war with Great Britain in 1812 called him once more into the service of his country.

When the U. S. Government authorized the calling out of volunteers, Jackson as Major General published a spirited proclamation to his division, to which 2500 brave fellows readily responded, and assembled in Nashville. Jackson received instructions with reluctance, and laid them down as soon as he conveniently could, retiring to to carry them down the Mississippi, for the defence of the lower country, which was thought to be in danger. In the month of January, 1813, he conducted his troops to Natchez, where he had been instructed to await further orders. Here he continued several weeks drilling his army. The danger of invasion on this quarter passed over, and Jackson received orders from the Secretary of war to disband his troops, and to deliver up the wagons, public stores &c., to Gen. Wilkinson, of the U. S. Army, then commanding in this district. This order, Gen. Jackson thought proper to disobey, alleging as his excuse that the volunteers when disbanded, could not reach home in safety, and that many of them would be obliged to enlist in the regular army. He therefore retained his military stores, and marched his volunteers into Tennessee, there disbanded them formally.

He was not permitted to remain long inactive. The Creek Indians, south of Tennessee river, excited by British emissaries, and infatuated by the representations of the celebrated Chief Tecumseh, had become hostile to the United States, and were murdering the defenceless inhabitants on the frontiers. Fort Mimes, to the Tensaw settlement, had been captured by a band of braves, and 300 hundred persons savagely butchered. Only seventeen escaped. The people of Tennessee were exasperated by the news and all eyes were turned towards Jackson. The legislature ordered out 3000 men at the head of whom, in the middle of October, Jackson crossed the Tennessee river and entered the hostile territory. He shortly after fought the battle of Talladegan, in which nearly five hundred were killed and captured, but was obliged for the want of provisions to return to Fort Strother his head quarters. From the repeated failures of the contractors to supply his army, the troops exhibited the extreme of hunger, and at last became discontent and mutinous.—Jackson used every effort to prevent their return, and succeeded in quelling revolt. Having waited in vain for supplies, he was at last compelled to yield his reluctant consent to their return, and was thus deserted by all but about 100 brave men. In January, a fresh force of 800 volunteers having reached him, he proceeded to Emuckaw Creek, on the Tallapoosa river, where he fought the field. From the weakness of his force, however, he was obliged to retreat to Fort Strother.

Towards the end of February, his army was increased by a fresh draught of militia to the number 2600, and he commenced his march for the 'House Shoe' Bend, (Tohopeka) on the Tallapoosa river. Here the hostile tribes, had concentrated their strength, and having fortified the bend, were determined to make a desperate and fatal stand.—Jackson arrived in the neighborhood of Tohopeka on the 20th of March, and on the morning of the 27th, commenced the attack. But the attack and defence were managed with exceeding skill, and the contest was severe and bloody. The Tennessesans, however, at last drove the savages from their strong hold with immense loss. Hardly two hundred escaped out of 1000 warriors, who would neither give nor receive quarter. These only stole away in the darkness of the night.

The defeat of Tonopeka broke the war spirit of the Indians, and the hostile chiefs soon after submitting, the campaign was brought to a close, and the Tennessee army returned to their homes, and were discharged.

Gen. Jackson was now appointed Commissioner to enter into a treaty with the conquered tribes, during the ratification of which he received information that a British force had been landed at Pensacola, under the very eye of the Spanish Governor, and were proceeding to arm and equip hordes of savages who had taken shelter in the neutral territory. He accordingly sent advices to the government and urged the necessity of dismantling this fortress. In the meantime this British force, with Col. Nichols at its head, attacked the American post of Fort Bowyer, but were repulsed with severe loss. General Coffee now arrived on the spot with two thousand well armed Tennessesans, and Jackson, placing himself at the head of this force, entered Pensacola drove out the British and Indians, and reduced the Spanish Governor to terms. He did not hold the place long, as he had become convinced that New Orleans was the chief object of attack, and thither he marched on the 1st of December. Making the city of New Orleans his head quarters, he prepared for its defence.

On the 16th, the British forces entered the lakes lying on the east of New Orleans, and on the 23d, General Jackson received certain information that they were making a landing through the *Bayou Bienvenu*, about eight miles below the city, on a narrow strip of land lying between the river and swamp, and running all the way to the city. Jackson immediately marched to the spot, and reached it about dark made an attack on the the enemy. The spirited attack was kept up for several hours in the dark, when the troops, getting into some confusion were withdrawn to await the morning light. The battle of the 23d was the means of saving New Orleans, as it had the effect of re-training the British troops, until the American commander completed his breastwork which afterwards opposed their advance upon the city.

On the morning of the 24th, learning the superior strength of the enemy, Jackson saw the necessity of acting on the defensive, and immediately commenced throwing a breastwork across the narrow neck of land which offered the only approach to the city. This the enemy allowed him sufficient time to complete. They attacked it upon the 27th, but were repulsed with severe loss. They again assailed it on the 1st of January with similar fortune. But their final attack was planned for the 8th. On the morning of this day, the British column, 10,000 strong, with their commander in Chief, Sir E. Packenham at their head, moving on to the attack. The fire of the American lines opened upon them and they fell beneath the deadly hail of three thousand rifles. They wavered and retreated, and were again halted by brave officers. It was in vain—their Commander in Chief had fallen—and nearly three thousand of their comrades lay dead before their lines, and after several successful attempts to reach the invulnerable breastwork they gave way and retired beyond the reach of our artillery.

On the 18th of January, the remnant of this fine army was glad to embark in their ships, leaving thousands of their companions buried in the stranger land. Jackson remained in New Orleans until the news of the treaty of peace arrived, when he returned to his home in Nashville. He was soon recalled to serve his country in the field. In 1818 he received orders from Government, to march an army into Florida and quash the Seminoles, who had been perpetrating barbarous outrages on the settlers. This he accordingly did.

In 1821, he was appointed Governor of the Florida Territory which had been ceded by Spain to this country. In the Middle of the year he proceeded to the scene of action (Pensacola) and after some vigorous action on his part he placed the administration of the territorial government on a firm basis.—His health obliged him to return to his farm at Nashville at the close of the year. "Here he remained unoccupied with rural affairs until 1824. He was then proposed as one of the candidates for the Presidency; but in the election he was defeated by Adams.—He again stood in 1828 and was elected President of the United States. He held this office until 1836, having been re elected in 1832.

On leaving the high office of Presidency, he returned to his beautiful home (the 'Hermitage') where he continued to reside until death.

THE LAST HOURS OF JACKSON.

The Washington Union publishes a Diary kept by Mr. Wm. Tyack, during his visit to the Hermitage, a few days preceding the death of the venerable hero, from which we make the following interesting extracts:—

Hermitage, May 28th, 1845.

My Dear Sir:—Aware of your desire to know the condition of the patriot of the Hermitage in the Closing scenes of his life, I write down from day to day, during the short visit I make him, what occurs of interest.

On my arrival I found Ex President Jackson more comfortable than he had been, although his disease has not abated, and his long and useful life is rapidly drawing to its close. He has not been in a condition to lie down during the last four months. His feet and legs, his hands and arms are very much swollen with dropsy, which has invaded his whole system. Bandages are drawn tight around the parts most affected to prevent as much as possible, the increase of the water. The bandages are removed several times in the 24 hours, and the parts rubbed severely, to restore sensation and the circulation of the blood. He has not strength to stand. His respiration is very short and attended with much difficulty, and the whole progress of the disease accompanied with great suffering. He gets no sleep except by opiates.

Thursday, May 29—Gen. Jackson is rather more comfortable, having obtained from opiates some sleep. This day he sat awhile to Mr. Healey, who had been sent by Louis Philippe (the King of the French) to paint his portrait. Mr. Healey told me it was the design of the King of the French to place his portrait by the side of that of Washington, which already hangs in his gallery—the most celebrated and historical gal in the world—to surround them with the pictures of the most eminent of American statesmen. Mr. Healey was enabled to make much progress in his work to-day, and, as usual, the General received many visitors, more than thirty. All were admitted, from the humblest to the most renowned to take the venerable chieftain by the hand and bid him farewell. Among the the visitors was Gen. Jesup, an old friend and companion in arms. The meeting of these most gallant subjects and servants of the republic was deeply interesting and affecting. A Reverend gentleman called to enquire in regard to the General's health, his faith and future hope. The General said: "Sir, I am in the hands of a merciful God.—I have full confidence in his goodness and mercy. My hour of life is nearly out, and the last glimmer has come. I am ready to depart when called. The Bible is true. The principles and maxims of that holy book have been the rule of my life, and I have tried to conform to its spirit as near as possible. Upon that sacred volume I rest my hope for eternal salvation, through the merits and blood of our blessed Lord and Saviour, Jesus Christ." Nothing further was said upon the subject.

Friday, May 30.—The General passed a bad night; no sleep—extremely feeble this morning. Mr. Healy, with considerable exertions on the part of the general was enabled to finish the portrait, on which he labored with great care. It was presented to the general. After examining it for some minutes, he remarked to Mr. Healy, "I am satisfied, sir, you stand at the head of your profession; if I may be allowed to judge of my own likeness, I can safely concur in the opinion of my family; this is the best that has been taken. I feel very much obliged to you, sir, for the very great labor you have been pleased to bestow upon it." The family were all highly gratified with its faithfulness. I consider it the most perfect representation I have ever seen, giving rather the remains of the heroic personage, than the full life that made him the most extraordinary combination of spirit and energy, with a slender frame, the world ever saw.

At nine o'clock, as is the custom, all the general's family, except the few who take their turn to watch by his side, took their leave of him. Each approached him, received his blessing, bid him farewell, kissed him as it would seem an eternal good night; for he would say my work is done for life.—After his family retires it is touching to witness this heroic man who has faced every danger with unyielding front, offer up his prayers for those whom Providence has committed to his care; that Heaven would protect and prosper them when he is no more—praying still more fervently to God for the preservation of his country, of the Union, and the people of the United States from all foreign influence and invasion—tendering his forgiveness to his enemies, and his gratitude to God for his support and success through a long life, and for the hope of an eternal salvation through the merits of our blessed Redeemer.

Saturday, May 30.—The General passed a distressed night; no sleep—extreme debility this morning attended with increased swelling of the abdomen, and all his limbs, and difficulty of breathing. He said, "I hope God will grant me patience to submit to his holy will; He does all things well, and blessed in his holy and merciful name."

June 1.—"This day," the General said, is the holy Sabbath, ordained by God, and set apart to be devoted to his worship and praise. I always attended service at church when I could; but now I can go no more." He desired the family to go, as many as could, and charged them to continue the education of the poor at the Sunday School. This new system of instruction, he said, which blended the duties of religion with those of humanity, he considered of vast importance; and spoke with an emphasis which showed his anxiety to impress it on the family. Mrs. Jackson and her sister Mrs. Adams regularly attended to their instructions on the sabbath. A part of the family went to church. The General looked out at the window, and said, "this is apparently the last Sabbath I shall be with you. God's will be done; He is kind and merciful."

Monday, June 2.—The General passed a bad night. No sleep. An evident increase of water on the chest. He read many letters as usual. Some of them were from persons of whom he had no knowledge, asking for autographs, and making other requests. The letters were opened by some of the family. Mrs. Jackson or Mrs. Adams were almost constantly with him. He looked over those of importance, were opened and read. Among them was one from Major Donelson charge do affaires to Texas, giving an account of the almost incredible proceedings of the British agent Elliott, to prevent the annexation of Texas to the United States. The General said, "we have made a most disgraceful sacrifice of our territory; an important part of our country was given away to England without a shadow of title on the part of the claimants, as has been shown by the admission of the English ministers on referring in Parliament to the King's map, on which the true boundaries were delineated and of which they were appraised when urging their demands.

"Right on the side of the American people, and firmness in maintaining it, he continued, with trust in God alone, will secure the integrity of the possessions of which he British government would now deprive them. I am satisfied that they will assist and vindicate what justice awards them; and that no part of our territory or country will ever be submitted to any arbitration but that of the cannon's mouth."

He felt grateful to a merciful Providence that had always sustained him through all his struggles and in the defence of the continued independence and prosperity of his beloved country, and that he could now give up his stewardship, and resign his breath to God who gave it, with the cheering reflection that the country was now settled down upon a firm democratic basis; that the rights of the laboring classes were respected and protected, (for, he adds, it is from them that the country derives all its prosperity and greatness) and to them we must ever look to defend our soil when invaded. "They have never refused. No sir, and never will.—give them an honest government, freedom from monopolies and privileged classes, and hard money—not paper—currency for their hard labor, and all will be well."

At 2 o'clock, p m his distress became so dreadfully great, and the water increasing to an alarming extent. An express was sent to Nashville, twelve miles for surgical aid. An operation was performed by Dr. Esleman with success; much water was taken from his abdomen, which produced great relief, altho' extreme prostration.

Tuesday, June 3d.—Much distress through the night. Opiates were freely administered but sleep appeared to have passed from him. Calm and perfectly resigned to the will of his Redeemer, he prayed to God to sustain him in his hour of dissolution.

At 10 a m Doctors Robinson and Walters arrived from Nashville. Dr. Esleman having remained with the General through the night, a consultation was held, and all that had been done was approved; and all that could be done was to conform to the general's temporary wants.

At 4 p m. I left his house for home. He expressed great solicitude in my behalf, but I was silent; the scene was too affecting; and I left this aged soldier, statesman, and christian patriot, with all the pious and hospitable inmates of the Hermitage, without the power of saying farewell.

SUPREME COURT OF INDIANA.

Monday, June 23.

Daly v. The State. Error to the Allen C. C. Opinion by Dewey J. In a criminal cause, taken by a change of venue from one Circuit Court to another, the record must show, not only that the Court before which the indictment was found, but also that the Court which tried the cause, had jurisdiction of the offence charged, and to show, that the latter Court had jurisdiction, it is necessary the record should show that the indictment was filed in that Court and that the person was tried upon it. The indictment should also appear to have been recorded in that Court.

When circumstances are proved which induce a strong suspicion of the prisoner's guilt, but which, if untrue, it is manifest he can disprove, or, it recoverable with his innocence, he explain, and he fails to disprove or explain them, the jury has a right to draw from such failure a strong inference against him. That this inference is a mere presumption of fact; it does not constitute a presumption of law to be given by the Court to the jury as a fixed and binding rule of judicial prudence. The failure is a circumstance which like any other circumstancial evidence the jury is to weigh, and of the weight and tendency of which, it is the sole judge.—*Reversed.*

S. Daly was indicted in the Steuben C. C. for the murder of S. P. Noys. In consequence, of the excitement against him in that county, a change of venue was taken to Allen county. He was convicted of murder of the second degree, on circumstancial evidence, and sentenced, in July last, to the Penitentiary for life. The case in error was argued in behalf of the prisoner by D. H. Colerick, Esq., It being represented, the Governor has issued his mandate to the keeper of the Penitentiary to deliver him to the sheriff of Allen county to be taken back for another trial.—*Indiana State Journal.*

[Daly was brought to the jail in this place last Saturday, to await his trial. The case probably will not come on until the October term. As our jail is an unpleasant and unwholesome place to remain in during the hot summer weather, and it is moreover well known to be a very easy matter to get out of it, it may reasonably be doubted whether he will be forthcoming when the time for his trial arrives.]

[illegible] and have their attention directed to INSANITY, and are calculated to preserve health, to their temporal wants Entertaining there

aints, Oils, Dye
micals, Perfumery
CERIES,

[illegible] do not exist among the [illegible] of

Rushing Winds—in the Jaws of an [illegible] *rs of Volcanic Mountains.*

[illegible] nothing more is necessary than merely to

UG STORE,

[illegible] side of Columbia street, Fort Wayne, In.—[illegible] ment of all articles usually kept in any [illegible] purchased at the Lowest EASTERN and [illegible] articles of Medicine sold by me are warranted [illegible] rempt pay. The payment can be made either

[illegible]ency, or any kind of Country [illegible] *e into Cash.*

[illegible] my customers, yet I am compelled to say [illegible] modation hereafter on time of [illegible] I trust such customers will not think [illegible] words are always' *words what they are*" and [illegible] Perhaps they may call ask me for further [illegible] To all other customers who have favored [illegible] my obligations, and I shall always be pleased [illegible] to.

STOCK of GOODS, and an [illegible]

Corn Meal Rose.—Among the many delicacies in the form of bread, which render the enjoyment of breakfast so acceptable, we know of none more deserving of notice than the one prepared to the following receipt:—

Take six cups full of corn meal, four of wheat flour, two cups full of molasses two tablespoonfulls of saleratus, mix this whole together and knead it into dough; then make two cakes, bake them as you would pone, for three-fourths of an hour, and you will have one of the most grateful discriptions of bread that ever graced the table.

The Princeton Gun.—A strist of the monster gun for the Princeton was made on the sands bujyoun Crosby and Formby. Three tuns of shot was discharged each weighing upwards of two hundred weight.—The report was heard eight or nine miles off. The Liverpool Albion says that the gun was drawn by nine horses. On arriving at its temporary destination, it was firmly imbedded in the sand, and the muzzle, which was pointed out to sea, was slightly elevated in a line above the surface of the water.—The first ball, weighed 219lbs., was then "driven home," the gun being charged with 30lbs. of powder, and the first shot was fired at 10 o'clock, in the presence of about five hundred spectators. The result was most satisfactory. The report was deafening, and was distinctly heard nine miles off. At a distance of about three miles, as nearly as could be judged, the ball was seen bounding on the surface of the water, occasionally dipping and springing up again, till at length it came wholly lost to view. The recoil was the trial shot. Two balls each weighing 219lbs., "driven home," 45lbs of powder being this charge. This shot was equally satisfactory, the report of course was terrific, but the gun withstood the shock, and thereby proved that it had been manufactured on a principle and with a material which render "bursting" almost if not altogether, an impossibility. A great number of single shots, with balls of 219lbs each, were fired during the afternoon of Friday and the whole Saturday, with the like successful result. It is further stated that the gun was to shortly shipped by a vessel for America there to be taken on board the war steamer for which it was manufactured.

Value of Foreign Gold and Silver Coins.

We take the following list of the value of Foreign Coins from Thompson's Bank Note Reporter:

Sovereigns, (halves in proportion,)	$4 83
Napoleons, (20 francs pieces,)	3.82
Guineas, (full weight,)	4 00
Spanish Doubloons, (shares if full weight in proportion,)	15 00 a 16 25
Patriot, Mexican and Columbian Doubloons, (shares 6 per c. dis.)	15 70 a 15 80
Ten Guilders, (halves in proportion)	4 00
Ten Thalers, (halves in proportion)	7 92
Ducats,	2 20
SILVER.	
Spanish change,	1 dis
Spanish pillar dollars, (uncut.)	3 a 4 prem.
Mexican dollars,	1 prem.
Five franc pieces,	90
English silver, per shilling, 22cts.	
Dollar per £	4 70
Bank of England notes, per £	4 80
French crowns,	1 07
Tholers,	66
Dutch Florins,	48

Remarks.—Doubloons weigh the same as dollars and great care should be had to avoid light ones. Parts of Patriot and Mexican doubloons are generally light. Spanish dollars which are blanched bring a premium. French half crowns are worth no more than half dollars. Portuguese, old French, and old English gold pieces, in weight so much there is no advantage in taking it except at the rate of sixteen dollars for every dollar's weight; or 80 cents for the weight of a new 5 cent piece.

FURS & SKINS.

Prices paid by Shippers at Fort Wayne.

Raccoon, large prime northern, No. 1	62 a 75
" " " 2	25 a 50
unprime or No. 3	12
No. 4, or rubbish and kits	3 a 6
Southern	3 a 16
Mink, prime large northern No. 1	37 a 50
" " " 2	18 a 25
unprime	12
Wild Cat, prime No. 1	37 a 50
" 2	18 a 31
Fox, Gray, prime No. 1	25 a 37
" 2	12 a 25
Red, " 1	$1 00 a 1 25
" " 2	50 a 75
	56 a 62
Otter, prime northern No. 1	$4 00 a 5 00
" 2	2 00 a 3 00
unprime	1 00 a 2 00
Bear, prime No. 1, she	4 00 a 5 00
" " 2 "	2 00 a 3 00
" " 1, he	3 00 a 4 00
" " 2 "	1 00 a 2 00
" " 1 cub	1.50 a 2 00
" " 2 "	1.00 a 1 50
Muskrat, prime large spring	18
" winter	12
fall	8
Deer, good, well handled red & sh. hide	20 a 25
heavy fall	12 a 15
light and thin winter	6

FORT WAYNE SENTINEL.

SATURDAY, JULY 12, 1845.

For Congress--10th District,

ANDREW KENNEDY,

OF DELAWARE CO.

Township Committees.—The Vigilance Committees should impress on the minds of their neighbors the necessity of having every democrat *attend the polls in his own township*—an act having been passed at the last session of our Legislature, confining voters to their own townships. No man can hereafter vote out of the township in which he resides. It is important that this fact should be generally known. It is to be hoped that every democrat will be found at his post on the first Monday in August, prepared to discharge his duty to his country manfully, by voting the regular straightout democratic ticket. Our candidates are all of our own bringing out—no self-nominees—it is therefore our duty to lay aside all personal preferences and obligations, and do our best to elect the men we have nominated.

Our Candidate for the Legislature.—A strong attempt is making by the small whig politicians with which our city abounds to create an impression that the democratic farmers of Allen County will not vote for Mr. Randall, because he is a lawyer. We do not believe a word of it. We have too high an opinion of the judgment of our fellow citizens in the country to think for a moment that they would proscribe a man so universally popular and so well qualified to represent us in the Legislature, because forsooth he is not a farmer! We have moreover conversed with farmers from almost every township, who all agree in saying that Mr. Randall will not only get every democratic vote in their respective townships, but will also be supported by several intelligent whigs, who think he is the most suitable man to represent us in the present crisis of our affairs that could be selected.

This is a stale trick of our adversaries. They are always striving to awaken sectional feelings—to array the country against the city—the north against the south. It was the hope of profiting by this that induced them to allow Mr. Parker to be the candidate—he is a farmer, and they thought that some capital might be made out the cry of runing a farmer against a lawyer. If they had had any hopes of beating Mr. Randall by any other means, there are an abundance of smart, aspiring whig gentlemen about town from whom they would have selected a candidate. They have reckoned without their host this time! the first Monday in August will show them that the farmers of this county are not going to vote against a man nominated by themselves, because a few city gentlemen raise the cry that he is a lawyer. Many have flattered themselves that Mr Parker could be elected by such means, they will find they have missed their guess by 100 or 150 votes.

Wabash & Erie Canal.—The supply of water to the Canal was cut off yesterday, for the purpose of putting in a new aqueduct on the Feeder, and making other repairs. With a view of preventing any injurious effects on the health of our citizens, the water will be left in those levels on which no repairs are needed.—Navigation will be suspended about three weeks.

First Boat from Cincinnati.—The canal boat Miami Valley, of Piqua, Capt. L. M. Barnett, arrived here on Thursday last with a full cargo of iron, nails, tobacco, sugar, and other merchandize, from Cincinnati. The Miami Valley is a fine boat and extremely well fitted up; the captain is said to be one of the most gentlemanly and accommodating men on the canal, and his whole crew remarkably civil and well conducted. As the boat will run this way as often as freight can be obtained, it will be a great accommodation to those having business with the Queen City, and be the means of increasing the trade between the Upper Wabash and Miami and Ohio Valleys.

LIBERATION OF GOV. DODGE. The Rhode Island Legislature has passed a bill of amnesty, releasing from imprisonment Gov. Dorr and others implicated with him in the high crime of attempting to give a constitution to that benighted state; and staying proceedings pending against other individuals for the same offence. The liberation of the martyrs was hailed with public manifestations of rejoicing in most of the towns in the state.

Tornado at Logansport.—By the Pharos we learn that Logansport was visited with a severe tornado on the evening of the 1st inst. which did considerable damage to barns, fences, houses, &c. Some buildings were unroofed; the market house removed a few feet from its foundations; the court house sustained considerable damage, some of the chimneys being blown down, and a large portion of the roof carried off. No person was seriously injured, though, the Pharos adds "a few were blown about lively for a short tim, and a large number badly frightened."

Texas.—We have not received our eastern paper, and have no certain tidings from Texas.—It is reported that the Texan Congress, by an unanimous vote accepted the annexation propositions of this country.

CONGRESSIONAL CANVASS.—Last Saturday the canvass of this district, as agreed upon between Messrs. Thompson and Kennedy, was brought to a close. In another column will be found letters from different parts of the district, showing the feeling manifested by the citizens, and the effect produced by the speeches. Thompson must have discovered that his ill judging friends had led him into error, and "puffed him up with an artificial delusion," in persuading him that he was able personally to contend against his witty and eloquent competitor. The countenances and conduct of the audiences, every time they spoke, must have shown him that he was losing ground. His dull, prosy speeches, his wire-thedly abortive attempts at wit and sarcasm, and above all his ungentlemanly course towards his competitor—his gulling misrepresentations, and in some instances almost downright falsehood, contrasted very unfavorably with the honest, straight forward, and humorous and eloquent remarks of Mr. Kennedy.

The Doctor's forte does not lie that way. He makes nothing by misrepresenting his competitor, or otherwise playing the demagogue, when Mr. Kennedy is present to expose his duplicity and place him right. The only way he can accomplish any thing is, when he has a chance to prowl round alone, and make his misstatements, and bold though unfounded assertions, without danger of detection and exposure. Dr. Thompson evidently has discovered this, for he missed several of his appointments on the plea of sickness; yet immediately his competitor's back is turned, he commenced a personal canvass—notwithstanding the pledge entered into, that when the appointments advertised were filled, the canvass should be considered at an end and the parties remain at home. If he thinks he can make any thing by this dishonorable course, he must entertain a very low opinion of the honor and integrity of those whom he would fain have the honor of calling his constituents.

On *Sunday* last, we are informed, he was in Marion township retailing a pitiful slander which Mr. Kennedy most emphatically denounced (in his speech here on the preceding Thursday) as a base falsehood—in hopes of exciting the Catholics against Mr. Kennedy. The honest Germans have seen enough of the Doctor to know what confidence to put in his statements,—and we are told he came home "with a flea in his ear." It is strange he cannot see that such a course is not popular. Can he have so soon forgot the effect of his celebrated *Tecumseh story* of the last campaign?

We believe the Doctor is now in the north. Will some of our friends here an eye on him, and keep us advised of his movements.

MANUFACTURING STOCKS IN MASSACHUSETTS. The Merrimac Manufacturing Co., has just declared a semi-annual dividend of 10 per cent., and its profits for the last six months have been 13 per cent. A surplus reserved fund has accumulated in spite of its large dividends and large salaries to its officers, which is sufficient to build a very large addition to its productive power. Some years since it made a dividend of nine third its capital at one dash, and now puts its cash funds to a use that will earn some 25 or 30 per cent. return annually.

The Boott Mills Co. is found to stand as well that 25 per cent. advance is freely offered for it, and for Suffolk 40 is asked. Indeed the new copper mines of Lake Superior can hardly make money as fast as the Lowell factories are now doing.

The purchases of real estate at the Locks and Canals Co's sale has turned out well for those who went into them freely, and every thing connected with the city of Lowell wears a golden aspect.—*Boston Post.*

☞ The many of our farmers realize any thing like such profits for their labors as these manufacturers do for their capital! Can any one show us the justice or even the policy of Taxing all classes of citizens and all sections of the Union for the exclusive benefit of the few, who are thus enabled to make enormous profits, at a time when those whom they tax are hardly making enough to buy the common necessaries of life. It may be a very good whig doctrine, to make the rich richer and the poor poorer; but it is not a system that any democrat can admire, or that American freemen will long submit to.

CORRESPONDENCE.

For the Sentinel.

ANDREW JACKSON AND JAMES K. POLK.

The Sage of the Hermitage—the Chieftain of earnable renown—the devoted Patriot—the noble Statesman, and last, though not least, the humble Christian, who had so long been tottering upon the borders of the grave, has at last been called to his long home. All of his eminent man that was earthly, is now mouldering into dust; but his spirit, pure and immortal, is resting in the bosom of its God. It is pleasing to contemplate the characters of such men as Andrew Jackson. Justice is seldom done to the living by their contemporaries; but after they have ceased to mingle in the busy scenes of earth, their characters and the actions of their lives, can be more calmly and dispassionately considered. To such belongs the distinguished subject of this notice. It is not pretended that he was without faults, or never committed error. He possessed passions, common to human nature. His judgment was fallible. Strange would it have been, therefore, if he had not sometimes been led into error. But the commission of errors, from which bad consequences result, should never detract from the fame of any man, unless it can be positively known that he was actuated by evil intentions. How, or by what means shall we judge a man's motives?—By the consequences of his actions? This is an improper criterion, because men are not gifted with the power of foreseeing the results of their actions. An action may be performed with motives as pure as those that actuate the angels of heaven in their holy ministrations; and yet the consequences of the act may be evil. The act, nevertheless, is as good and as worthy of praise, in the eye of a God of justice, as if it had been accompanied by the desired and intended results. On the other hand, good may result from actions performed with evil intentions; but this is no justification of the actions or the actor.

Various and conflicting are the views entertained among men, concerning the measures pursued by General Jackson, during the period of his Presidency. These measures had, and still have, their admiring friends and their inveterate foes. Their consequences or results, however, are not yet fully developed. Their influence is still felt; and will continue to be felt, for a long time to come. The world, therefore, is yet unprepared to decide with sufficient clearness and confidence on these measures, though every candid and noble mind is willing to acknowledge that the great master spirit was actuated by good and patriotic motives. And I have no doubt, that when the proper time arrives for a decision to be made on the great political measures of Jackson's administration, that decision will be in his favor, and will add new and brighter laurels to the wreath of fame that already encircles his brow. Party spirit and prejudice oft times make man very foolish and unreasonable; but high as party spirit runs, and deeply as political prejudice has taken root in the minds of the people, the unanimous voice of the nation is, that in the death of Andrew Jackson, a great man has fallen.

Should we mourn at this event? He had finished his work. He had long been expecting the summons that must come to all. He was ready to obey that summons, and bow with submission to the mandate of God. He mantle, too, has fallen on one that is worthy to bear it. To whom can I refer but to James K. Polk, the President of the United States! Should not our grief, therefore, at the sad event that has just transpired, be tempered with resignation, and should not our hearts be filled with gratitude in view of the fact, that, though the distinguished citizen and honored statesman is dead, he yet liveth" through another, who, if not equally eminent, is deserving of a large share of the confidence and love of the American people?

I design not to enter into an eulogium of the character of James K. Polk; but I cannot help remarking that there is meaning in the title conferred upon him during the political campaign that resulted in his elevation to the Presidency. I refer to the name of "Young Hickory." There is more than a fancied resemblance between the characters of Andrew Jackson and the present Executive. There is a resemblance in reality. The latter has not, like the other, if is true, mingled in the stirring scenes of war. He has never led forth the armies of his country against her invading oppressors; but in the political contests that have for a few years past been so fiercely waged, he has fought nobly by the side of the honored chief, and won unfading laurels. In addition to a noble integrity of character, he resembles the deceased Ex President in a firmness of purpose that knows no yielding, except upon the most thorough conviction, and an independence of mind and action, that stops not to inquire who will be pleased, or who displeased. Such were eminent character istics of the successor of John Quincy Adams—and such too equally characterize the present Chief Magistrate of our favored Union.

It was, I verily believe, a fortunate day for our country on which democratic principles triumphed in the person of James K. Polk. He was emphatically a man of the people, and on his way to the seat of government, after his election, he publicly declared that he considered himself, and wished to be considered as by others, not as the President of a Party, but as the President of the People. His presidential acts, thus far, show the sincerity of his purpose, and have extorted admiration and praise even from his political enemies. Surely the people may congratulate themselves on the elevation of such a man to the Presidency. They have reason to entertain high expectations; nor will they be disappointed—for it is "Young Hickory" in whom they confide—the cherished friend, yea, the very prototype of the immortal Jackson.

Adonis, July 1st, 1845. MONROE.

BURTON, July 5, 1845.

Mr. Tigar:

Sir,—This day the Hon. Andrew Kennedy and Ex-Governor Samh. Bigger (for Dr. Thompson) met a vast concourse of the citizens of Wells County, according to previous appointment.—Kennedy looked well and appeared in excellent spirits. The indomitable democracy of Wells were happy to hail him—to once more have the pleasure of listening to an able exponent of their glorious principles. And well did he on this occasion acquit himself; his honest, frank, and masterly manner of treating every subject that he approaches secures to him friends warm and ardent, not only from his particular partizans, but also from those who may sometimes differ with him on some points of national policy. As a man, Andrew Kennedy has no superiors; as an orator he has few equals;—as a statesman sound, active, and zealous;—and as a politician he is a luminous star in the constellation of his country's glory, and rises in brightness as it approaches the zenith of fame.

For five weeks previous, he informed us, he had been constantly engaged canvassing the district; his competitor had mined some nineteen or twenty appointment, but his place had usually been supplied by some auxiliary, making the campaign more onerous to Kennedy by tendering new ranges, and frequently occupying ground untenanted or disclaimed by Thompson himself, and vice versa.

At the place the Governor opened and closed the debate;—and, by the bye, the Hon. Samuel Bigger is very much of a gentleman, and assuch I have uniformly spoken of him. To-day his task was a hard one. When he speaks the pure sentiments of his own mind, there is a charm connected with it that is rather pleasing than otherwise, however one may differ with him as to the subject matter. But when he attempts to reconcile difficulties that other men of his own political stamp have involved themselves in, by unscrubbing to certain notions for the purpose of obtaining political preferment, his discourses are not animating, but rather laborious, and excite our sympathy. *Stand by your own principles, and conquer or die defending them.*

Kennedy with a masterly stroke of eloquence dissected the two faced black and white image so dexterously formed and clothed by the *learned* M D. and showed it up in all its naked deformity, to the utter detestation and abhorrence of all honorable men. His exposition of the Texas and Oregon questions, and the course he took in Congress in regard thereto, was able and satisfactory: and in fact all his views and sentiments were greeted with an enthusiasm that will redound in giving him at least 140 majority in this county in August next.

In haste, I am, Yours with much resp't.

LOCO.

MILFORD, LAGRANGE COUNTY, June 30, 1845.

Mr. TIGAR:

Sir,—I have not observed in your paper any thing said about the prospects of Messrs. Kennedy and Thompson in this part of the District. I have heard Mr. Kennedy twice, once at North Port, and once at the Association, and so far as I was able to learn the opinion of the people, they were generally most pleased with Mr. K.'s remarks. The abolitionists think he is honest in his sentiments, and that is a good deal you know to these wherdling times. I conversed with several leading abolitionists on the subject of their party going for Thompson, and they all without exception say they will do it. However I think there are a few half-way abolitionists that will go the Doctor, yet they are not a loss, for they have all undoubtedly voted the Whig ticket always. We were much disappointed in not hearing the Doctor, but I think it one of the most fortunate things that will happen him that he has not been able to speak with Kennedy. It is generally believed that had the Doctor been with Kennedy here he would have lost votes, while Kennedy would have gained. As it regards the prospects of the respective candidates, I think there is no doubt of Kennedy's receiving a majority in these four northern counties of 125. I may overrate, but I think not. Lagrange will give 50 to 70 for the Doctor; Noble from 60 to 75 for Kennedy; Dekalb and Steuben about 125 for Kennedy. There is no mistake but Kennedy will run his full party vote. We are wide awake and will give a good account of ourselves in August. You may rest assured that there will be a strong vote—all parties seem determined to succeed. The abolition vote in this county will not vary much from 100, and it is strange to say that quite a number of them were originally democrats. Yet they say if Thompson is the nominee of their party, they will vote for Mr. Kennedy in spite of Thompson's anti-Texas, anti-Florida, anti-Slave trade notions. They are afraid the Doctor is playing Possum.

I remain respectfully yours,

D.

Thomas Tigar, Esq.

NOBLE CO. IN., June 30th, 1845.

MR. TIGAR:

Sir,—Kennedy and Thompson have now been through our County (Thompson however, was occasionally represented by proxy,) and the people, in their reflecting moments, are beginning to con over the merits of the candidates. That the impression is favorable to Kennedy there can be no doubt. The effort of Thompson at Port Mitchell, to convince the people, by Benton's speech on the Texas question, that Spain acknowledged the independence of Mexico in 1821, was such an attempt to operate by deception that no man can help but understand and duly appreciate his moral integrity. When a man, like Lewis C. Thompson, will go for lose sight of the dignity of the station which he seeks after, and gist his disposition by an indulgence in a strain of ungentlemanly and abusive epithets towards his competitor and the opposing party, it affords to the people a key by which they can unravel the true merits of the man. His appeals to the prejudices of the Abolitionists, for the purpose of exciting a feeling in the North against the South, with the more candid portion of the whigs will not be well received, and his attempt to show no identity between the whigs and Abolitionists as partizans, will not be recognized by the whigs, in any particulars, as the correct doctrine; his charges against Kennedy that he voted in "that haste" for taking possession of that great country of ours, called Oregon, to which, he says, we have at least but a doubtful title, is contrary to the feelings of every American citizen. By the way, would it not be well for some of the Whig Lawyers of Fort Wayne (his travelling companion of the Judicial Circuit for instance) to drill him some little before he leaves town, upon the laws of nations, especially that part which relates to discoveries? His fears are great beyond conception that the republican institutions of our country will be too far scattered, and hence it became necessary that some censure should be thrown upon Kennedy for his vote for the annexation of Texas. This afforded a stepping alone effort him to attack the domestic slave trade; but upon this subject he soon found his audience took but little interest, it being a matter with which the people of the 10th Congressional District have nothing to do. There are some of the whigs, however, who are willing to sacrifice their principles to a kind of compromise party drill, with these Thompson may exert an influence so far that they will "leave no stone unturned" to advance his interests; such men, however, with the great mass of the people, have but little influence. Taking the matter, all in all, there is no doubt but that Thompson has lost ground in Noble.

Respectfully Yours, &c.

The Michigan Insurance Co. at Detroit.—We have to date had our confidence somewhat shaken in the safety of this *Banking* and Insurance Company. The president, who is one of the best men in that State, has resigned. It was a pet Bank, and one year since held $200,000 of Government money; by the last Treasury Report it was reduced to about $100,000, and we are informed that this balance is to be withdrawn.

Our confidence in the safety of this Company was founded in the presumption that the officers, who are good men, would stand by their post, and that the government, simplaring its money there, would let it remain until the bank excitement of that region had subsided.

Under these circumstances, our advice to the dear people, who have been victimized enough by banks, is, to take care of yourselves. We doubt the immediate ability of this Bank to pay the Government and you too.—*Thompson's Bank Note Reporter.*

GOOD.—A paper printed in Sandwich Islands, says that for the past year it had no one delinquent subscriber!! These heathens(?) set an example worthy the imitation of more enlightened communities.

Information is Wanted. Of *Patrick Green*, a native of Queens county, Ireland, and who formerly worked on the Wabash and Erie Canal. Any information concerning him will be gratefully received by his niece, Catherine Green, of Lafayette.

SODA.—Dr. Beecher, of Fort Wayne, invites the ladies to call and take a glass of soda with him. Soda is capital in warm weather, but in the cool of the evening, give us a peep at those tremendous venison hams in the back room, with a fly in it—*Goshen Democrat.*

You are right, SIR—you speak like a man of *good taste.* "Those tremendous venison hams in the back room" are the largest and finest in the country. They are in bulk equal to full sized casks of BRANDY and WINE. To taste them "in the cool of the evening" is truly delightful. Call in, my friend, give us a shake of your hand, and we'll take a "peep" at them, "with a fly in it."

BEECHER.

Fourth of July.

CELEBRATION BY THE "GUARDS"—PRESENTATION OF THE BANNER.

In our last we mentioned that the Wayne Guards celebrated "the Fourth" in an appropriate manner; and briefly noticed the presentation of a splendid satin banner to the corps by the young ladies of this city. We have since been favored with a copy of the speeches made on the occasion.

MISS SARAH H. FAIRFIELD presented the banner, with the following appropriate remarks:

Honorable Captain and Gentlemen:

On this the anniversary of our National Independence, a day dear to every American heart, and long to be remembered, on this day I have the pleasure of presenting you with these colors, in the name of the Ladies of Fort Wayne, who, though their sphere may seem, and must ever be, confined within the limits of our dwellings, yet have been permitted with beyond measure to feel the strong interest you have taken in the cause of your country. Ever since the commencement of our country's struggle for liberty, we have been taught to look upon the patriotic sons of our country, as the defenders of our rights, and to feel that our safety depended upon your valor and your skill in the use of the sword to protect their country's rights may encourage and assist you, her noble sons, with their smiles, and their prayers to him who giveth success in battle. That you may never forget your duty to the God who has thus far protected and blessed our happy country; that you may never forget your duty to her, or dishonor her colors—those glorious colors under which our great Washington, our brave and gallant Wayne and patriotic fathers fought—that you, our Wayne Guards, may possess that bold, fearless, and patriotic spirit which animated the brave Hero whose name your bear, and who is seen waving on your banner this day, and that the "star-spangled banner" may still continue to wave as proudly o'er our free and happy land as it did when it was first planted there, is the wish of her who has had the honor to address you.

To which Captain McLANE responded as follows:

Madam,—

For the beautiful banner which you, for the Ladies of Fort Wayne, have presented to the corps under my command, permit me in their behalf to return you our warmest and most sincere acknowledgements. On your part no token of respect could be more becoming, and on ours, surely none more gratifying. The neatness and elegance are alike creditable to your taste and generosity; and Madam, the highest and holiest pledge we can give you in return, is the soldier's plighted honor,—that in peace as that banner floats at the head of our company,—as its gorgeous folds flutter in the breeze, it will call forth the fruitless feelings of grateful hearts to its fair donors. And"

"When speaks the signal trumpet tone,
And the long line comes gleaming on—
Ere yet the life-blood warm and wet
Has dimmed the glistening bayonet,
Each soldier eye shall brightly turn"

to that flag, upheld by strong arms, cheering and encouraging brave hearts: and when "sary sabres rise and fall," when cried death has thinned the battle field, and the enemy of American liberty come sweeping victorious over our defeated hosts, yet that banner shall not drop,—its bright folds shall not trail, until the angel of death shall sit in sullen triumph, and it fails a strand over the mangled corse of its last defender. I need scarcely say that this flag,—the workmanship of the ladies of our city—will be carefully preserved, and as its rich folds wave over our heads, we will remember that the fair hands of our country's woman have made it, and our arms will be nerved and invigorated in its defence. Should the Wayne Guards be called upon to take the tented field, these two flags shall wave side by side intertwining their folds, fit emblems of the unity of purpose which actuates each. Should our beloved country be called upon to defend her shores from foreign aggression, these flags shall still be found together: the gorgeous stripes and stars soaring high over the cloud of war, twin stars of encouraging hope in the eye of the weary soldier.

Of a time, it was that the honor of your sex was guarded by some Knight clad in armour of steel; as much to female honor was avenged in a fatal combat between selected champions. The acknowledgement in return was the smile of approval and appellation of brave from the knight's lady love. The chase, the tournament, and even the battle-field, were not scenes too rough for the modest maiden. The wreath was then woven by her hands for the victor's brow. She shared largely in the schemes and intrigues of "camp and court." The milder natures of her sex that are developed and called forth in the kind office of secret charity, and which shoot up like so many indigenous plants around the domestic circle, all were blunted;—the hardship begot in danger and oppression, succeeded to that long array of social and religious excellences that gem the female character.

But that day is past. The blushing virtues of your sex are not guarded by the steeled knight, but by the force of that opinion that teaches us that "him that would raise his hand to a woman other than in an act of kindness, deserves base flattery to call a coward." You arm your brothers not for the contest that would settle some imaginary insult, but for the field of battle, "where the brave love to meet."—You send them to the contest for freedom, for human rights, for the happiness of our race. When the enemy comes; when he would insult our national flag; when the fearful contest is waged between liberty and slavery; when a foreign foe would desecrate that shrine at which an Americans we all worship with the spirit of genuine patriotism, you bid them "God speed to the field of victory or to the grave of glory."

And is it not a woman's heart that would throb responsive to such a sentiment? Are they not a woman's lips that would utter such a holy benediction? Who more than an American woman can be proud of her country—her country's defenders—her country's honors, and the intelligence and refinement of the human race that enjoy the blessings of her country's government? None—none! American liberty, American heroes, and American character, already reflect all that is enobling and grand in human nature. That bright galaxy of names that spans the sky of our national existence, will shine in effulgence, clear, bright and perpetual as the sun. And this banner—the banner of our country—these "stars and stripes," will never be dishonored. Votaries to our "flag of the brave" will raise to it their loud huzzas in eastern climes, and when parting day lingers in the boundless west. The fair temple of freedom, at whose topmost pinnacle it floats, will never be demolished by the tyrant arm until the last drop of American blood has been spilt, and those bright burning lights that have been lit up by the God of our being, shall be quenched in the human soul.

To you madam, and the other fair donors of this beautiful flag, let me for the company I have the honor to repres nt, and for myself individually, express our strongest and warmest wishes for your happiness. In this life may you have a home of peace, never darkened by the rapacity of a foreign soldiery; around it may peace and prosperity reside like guardian spirits; and in that world of the future, may you have a home in the realms of eternal rest, where wreaths of bright glory will crown you with everlasting joy.

After the reading of the Declaration, and the Oration by Col Chittenden, the Guards and a number of invited guests partook of a sumptuous dinner at the American. After the removal of the cloth the following toasts were given:

REGULAR TOASTS.

1. *This Anniversary*—Whenever it comes may we be ready to march to the attack, and able to retire in good order. 13 *cheers*—*Hail Columbia.*

2. *The Signers of the Declaration of Independence*—They have passed away from among us, yet their deeds and their names will be remembered as long as America has a free born son, or liberty a votary. *Intoxicate silence—Dead march.*

3. *Washington*—The chief of Chiefs—call for the mighty dead. *Standing and in silence.—Washington's march.*

4. *Wayne*—He never said "go on," but "come on Boys"! *Standing in silence—March to the battle field.*

5. *Lafayette*—The noble, the gallant, and the generous hearted stranger—the companion of Washington, the friend of Liberty, and the glory and pride of America. To France we owe a debt of gratitude that forever guarantees a cessation of hostilities on our part. *Dumb in silence.*

6. *The President of the United States*—The commander of a close column of 28 companies—may it ever be on the advance and never on the retreat. 6 *cheers—President's march.*

7. *The Governor of Indiana.* 6 *cheers—Governor's march.*

8. *The Army*—Present Arms. 13 *cheers.*

9. *The Navy*—Hoist the star spangled banner. 13 *cheers.*

10. *The State of Indiana*—Recover Arms.

11. *The Volunteers*—The true citizen soldiery—the rank and file of the people—the only party without a voice at the seat of government.

12. *The Press*—Its columns our reserve.

13. *The Fair*—Our Arms their defence—their arms our reward. 13 *cheers. Come haste to the wedding.*

VOLUNTEER TOASTS.

By T.K. Brackenridge. *The Guards*—An ornament to the city, may they be an honor to the illustrious name they have assumed, and if called upon to do service, prove as invincible as the Guard of the great Napoleon, whose motto was victory or annihilation.

By Col. L. G Jones. *Andrew Jackson*—The laurels once so justly due to his hoary brow will ever remain green, and be permitted with beyond measure to feel the strong interest you have taken in the cause of your country. Such filial love will be inherits the hearts of the just.

By William G. Ewing. *The Fort Wayne Guards*—Deservedly the pride of our city.

By John Dawson. *The Wayne Guards*—Sparkling in number, Americans in patriotism, and Christians in benevolence. 3 *cheers.*

By H. W. Jones. *The worthy Host of the American House*—Deserving of the thanks of the company for his excellent manner of preparing "*chicken-fixins and corn-dodgings.*"

By L C Jacoby. *The Orator of the Day*—His production has shown him as accomplished a citizen as soldier. *Cheers and standing.*

Col. CHITTENDEN made an appropriate response, and gave the following:

The Natural Dwelling Place of Liberty—Earth's centre—Earth's circumference.

By Col. L. G. Jones. *The American Union*—May all those that celebrate this day act in unison, and be prompted with the same motive that our forefathers were 4th of July, '76. Union for the sake of the Union—one and inseparable.

By J W. McLane. *The anniversary of American Independence*—While the slaves of Monarchal governments are taught to cry "*Long live the King.*" we the descendants of those who bled for Independence will hail this as the birth day of Liberty and Equal Rights.

By T. K. Brackenridge. *The Banner*—May every member of the Guards have the same feeling for the Banner this day presented by the Fair, as the Knights of old the prize of the Tournament, as—nothing to be defended while life shall last.

By R. C. Filson. *Andrew Jackson*—His was the only flying name that could burst the Prison doors of a foreign government and set the oppressed free. No wonder that the enemies of Liberty trembled when he spoke

By J. W. McLane. *Thomas Tigar.* Not a soldier, but a good veteran of the Press.

By Lieut. Smith. *The veterans who fought at Bunker's Hill, among whom was my father.*

By the annexed letter of Col. Chittenden, it will be seen that it has been resolved to publish his Oration in pamphlet form. It will not, therefore, appear in the papers.

Gentlemen,

Your very flattering note of July 7th, requesting a copy of the Oration delivered by me on the 4th, is received.

Having learned that it is the intention of the Guards to publish in "*pamphlet form*" the proceedings of that day, fit being the anniversary of the company as well as a celebration of the 4th, and looking upon all such proceedings as property of the Corps, I cheerfully enclose the manuscript requested. Respectfully,

July 11. L. S. CHITTENDEN.

To Messrs. Smith,
John Chrisman,
S. S Mann,
H. W. Jones,

PRICE CURRENT CORRECTED WEEKLY.

Flour,	$4 25 a $ 00	
Salt,	62 per bbl.	
Wheat,	00 a cts. per bu	
Rye,	44 cts.	"
Corn,	44 a 50 cts.	"
Oats,	31 a 37 cts.	"
Potatoes	00 a	"
Pork,	$3 00 a	
Ham	8 cts	
Shoulders	7	
Black Salts	$1 5 0 a 2 00	
Beeswax	26	
Eggs	9 cts. doz.	
Butter	8 cts per lb.	
Maple Sugar	6 a 7	"
Beef,	2½ a 3 cts.	"
Tallow,	8 cts.	"
Beef Hides, green,	3 a 3 1-2	"
" " dry,	5 a 6 1-2	"
Flaxseed,	75 cts. per bushel.	
Timothy seed,	$1 00	"
Clover "	$4 50	"

MARKETS.

As there is no produce coming in, prices are nominal. From all we can learn, the new crop of wheat will find buyers here at 56 or perhaps 62 cents per bushel.

Since our last a boat load of wheat has been received at the City Mills from the Wabash; some lots of flour have also arrived from the Miami Canal and from the northern counties; there is an ample supply to last till the new wheat comes in.

Farmers are all busy gathering in the rich produce of their wheat fields. In the counties north of us the crop is one of the best ever known. In this county the yield is rather light but the grain is remarkably large and plump.—Northern Indiana will have an immense surplus of wheat to ship this season.

All other crops are unusually fine and promising, except hay, which is rather light.

New York, July 2.—Flour is still dull—prime Genesee $4 68; Ohio and Michigan 4 50 a 4 62 Ashes firm—pots 3 87½; pearls 4 12 a 4 25.

MARRIED.—On Sunday last, by Judge McMahon, Mr. BENJAMIN MADER to Miss PARMELIA GARDNER of Whitley Co.

MR. TIGAR, *Editor of the Sentinel:*

We desire you to announce A. HAGUE a candidate for re-election for the office of AUDITOR of DE KALB Co., Ia. and oblige

July 1, 1845 MANY VOTERS.

MR. TIGAR.—

Circumstances of a private nature, will not permit me to be a candidate for Prosecutor in this Circuit. You will therefore withdraw my name. R. BRACKENRIDGE, Jr.

June 28, 1845. p

BERGMAN'S PULMONIC SYRUP for sale at the Farmers' Depot.
July 10 L. S. CHITTENDEN.

CARPETING.—A few pieces Ingrain Carpet, new styles—cheap.
July 12 A. B. MILLER.

HENRY HITZFIELD,
Musical Instrument Maker,

INFORMS the citizens of Fort Wayne and vicinity that he makes and sells SERAPH MS and ORGANS of all sizes, and also tuneas other Musical Instruments.

He will also repair and put in order PIANO FORTES and accordeons. Shop on the corner of Main and Harrison streets. All work warranted to be done well.

July 12, 1845. 1y

Attention, Borrowers!

THE individual who borrowed of my Clerk about three weeks since an Ivory-handled Turnscrew (frequently called Tooth Pick) will oblige me by returning the instrument—as soon as he gets the Tooth out.

July 10. LEWIS BEECHER.

BALZORINES and LAWNS.—A spl solid lot just received at the 'Niagara.' Ladies wanting any thing really rich and fashionable will call and will without do so.

July 12. A. B MILLER.

Misses' Gimp Flats.

A few splendid and fashionable Flats can be had at the Niagara for the cost in N. York.

A. B. MILLER.

NOTICE

TO the non-resident owner or owners of Lots known as Nos. 29 and 30 in the old plat of the City of Fort Wayne, and to their agents or attorneys:

In pursuance of the 25th section of an ordinance enacted by the common council of the city of Fort Wayne, entitled an ordinance for the prevention and punishment of certain offenses therein named; you are hereby notified to be and appear at the office of the Mayor of said city, on the 21st inst. to show cause if any you can show why said Lots shall not be filled up and in case of your default such filling may be done by order of the Mayor of said city, and the expenses thereof, and costs will be made by a sale of said lots, pursuant to the provisions of said 25th section of said ordinance.

Attest, M W. HOXFORD, Mayor.
C. P. MORGAN, Recorder.

Fair Warning.

THE subscriber wants money, and must have it. All those indebted to him for Medical Attentions, and Medicine, either by note or account, are requested to call and settle their respective dues, or on or before the first of Sept. next, an further indulgence will not be extended to any, who are now in arrears.

5w1 W. V. SNYDER.

Sheriff Sale.

BY virtue of an execution to me directed from the Allen Circuit Court, I will offer for sale at Public Auction at one o'clock P. M. on the 2d day of August, 1845, at the Court House door in the city of Fort Wayne, the following property, viz: Lots numbered 122, 123, 124, 125, on the original plat of the town of Fort Wayne, and lots numbered 138 and 139 on Hanna's Addition to the town of Fort Wayne; as also the N. E. qr. of section 23, Township 30, North Range 12 East, taken as the property of Zenas Henderson to satisfy an execution in favor of D. H. Colerick. The rents and profits for 7 years will first be offered, and if the same should not sell for enough to satisfy said execution, then the fee simple will be sold. B. B. STEVENS, Sff A.C.

By JNO. F. BEDGES, Dept.

Administrator's Sale of Real Estate.

BY virtue of an order of the Allen Probate Court, we will offer for sale, at Public Auction, at the Court House door, in the city of Fort Wayne, on the 9th day of August, 1845, at one o'clock P.M. Lot No. 27 in the County Addition to the town of Fort Wayne.

And at the hour of one o'clock P. M. on the same day at the Court House door in the County of Aboite, one half section of land granted to the children of Antoine Rerort, at the Treaty of St Mary's in the year of 1818, and set apart to John Deane, dec'd. by partition in the Allen Circuit Court.

All of which lots and lands will be sold on a credit of 6 and 12 months, the purchaser giving his notes with security bearing interest from date. R. BRACKENRIDGE,
HUGH McCULLOCH,
Ad'rs. of J. B. Bolle.

BLACK Satin SILK, a most beautiful article for fashionable Dresses. Call at the Farmers' Depot. CHITTENDEN.

MACKEREL and SHAD—a delicate article for family use. Call at
July 5. CHITTENEN'S.

Palm Hats—Leghorn Bonnets.

A Golden lot at the Farmers' Depot.
CHITTENDEN.

Wines' Mills running again.

THE undersigned would respectfully inform the public, that, having rented put in good repair the MILLS known by the above name, situated one mile east of Fort Wayne, are now ready, with three run of French Burrs, and a good New Mill, to grind and saw every thing in the way of grain and timber that may come to hand. They are having a good supply of saw logs out of various lengths, so that they will be able to fill any bill of lumber that may be called for.

Having had considerable experience in the Milling business, we flatter ourselves that we shall be able to merit a share of public patronage. As there is plenty of water in the Maumee in the dry est season, there will be no disappointment on account of water.

JOHN SMITH,
JOHN BEECHGOOD.
Woodland Mills, June 19th, 1845. 20tf

SHINGLES.

I AM still carrying on Shingle Making, and have constantly on hand White Walnut and Yellow Poplar SHINGLES at my shop near the Cam I Lock, one mile east of Fort Wayne.

JOHN SMITH.
June 19th, 1845. 20tf

State of Indiana } In the Noble circuit court in
Noble County ss. } vacation, June 26, A.D 1845.

Jason Basford,
vs.
Jeremiah E Carey. } Foreign attachment.

WHEREAS, Jason Basford has filed in the office of the Clerk of the Noble circuit Court an affidavit sworn to before the clerk of said court wherein he deposeth and saith that Jeremiah E. Carey is justly indebted to him, the said Jason Basford, in the sum of three hundred and fifty four dollars and sixty six cents on a certain writing obligatory in said affidavit described, and that the said Jeremiah E. Carey, is not resident of the State of Indiana; and whereas, the said Jason Basford has filed in said office his bond in the penal sum of $200 conditioned as the law requires in cases of Foreign attachment, a writ of Foreign attachment was issued by the Clerk, directed to the Sheriff of said County, commanding him to attach the lands and tenements, and to take into his custody and possession the goods and chattels, rights, credits, moneys and effects of the said Jeremiah E. Carey in his bailiwick, which said writ was duly returned with an endorsement thereon whereby it appears that on the 19th day of June, A. D. 1845, in obedience to said writ the sheriff attached the west half of section thirty-six and the north west quarter section thirty-six, in township thirty four, North of Range Twelve, as the property of the said Jeremiah E. Carey, and has taken to his assistance Benjamin Bachel, a creditable householder of said county, and appraised the said lands at nine hundred and sixty dollars:

Notice is therefore hereby given to the said defendant Jeremiah E. Carey, to appear on the first day of the next term of the Noble Circuit Court, to be holden at the Court House in the town of Fort Mitchell, in said county, to commence on Monday the 15th day of September next, and defend the said suit, or the same will be heard and determined in his absence.

WILLIAM C. ENGLE, Clerk N. C. C.
Wm. Che

Farmers' Depot.

ANOTHER ARRIVAL OF GOODS—all kinds of Produce taken in exchange. Call as J. L. CHUPPERPENS.

To the People of Allen County.

THOSE whom are acquainted with the super nor qualities of "DEW DROPS" or the HEBREW PLASTER and the "PERSIAN PILLS" will doubtless be glad to learn that Dr. L. Dorcher of Fort Wayne has just received another fresh supply. The astonishing qualities sold throughout the west alone, superceds the necessity of saying one word in support of their character.—Yet should there be an incredulous Son or Daughter of affliction who has been suffering with Lame Back, Rheumatism, Oppressive Pain in the Breast or side for with Swelling, Tumors, Kings Evil, &c. (for either of which the PLASTER is known to be a cure infallible) or with Liver Affections, Dyspepsia, Fever and Ague, Chill Fever, Scrofula, or any of the diseases prevalent in the Wabash Country, especially such as originate in an impurity of the blood and circulating fluids, which the PERSIAN PILLS never fail speedily to remove; for the benefit of such we will give a few extracts of letters, showing the estimate in which these medicines are held where known.

Crawfordsville, In. Jan. 27th 1845.

Messrs. D. Harter & Co—Gents. I have sold not nearly all the large supply of the justly celebrated "HEBREW PLASTER" and "PERSIAN PILL" you furnished me three weeks since, and it would be well to keep the well supplied as I find calls for the medicines increasing daily.

I would here state, that I have no articles in My Drug Store that gives better satisfaction than the "HEBREW PLASTER" and "PERSIAN PILLS".

NOAH S. THOMPSON.

Washington, In. Aug. 30, 1844.

Messrs. D. Harter & Co—Gents: The frequent of many, who are anxiously awaiting the new supply of your celebrated "Hebrew Plaster" and "Persian Pills" we write you the second time to say that we are out. We have frequent calls for both Plaster and Pills which render general satisfaction. Please send us another let immediately, and oblige

Yours Respectfully, GALLAGHER WALTERS.

Bloomfield, Edgar co. Ill. May 14th 1844.

Mr. D. Harter & Co.—Gents. We have sold all the celebrated Hebrew Plaster and Persian Pills left with us A FEW DAYS AGO. Will you please send 4 or 5 doz. more immediately

Respectfully O. & D. BAILEY.

Gosport July 8, 1844.

Mr. D. Harter & Co. Gents.—We have sold all the Hebrew Plaster left with us and as there is a great call for it we wish you to send us at least 4 or 5 doz. more and also 1 doz. of the Persian Pills. Yours Respectfully,

HUSSEY & GROSS.

Bloomfield, Edgar Co., Ill., May 27, 1844.

Mr. D. Harter & Co. Gents.—The Pills and Plaster you sent us, came to hand in good order. We have had increased demand for them and it promises to superceds nearly all other kind of medicines in this Vicinity.

O. & D. BAILEY.

Hardinsburg, In. Sept. 3, 1844.

Messrs. D. Harter & Co. Sirs:—Your Hebrew Plaster you left with me to sell is all sold and want more since. The Persian Pills are all sold but a few boxes. Both Plaster and Pills give general satisfaction. There seems to be an increasing demand for both articles.

JAMES MCINTOSH.

Williamsport, In., Sept. 27 1844.

D. Harter & Co.—Dear Sirs—I have sold all the Persian Pills that you left here, and should be glad to get more. They have accomplished miracles here, and are in great demand. The Pills are called for several times every day.—If you cannot come this way soon please send some by stage.

YOURS, &c. EBENEZER KING.

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* Since the above letter was received, we have been informed by the writer, that the case alluded to in the above, was that of a young man living near W——, who for several months had been confined in a darkened room, from an aggravated case of inflammation in the eyes, rendering him *totally blind*. After applying every remedy within his reach, without receiving any benefit, he commenced using the "Persian Pills," and had used them but a short time when all inflammation left him, and his health became permanently restored.

For sale by the following Agents,

Dr. L. BECHER, Fort Wayne.
S. MONZ, Huntington.
General Agents for In. & Ill.
Jan 1 D. BARTER & CO.

COLORED

Photographic Miniatures.

L. TELIGA has the honor of informing the Citizens of Fort Wayne and neighborhood that he will remain in this place for a short time, and will take likenesses by the improved Daguerreian process.

Ladies and gentlemen are respectfully invited to call and examine his specimens at the American.

N. B. Likenesses taken in a superior manner, with all the colors and beauties of life, of unchanging durability and many assed.

Ft. Wayne, June 25th 1845. 6t

Produce Exchange.

NEW STORE,

Corner of Calhoun & Main streets.

WM. THARP & Co. have just received from New York and Boston a large stock of

Staple and Fancy Dry Goods

among which are Broad Cloths, Cassimeres, Satinetts, Jeans, a great variety of Prints, new style; bleached and unbleached Shirtings, &c. Also,

Family Groceries,

at the most reduced prices; and a general and well assorted list of CHINA, GLASS, and EARTHENWARE. Also, a very large stock of Ladies', Gentlemen's, and Children's

Boots and Shoes

of the greatest variety, and of superior quality, which will be afforded at lower prices than ever offered in this market. Also,

HARDWARE AND CUTLERY,

consisting in part of Nails, Shovels, Spades, Trace Chains, Butts, Screws, Knives and Forks, &c. together with a large assortment of PATENT and other MEDICINES, and other articles, which will be sold at the LOWEST PRICES.

WM. THARP & Co.

Have connected with the Goods business in Fort Wayne, an extensive

Boot & Shoe Manufactory,

where they are prepared to fill all orders in that line on as favorable terms as any other establishment in the country. They have also an

Extensive Tannery,

for the manufacture of every variety of UPPER and SOLE LEATHER which they will keep constantly on hand for sale; or they will exchange, with all other articles in their business, for Tan-*Bark, Hides, Roots*, and almost every article of *Country Produce*, such as Tallow, Beeswax, Corn, Oats, Wheat, and HORSES and CATTLE.

WILLIAM THARP,
CHARLES PAIGE,
CONRAD MILL.

June 28, 1845.

Strayed,

FROM the subscriber on the 27th April last, Two COLTS, (a dark Bay, and Sorrel.) The Bay is a large three year old mare, with a heavy foal, and a small Star in the forhead, and has the foot well on one hind foot. The Sorrel is a two year old mare and has a star in the forehead. Any person who will return said Colts to the owner, or letting him know where they are by sending a letter directed to Eel River Post Office, Lake township Allen county shall receive TEN DOLLARS reward.

GEORGE SLAGLE.

Lake Township, June 28th, 1845.

Justices' Blanks for sale at this office.

Sheriff Sale.

BY virtue of an execution to me directed from the clerk's office of the Allen Circuit Court, I will offer for sale at the court house door in the city of Fort Wayne, between the hours of Ten o'clock A. M. and Four P. M. on the 21st day of July, 1845, the following property to wit:—The rents and profits of the south east quarter of section 16, in township No. 30, North of Range No. 14 east, for seven years, or so much of the same should rent for enough to satisfy said debt, interest, costs, and accruing costs. I will then and there offer for sale the right and interest of the said Defendant in said land.

Taken as the property of Charles Bellmire to satisfy an execution in favor of Lyman Williams.

B. B. STEVENS, Shff A. C.
By J. P. HEDGES, Dept.

June 27, 1845. 5t

Sheriff Sale.

BY virtue of an execution to me directed from the Clerk's Office of the Allen Circuit Court I will offer for sale at the court house door in the city of Fort Wayne, between the hours of ten o'clock A. M. and four P. M. on the 21st day of July, 1845, the following property, to wit:—the east half of the north east quarter of section 34, township 31, north of range 12 east, containing 80 acres more or less. The rents and profits for seven years will first be offered, and if the same should fail to rent for a sufficient sum to satisfy said debt, interest, costs, and accruing costs, I will then offer the fee simple. Sale to commence at One o'clock P. M.

Taken as the property of Zenas Henderson & Co. to satisfy an execution in favor of Stephens, Sage, & Co.

B. B STEVENS Shff A.C.
J. P. HEDGES, Dept.

June 27, 1845. 4w52

NEW

DRUG STORE.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

Drug & Chemical Warehouse

Corner of Columbia and Calhoun Streets, Fort Wayne, Indiana.

THE subscriber is now opening as above a very extensive Stock of Drugs and Medicines, Chemicals, Oils, Varnishes, Paints, Glass, Dye Stuff, Brushes &c. &c. to which he would call the attention of Physicians, Merchants, and dealers generally. Having been engaged in the business in Cincinnati, our facilities for buying (together with having purchased for cash) will enable us to offer inducements to buyers equal to any other establishment in the west. Every article put up by us will be warranted fresh and pure and of the very best quality. Call and examine our stock.

HUGH B. REED.

June 14, 1845.

NOTICE

To the Tax Payers of Huntington County.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the sum of *Twenty Cents* on each One Hundred Dollars' valuation, has been assessed *for State Purposes; Forty Cents* on each One Hundred dollars' valuation for *County Purposes; One Cent* on each One Hundred dollars' valuation for a *Loan to Anthony*; and *One and One Fourth Cent* on each and every Acre of Taxable Land, and Fifteen Cents on each One Hundred dollars' valuation of Town Lots with the Improvements thereon, for *Road Purposes*; and also a *Poll Tax* of Fifty Cents for State purposes, and Fifty Cents for County purposes, for the year 1845.

The following amounts are also levied in the different Townships for Township Purposes, viz: Jackson Township at the rate of $100 valuation

Clear Creek	"	3 cents	"
Huntington	"	5 cents	"
Rock Creek	"	3 cents	"
Lancaster	"	4 cents	"
Salamony	"	4 cents	"
Jefferson	"	5 cents	"
Wayne	"	5 cents	"

The Treasurer or his deputy will attend at the usual places of holding Elections in—

Jackson Township,	Monday,	15th Sept.	
Clear Creek "	Tuesday,	16th "	
Warren "	Wednesday,	17th "	
Union "	Thursday,	18th "	
Rock Creek "	Friday,	19th "	
Salamony "	Saturday,	20th "	
Lancaster "	Monday,	22d "	
Jefferson "	Tuesday,	23d "	
Wayne "	Wednesday,	24th "	
Huntington "	Thursday,	25th "	

for the purpose of receiving such Taxes. Persons neglecting to attend to the Payment of their Taxes at the time the Treasurer or his Deputy shall attend in the different Townships for the receipt of Taxes, will have to settle the same at his office in the Town of Huntington before the 1st day of January 1846; and upon their failure so to do the Treasurer is compelled to collect the same by distraining and selling property for that purpose.

W. H. LOUGHRIDGE,
Treasurer Huntington County.

June 21st, 1845. 3m 52

"Truth needs no Boasting."

This is an old and a true saying. What would be the use of calling public attention to any thing, whether in the medical line or otherwise, unless it had stood the test of truth?

THE COMPOUND EXTRACT OF

HOARHOUND CANDY

INVENTED BY

JOHN PEASE & SONS, No. 45 Division-Street, New York, bears the experience of FIVE YEARS' use and praise, from all sections of the Union, because it has effected just such cures as its inventor said it would, therefore, "who truth needs no boasting?" Where ex-President Jackson, President Tyler, Governor Houck, Mayor Morris, and other men of their character and standing praise it in almost useless for the Proprietors to speak of its merits. Still they feel in duty bound to the afflicted and their friends, to promulgate its virtues so far as possible, in order that the thousands now lingering under diseases, may be restored to health.

Pulmonary Complaints, Colds—Hoarseness, Coughs, Whoopingcough, Irritation of the Throat, Croup,—Asthma,	*Liver Complaint, Difficulty of Expectoration, Night Sweats, And all Diseases Leading to Consumption,*

At once yield to its unrivalled virtues,—and the sick are cured!

This Compound Candy is compounded from TWENTY-FIVE of the most safe and valuable ingredients, and by its combination if one of these articles should be used separately and afford no relief, in the Compound Extract of Hoarhound they are so amalgamated that the benefit of the WHOLE is experienced in one compound, and still it is so pleasant that any child will eat it.

J PEASE & SONS, 45 Division St N. Y.

For sale by A. B MILLER.

June 28—r. Agent for Ft. Wayne.

SALERATUS, at Wholesale, by
June 17. SMITH & Co.

GROCERIES.—An *Eternal* fact for sale at the *Farmers' Depot.*
CHITTENDEN.

Saddlers' Hardware.

POLISHED Snaffle and Plain Bits; Stirrups polished, Tinned, and Japanned Buckles; Harness Mountings; Thread, Tacks, &c. &c. For sale low at the Niagara Store

June 14 A. B. MILLER

Roots! Roots! 10,000 *lbs. Wanted,*

GINSENG, Seneca Snake, Yellow Poccoon, and Ladies' Slipper wanted at the Farmers' Depot. CHITTENEEN.

RAISINS.—A choice lot for sale at the Farmers' Depot. CHITTENDEN.

Valuable real Estate for sale

AT AND NEAR HUNTINGTON, IA.

THE east half north east quarter section 23, town 28, north range 9 east, containing 81 acres, situated 1½ mile from Huntington, on the road to Dayton, in Fort Wayne county, 20 acres of which are cleared and fenced.

North west qr of north east qr of the same section, adjoining said lot.

West half south west qr section 31, town 28 north range 10 east, containing 95 24-100 acres, lying adjoining the Wabash River, about three miles from Huntington, with 20 acres deadened.

Lots No. 18, 19, and 20, containing from 24 to 28 acres, adjoining the town of Huntington, now in meadow, and well inclosed with a good board fence.

Lot No. 17, near the upper lock, and adjoining said meadow, containing from one to two acres, inclosed with a good board fence.

Lot No. 60, on the canal with a Log Cabin thereon.

A lot situate at the canal bridge, at the lower end of the town, containing from 4 to 5 acres.

Town Lots No 64, 65, and 66, near the last mentioned lot, with a good Stable thereon.

Town Lots No. 63 and 67 with a Dwelling House thereon.

A One Town Lot with a valuable two story Store House and Stone Cellar underneath the same, with two or three acres of land, at being the Store built and formerly occupied by GEORGE A. FATE, late of Huntington, deceased.

All of which land and other property was formerly owned by said Fate in his life time, and it land well selected at an early day, and is of superior quality. The title to the same is good.

The terms will be one-third in one-half cash, and a credit of 12 and 18 months on the balance, by giving notes with approved security. For further particulars apply to the subscriber at Fort Wayne.

HENRY COOPER.

June 26th, 1845 6t52

Steamboat for Buffalo,

THE Steam Boat INDIANA, Capt. C. REY, will leave TO BUFFALO for BUFFALO regularly as follows, until further notice:

Monday, June 16th, at	7½ A. M.	
Sunday, 22d,	"	"
Saturday, 28th	"	"
Friday, July 4th,	"	"
Thursday, 10th,	"	"
Wednesday, 16th,	"	"
Tuesday, 22d,	"	"
Monday, 28th,	"	"

This well known Steamer will ply regularly between Toledo and Buffalo, making 6 do. trips. For reference enquire of

DR. L. BECHER.

June 10th, 1845. Fort Wayne.

Good Farms for Sale.

THE undersigned has for sale several valuable FARMS of his own and others in this County, and between this place and Logansport. Some of and tracts is here, containing 500 acres of first rate land, with fine springs, and are among the most desirable situations for farming on the Wabash & Erie Canal. They will be sold low for cash.

Enquire of the subscriber at Fort Wayne;
HENRY BROWN, of Huntington;
THOMAS HANKS, of Wabash county or
CHARLES CARTER, of Logansport.

SAMUEL HANNA.

June 4th, 1845. 3m 48

Administrator's Sale.

IN pursuance of an order of the probate Court of Allen County, the undersigned administrator of the estate of Curtis Holgate, deceased, is authorized to sell at PRIVATE SALE the following Real Estate, to wit: Town Lots numbered 13 and 29, in the County Addition to the town of Fort Wayne, lying on and near the Erie Canal Basin, at the foot of Columbia street.

Also, the N.E. qr. sec. 10, town 31, north of range 15 east, containing 95 24-100 acres.

Also, 150 acres off of the east side of section 4, town 31, north of range 13 east, lying on the St. Joseph River.

Terms, one-fourth cash, the balance in three equal instalments at 6, 12, and 18 months.

Purchasers will apply to F. P. RANDALL, Fort Wayne. WM. C. HOLGATE.

NOTICE.

WILFRED SMITH having purchased the interest of O. Smith & Co. in the firm of Smith & Co. the business will be continued as formerly under the name of

SMITH & Co.

Fort Wayne, May 1, 1845. 5t

Still on Hand.

New Goods. at No. 3.

WE are receiving a fresh stock of New Goods and they will be sold to our customers as low as possible for Cash, or in exchange for almost every kind of Produce, Roots, Hides, Deer Skins, Black Salts, &c. &c.

June 17 SMITH & Co.

FOR SALE.

THE undersigned will sell, on very liberal terms, Lots No. 104 and 105, situated on the corner of Clinton and Washington streets, in the city of Fort Wayne, on which there is a substantial and well-finished frame house, containing 5 rooms, a large hall, kitchen, pantry, closets, &c. and a small but good cellar. There are also on the premises a table, a cement cistern, and a well of excellent water, and a variety of choice fruit trees, grape vines, and shrubbery.

Also, the undivided half of 25 acres of land, situated about half a mile from the city, on the St. Mary's rivers and the undivided half of 35 acres of land, about 4 miles from the city, on the St. Mary's river, well timbered and convenient to a saw mill. Also, several lots of choice land in the adjoining counties.

Define the Agency for the sale of forty-three 80 acre lots, in the counties of Allen, Whitley, Dekalb and Noble, which he is authorized to sell very low.

HENRY R. COLERICK.

Fort Wayne, May 10th. 1845. 45tf

To the People of the Country.

"FARMERS' DEPOT."

HAVING *discontinued* my advertisements for a short period, some persons thought it a good opportunity to sell the PEOPLE OF THE COUNTRY that I had *Discontinued Business*—but such always is an error.

The FARMERS' DEPOT is in the same old wooden store house, second door from Mr Jones' brick block, and is selling (in spite of all opposition and competition) more goods and at lower prices than any similar establishment in Fort Wayne.

June 14, 1845. L. S. CHITTENDEN.

Administrator's Notice.

LETTERS of Administration having been granted by the Allen Probate Court, to the undersigned, on the estate of Phebe Hand, late of said county, deceased, all persons indebted to the same are notified to make immediate payment, and those having claims to present them for settlement. The estate is probably so vent.

JOHN HAND, Adm'r.

June 14, 1845. 5t

Administrator's Sale.

THE undersigned, administrator of the estate of Phebe Hand, deceased, will offer at Public Sale on Saturday the 12th July next, at his residence in Eel River township, the personal property of said deceased, consisting of

Household & Kitchen Furniture, Bedding &c.

A credit of four months will be given on all sums over $3 00, the purchaser giving approved security.

JOHN HAND, Adm'r.

June 14.

Our Books must be Settled.

THE Books of THOMPSON & STURGIS are in the hands of Worthington & Hough for settlement. All persons indebted to us are requested to settle their accounts with W. and H. (not by cash they must be closed by note. In consequence of the absence of Doct. Thompson and the engagement of Doct. Sturgis, we are compelled to authorize, Messrs. Worthington and Hough to settle our business.

L. G. THOMPSON,
C. F. STURGIS

June 14

ST. CLAIR MONEY taken for Goods, at 50 cents on the Dollar.

May 31 A. B. MILLER.

Sheriff Sale.

BY virtue of an execution to me directed from the Clerk's office of the Allen Circuit Court, I will offer for sale at the Court House door, in the city of Fort Wayne, between the hours of 10 and 4 o'clock, on the 14th day of July next, Town Lot No. 111, old plat of Fort Wayne.—The rents and profits will first be offered, and if the same should fail to satisfy said Execution, I will then offer the fee simple. Sale to commence at one o'clock P. M." Taken as the property of John Majors to satisfy an execution in favor of Pierson Spinning.

B. B. STEVENS, Shff. A.C.
June 24, 1845. J. P. HEDGES, Deputy

Soda Fountain.

GENTLEMEN & LADIES who can enjoy a good beverage in these warm summer days will do me a favor by frequently appearing in front of my SODA FOUNTAIN and giving me an invitation to wait upon them.—I have within the last three years satisfied myself of all the information to be required relative to the process of making the BEST SODA WATER and I feel at liberty to express my belief that few if any in the East or West can make richer and better article than is now drawn from

Beecher's Soda Fountain.

I hope it will not be thought out of place to make remark that the LADIES who are fond of Good SODA WATER should not be required to endure hours of parching thirst waiting for some "GALLANT" (who may never come) to accompany them to a SODA FOUNTAIN. There is certainly no harm in LADIES drinking SODA WATER *and no nicely "fixed up" idea of propriety* should take from them the privilege to step in and enjoy a good beverage whenever they desire it. While others are freely partaking of *"good things"* it will give me great pleasure to see the *"Beauty and Fashion"* of the City enjoying repeated glasses of the *rich healthy and sparkling "Nectar"*

LEWIS BEECHER.

Fort Wayne, June 24th, 1845.

NEW ARRIVAL OF

Stoves, Stoves, Stoves.

B. W. OAKLEY would respectfully return his thanks to his friends and the public for the liberal patronage which has heretofore been tendered him, and takes this occasion to say that he has just received from TROY, N. Y., a

Superior Lot of Cooking Stoves,

of various sizes, which he has no hesitation in saying is one of the very best assortments that has ever appeared in Fort Wayne.

He stock of TIN SHEET IRON, and COPPER is also replenished, and his customers can now be accommodated with any article in his line, *at the very best rates.*

*** Old Pewter, old Copper, and old Brass taken in exchange for Ware.

Fort Wayne, May 16, 1845.

SADDLERY.

A. B. MILLER has just received a splendid lot of SADDLERY which he is enabled to sell 25 per cent lower, than ever before offered in this place. The stock includes some splendid Spanish, Connecticut, and Arkansas Saddles, common do Side Saddles, very neat and cheap. Brass mounted and Japanned Big Harness Bridles, all kinds Collars; Martingales Girths, Surcingles, Carriage, Wagon and Riding Whips, Ivory mounted and plain, &c. &c.—All of the articles are of the best workmanship and materials and will be sold low for cash, ashes, black salts or produce.

June 14.

WYNKOOP & CO's

COMPOUND

TONIC MIXTURE,

A warranted cure for

FEVER & AGUE,

The proprietors of this Medicine, having the greatest confidence in its virtues, have been induced to offer it to the public, with the assurance that it will effect a speedy and permanent cure of that distressing complaint. It is highly recommended, and has been extensively used with distinguished success, in relieving many of those who are suffering under this scourge of our country. This Medicine, when used according to the directions, has never failed of affecting a permanent cure in the most obstinate stage of the disorder. Persons of weak stomach, and children may take it without the least difficulty. It strengthens the stomach and digestive organs, induces an appetite, and seldom requires more than one bottle to effect a cure. It is purely vegetable, and contains nothing injurious to the most delicate constitution.

The proprietors, in order to secure the confidence of the public in the great virtues of this medicine, instead of publishing a long list of certificates, which are often procured for the most *worthless nostrums*—they authorise their agents and all who sell their "TONIC MIXTURE" on their own account, to warrant it in *all cases* to effect a cure when taken according to the directions, or *refund* the *purchase money.*

This Mixture is carefully prepared by WYNKOOP & Co. *Druggists*, 62 *Vesey Street, a few doors below the Astor House, New York*—and for sale by the Druggists generally throughout the United States.

N. B. The Label on each Bottle will contain the written signature of the Proprietors

For sale at the Drug Store of

DR. L. BEECHER.

Fort Wayne, June 14. 6m50

All Persons Indebted to me,

ON NOTES & MORTGAGES which are due, are hereby notified and requested to make payment before the first day of July next—If not whole in part. All are expected to pay the interest at least, and something on the principal, and those who are able and responsible are requested to make full payment. No indulgence can or will be given to those who neglect to pay up the interest in cash annually, and the undersigned avails himself of the opportunity of notifying all persons interested that unless some payment is made he will in all cases pursue such a remedy as to insure payment in the most speedy manner possible.

SAMUEL HANNA.

Fort Wayne, June 4th, 1845. 4w 49.

Out Lots for Sale.

THE undersigned has laid out about one hundred acres of land into OUT LOTS contiguous from 5 to 15 acres each, between the St Mary's and the canal, north of Fort Wayne, on the Goshen State Road, which he offers for sale. Terms of Sale—one-fourth in hand, and the balance in yearly payments, with interest. The property offered is beautifully situated, rich and fertile, and well calculated for residences, Gardens, or pastures, and is very desirable.

SAMUEL HANNA.

Fort Wayne, June 4th 1845. 3m 49

Wool Carding.

I am now prepared to card wool at the Old Establishment on the St. Joe River, for those wishing their wool carded, will please, if not convenient to take it up, to leave it at Messrs HANNA & SONS' store, or JOHNS' MILL.

May 20, 1845. 3m H. RUDISILL.

FIRST ARRIVAL.

Ladies' Gaiters, Walking Shoes, &c.

G. BELLAMY is just receiving an assortment of superior city made Ladies' Gaiter Boots, Walking Shoes, &c., of the latest style. Also, Ladies half Gaiters, a new and splendid article. Children shoes in great variety.

may 3

Spring and Summer GOODS!

HAMILTON & WILLIAMS are now receiving and opening their New Goods, suited to the Spring and Summer. Their stock will be found as general, and their prices as low, as any in Fort Wayne, Cash, or all kinds of Country Produce taken in exchange for goods.

☞ CASH PAID FOR WHEAT at their Mill.

Fort Wayne, May 10th, 1845. 45tf

Millinery & Dress-Making.

MISS WELLS would inform the Ladies of Fort Wayne, and the vicinity, that she has returned with the latest Eastern FASHIONS, and a general assortment of

MILLINERY GOODS.

She tenders her sincere acknowledgements for the former liberal patronage received, and feels assured from past experience that she can still continue to give good satisfaction. All kinds of

Bonnets, Caps, Artificial Flowers, &c. &c.,

kept constantly on hand, and made to order.—Leghorn and Straw Hats repaired in the neatest style. DRESS-MAKING attended to as usual, and New Fashions received every month.

Artificial Flowers of the latest French and English patterns made on the shortest notice.—Country Milliners can be supplied with them as cheap as they can be purchased in New York or any of the Eastern cities.

Store on Columbia street, opposite A. B. Miller's.

May 29th, 1855.

STRAYED,

ON the 17th inst. *from Lake* east of Fort Wayne, a BAY MARE, 17 or 18 hands high, five 9 years old, with a large blaze on the forehead; had on a small bell, and has the ring mane on the right fore foot. FIVE DOLLARS reward will be paid to any one giving information where she is, or TEN DOLLARS for her delivery to me.

May 26. WILLIAM HENDERSON.

FIRST ARRIVAL.

Hats! Hats!

Spring Fashions for 1845.

W. MCLANE has just returned from the East, and brought with him a few cases of popular HATS of the SPRING FASHION among which may be found Beaver, Nutria, Castimere, Brush and Muskrat fur, and Leghorn and Dolt-skin straw—all of the best quality. He has also got a good assortment of Caps. To cut the story short, all who want a good fresh and fashionable article, will find it at the old stand of the BIG HAT.

Fort Wayne, May 10th, 1845. 45tf

BLANK DEEDS,

And other forms for sale here.

PAINTS.—Paints of all kinds, equal and Japan Varnish, and Spirits of Turpentine for sale at Beecher's Drug store. Nov. 4.

SHAWLS.—A splendid assortment, embracing all qualities and prices.

A. B. MILLER

2000 LBS. SMOKED SHOULDERS, just received on consignment, by

S. HANNA & SON.

DR SHERMAN'S

Medicated Lozenges.

Wholesale & Retail at A. B. MILLER'S Ft. Wayne.

THIS is the most pleasant and agreeable way of taking medicine, particularly for children, as all the nauseous properties of the medicine highly concentrated. It is should be taken to keep the place of medicine from the palate, particularly children, and to impress upon them the idea of their taking some delicate confection. All of Dr Sherman's articles will have a fac simile of his name accompanying them, without which none can be genuine.

Sherman's Cough Lozenges.

Are the safest, most prime and effectual remedy for Coughs, Colds, Consumptions, Whooping Cough, Asthma, Tightness of the Lungs or Chest, &c. &c. The proprietor has never known an instance where they did not give perfect satisfaction. Several thousand boxes have been sold within the last year, restoring to health persons in almost every stage of consumption, and those labouring under the most distressing colds and coughs.

Over 2,000 persons have given their names within the last year as a testimonial of the wonderful virtues of these Cough Lozenges. They cure all recent cases in a few doses, seldom requiring more than one day to entirely eradicate the most distressing ones. Price 25 cents a box.

WORM LOZENGES,

Proved in more than four hundred thousand cases to be infallible the only certain worm destroying medicine ever discovered. Many sufferers are free from worms and obstinate long and intense suffering and even death, without their ever being suspected, given parents have very often attended with them and are doctored for various complaints, without any benefit; when one dose of these Lozenges would speedily cure them. Price 25 cents a box.

CAMPHOR LOZENGES

Give immediate relief in Hysterics or sick Headache, palpitation of the heart, lowness of spirits, despondency, inflammatory or mental sore throat, bowel or summer complaint, hooping, oppression or a sense of sinking of the chest, cholic, spasms, cramps of the stomach or bowels, hysterical affections and all nervous cholera or cholera morbus, diarrhœa, lethargy, or a sense of fatigue. Price 25 cents a box.

Fever and Ague Lozenges

Are offered to the public with the greatest confidence in their perfect adaption to the cure of the Intermittent Fever, or as commonly called, Fever and Ague, which has so long been the scourge of the West.

They are far superior to Quinine or Bark, and do not leave the patient with such derangements of the liver and constitution, as is too often the case with either of these articles.

The chill will not return after being broken, as it usually does with other remedies. The experience of years has fully tested the efficacy of this remedy. Several cities, tribes and tribes disciplined physicians have used it in their practice, and no instance has ever been so uniformly successful.

Dr. G. B. Zabriskie, of New Jersey has used this remedy for ten years in several hundred cases, and always curing in a few days; and the disease never returning, as it usually does when broken by other medicines.

The Rev Mr. Nagle of his travels has known many instances of the Fever and Ague Lozenges curing the most obstinate cases, when the skill of the ablest physicians availed nothing. Price 25 a box.

SODA LOZENGES.

Two or three taken at once will cure the heart burn in five minutes; taken before dinner will promote digestion.

SHERMAN'S POOR MAN'S PLASTER.

The best strengthening plaster in the world and a sovereign remedy for pains, or weakness of the back, loins, side, breast, neck, limbs, joint-rheumatism, lumbago, &c. &c. One million a year will not supply the demand. Price only 12½ cents. Sold in Fort Wayne by

A. B. MILLER, Agent.

A WORLD OF WONDER.

WHILE THE

Mighty Falls of Niagara---Cataracts of all sizes and dimensions---Earthquakes---Tornadoes, and Volcanic Mountains in awful grandeur

CALL forth the admiration and excite the astonishment of a wondering world—I cannot but indulge a faint hope that at least a small portion of mankind *may be for a little time* directed from the contemplation of such MIGHTY THINGS and have their attention directed to SMALLER MARVELS—such matters as pertain to their daily comfort, are calculated to prolong health, to add to life, to lull the sick and to supply most of their temporal wants. Entertaining these views, I respectfully take leave to say, that

Drugs, Medicines, Paints, Oils, Dye Woods, Dye Stuffs, Chemicals, Perfumery

FAMILY GROCERIES,

and PURE BRANDY and WINE for MEDICAL PURPOSES, do not exist among the "WONDERS OF THE WORLD," and need not be sought after in the

Foaming Waters of Niagara—in the Mighty Rushing Winds—in the Jaws of an Earthquake—nor in the Fiery Craters of Volcanic Mountains.

They may all be had at far less trouble and expense. Nothing more is necessary than merely to direct your attention to

BEECHER'S DRUG STORE,

Situate two doors east of the PRINTING OFFICE, north side of *Columbia street, Fort Wayne, In.*—Here my old customers and others will find a full assortment of all articles usually kept in any Drug Store in the United States. They have just been purchased at the Lowest EASTERN and will be sold at the *Lowest* WESTERN PRICES. All articles of Medicine sold by me are warranted GENUINE. I sell goods for small profit and prompt pay. The payment can be made either in CASH,

Ginseng, Seneka Snake Root, Beeswax, or any kind of Country Produce, convertible into Cash.

It will give me great pleasure at all times to satisfy my customers, yet I am compelled to say that NO CREDIT can be given to such as have had small accommodations heretofore, at time of their own asking, and then failed to meet their engagements. I trust such customers will not think me unkind in thus *gently* alluding to the fact that my goods are always *"worth what they cost,"* and are of much more value to me than *Promises to Pay.* Perhaps they may not ask me for further favors while they are able to get credit any where else. To all other customers who have favored me with their patronage, I respectfully acknowledge my obligations, and I shall always be pleased to wait upon them to any article they wish to purchase.

I have now on hand a SUPERIOR STOCK of GOODS, and am able to supply

Physicians, Painters, Dyers, and Country Merchants

with any quantity they want at

Wholesale or Retail

And no effort of mine will be wanting to render business on such *fair and honorable principles* as will give entire satisfaction *to all good customers.*

With this "SHORT MARGINED" I remain, now as ever, in the enjoyment of a contented indifference to those whom it is impossible to please; while I am the ready and obedient servant of ALL OTHERS. Very respectfully, &c.

LEWIS BEECHER.

Fort Wayne, June 17, 1845.

THE

MIGHTY FALLS OF NIAGARA

Afford a sublime spectacle for the contemplation of the admirers of the wonderful works of nature;—But

The Tremendous Fall in Prices

OF ALL KINDS OF GOODS, AT

A. B. MILLER'S CHEAP STORE,

Must be witnessed to be properly appreciated, and affords a far more astonishing and attractive subject to those who wish to buy a

Large lot of Goods with a Little Money!

A. B. MILLER is now receiving his spring and summer supply of NEW GOODS, which having been laid in with a view to accommodate all classes of customers, will be found to embrace every variety of articles, from the finest and most fanciful to the stoutest and most durable; and the whole are offered at such low prices as must ensure their ready sale, and give entire satisfaction to the purchaser. All who want goods of any description are invited to call, and they cannot fail to be accommodated, as the stock includes every thing the wants of the country demand, and the prices are so low that all can purchase, and may get more with the little money they now have than they formerly could with their pockets full.

The new arrivals include well assorted stocks of

Dry Goods, Groceries, Glassware, Queensware Iron, Nails, Glass, Paints, &c.

In the Dry Goods line will be found the most splendid lot of Calicoes, Muslin de Laines, and Ginghams ever brought to the place, and at greatly reduced prices. Broadcloths, Satinetts, Jeans, Drillings, Vestings, and every kind of Summer Wear; Shirtings and Sheeting, &c. Also,

A great variety of Ladies' Fancy Goods,

such as Lawns, Bareges, Silks, Dress Handkerchiefs, Scarfs, Shawls, &c. Veils, Ribbons, Laces, Edgings, Insertings, Gimps, Artificials, Lacets, Swiss and Mull Muslins, &c. Parasols and sun shades, all qualities and prices, from 37½ cts. Fine Leghorn, silk, linen, straw, and willow bonnets, (half the price usually charged). Gent's made Gaiters, Shoes, and slippers; children's do. do. all qualities besides an endless variety of other articles, which it would take up the whole paper to enumerate.

Gentlemen's leghorn, palm, drab summer, and fur HATS of superior quality and latest style, BOOTS, Shoes, and Brogans, every sort from the finest calf to the stoutest double sole: cowhide—cheap.

Among the CROCKERY are some beautiful tea and Dinner Sets, of the Latest styles, and much cheaper than ever before offered here: cups and saucers, plates and dishes, bowls and pitchers, &c.

The GROCERIES have been laid in with great care, and will be found particularly worthy the attention of all who delight in a really good article. The Teas, Coffees, Sugars, &c. are for superior to any ever offered at the same price.

He has the usual assortment of Hardware, he has a lot of HOLLOW WARE, pots, kettles, griddles, spiders, &c. very reasonably bought, smooth, and well finished.

Perfumery, Drugs, Medicines, Dye Stuffs, &c.

Having obtained the Agency of several of the most celebrated and valuable PATENT MEDICINES, he can supply country dealers on the same terms as they would purchase of the manufacturers—Dr. Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry, Moffit's Life Pills and Phœnix Bitters, Sand's Sarsaparilla, Sherman's Lozenges, Dalley's Magical Pain Extractor, Pease's Gondy, &c.

Ashes, Black Salts, Ginseng, Seneca Snake Root, Hides, Butter, Eggs, Tallow, and all kinds of PRODUCE taken at their highest value for Goods at Cash Prices.

Fort Wayne, May 31, 1845.

NEW GOODS.

HAMILTON & WILLIAMS are now receiving their NEW STOCK of GOODS, a large and general assortment, including almost every article needed in Town or Country, all of which they will sell as low as can be found in the market.

Their Stock embraces every variety of

Staple and Fancy Dry Goods:

Among which are fine Cloths, Cassimeres, Satinetts, Kentucky Jeans, Tweeds, Petreds, Tickings, Alpacas, Muslins, Lawns, every variety of Prints, new style; Heavy Shirtings, Wicking Batting, Cotton Yarn, long and short Reels. ALSO—

Family Groceries,

at reduced prices; very good Rio Coffee at 9 cts per p

DR. FOLGER'S OLOSAONIAN, OR ALL-HEALING BALSAM.

THE Proprietor of this remedy, in offering it to the public, is actuated by a desire to benefit his fellow beings. From the commencement of his practice in the year 1823 his attention has been particularly directed to the various diseases which afflict the Chest—he has watched their progress day by day—he has made a trial through a series of years of the various remedies recommended by different respectable members of the faculty upon those who have applied to him for Medical advice, and is now able to form a correct opinion, not only of the virtues of the remedies commonly prescribed in such ailments, but also of the curability of the complaints for which the Olosaonian, is recommended. He has paid the most unwearied attention, during his time to the numerous diseases of the Lungs, in connection with the Liver and Digestive Organs, and has fully investigated the causes which lead to a fatal termination in the above mentioned diseases; and which may be attributed, in a great measure, to the treatment pursued in the early stages of the same.

The frequent solicitations of those who have been signally benefitted by this remedy have induced the proprietor to bring it before the public. He knows, from much experience, that Consumption is a disease which requires all the attention which can be bestowed upon it, and all the art which a well-informed practitioner of medicine can possibly bring to bear upon that complaint. He has been fully persuaded that the courses of treatment commonly pursued will generally lead to fatal results, and it is this conviction which has led him to labour diligently, with a view, if possible, to discover the properties whereby such results may be restored, and the Destroyer of the fair, the young, the beautiful be overcome. The cures which it has already performed shows that he is not offering a medicine which is worthless, or seeking after a reputation for having discovered a remedy to which he is not justly entitled. It has been used in the most astonishing success when all other means had apparently failed. It has given sweet repose and rapidly to those whose rest has been broken by a tickling and a tedious cough. It has allayed the Pain in the Chest consequent upon the same, and has, in numberless instances, overcome those dreadful symptoms which are often regarded as the precursors of Death viz., the Hectic Fever and night sweats. It exerts a most salutary influence upon the Diseases of the Digestive Organs, as Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint, and the Consumption, when all other remedies usual, not excepting the Blue Pill, seemed to aggravate the complaint. It is an efficacious remedy in Asthma of long standing, especially in that kind which is denominated Hydrothorax Spasmodic; in fact, wherever persons are found who may be affected with Coughs, Colds, Spitting of Blood, Inflammation of the Lungs, Croup, Difficulty of Breathing, Asthma, Bronchitis, Soreness and Pain in the Chest, Dyspepsia, and Derangements of the Liver; this medicine will be found an invaluable remedy.

Dr. Folger,

Dear Sir:—A year *Obstinate*, or *All Heal*ing *Balsam* has, under the blessing of Providence, performed such wonders for me when I had given up all hopes of myself and felt that I was rapidly sinking into my end, I cannot feel satisfied unless I offer you a testimonial in its favor, for the benefit of those who may be relieved as I have suffered.

In the early part of last summer I took a severe Cold, while on Long Island. Previous to this I had suffered very much in consequence of long continued exposure, both by night and by day, and I contained a great deal, but did not think seriously of my cough, or other symptoms. But while I was on Long Island I was obliged to walk several miles in haste, and at the end of my walk found myself as a profuse perspiration. Hence, very tired and overheated; I pulled off my coat and sat down in the dampness, and remained that exposed for two or three hours, I slept there that night. On awaking the next morning, I could scarcely move. I felt pain in every part of my body, and was very stiff. I felt severe pain in my side, and could scarcely breathe. The usual remedies were made use of—I got a little better and towards the month of June was able again to be about. I was at this time very weak, and my Cough almost racked me to pieces. I continued my business as long as could, but grew worse so fast, that about the last of July I was obliged to give up entirely. My Cough had increased wonderfully, so that, on the least exertion, I became entirely exhausted with it. I raised a great deal of Matter from my Lungs, and had a constant Pain in my left Side. My Breathing was so short and quick that I could not move about, and was obliged to sit at home altogether. I had some Fever in the middle of the day, but at night it was burning hot, and left me towards three o'clock in the morning covered with a profuse cold Perspiration, which made me so weak that I had to remain late in my bed. I had lost my appetite, and felt myself sinking very fast. I applied to several Physicians—they gave me different medicines, but all told me I had the Consumption, and they could not do me any good. I was in this situation when I heard of your medicine, and was persuaded upon to try it. The very first week while using it I was relieved from my Cough and shortness of Breath, and I felt encouraged to believe that, by persevering in its use, my other ailments would give way. In this hope I was not disappointed, for in a few more days the matter which I raised began to change in appearance, the pain in my side was less, and I began to get a little appetite. In about 3 weeks from the commencement of using your medicine, my night Sweats ha I left me, my appetite was restored to all my bad symptoms had gone away, and at this time I am gaining my flesh, my appetite is good, and I have no doubt that in a short time I shall be perfectly well. I am now about my usual business, and am strong again. Hoping you will not fail to make known the virtues of your Wonderful Remedy, for such I really believe it to be. I am, dear sir, yours, &c.,

GEORGE HAYES.

DR. FOLGER, N. Y. Jan. 3d, 1845.

Dear Sir.—Your OLOSAONIAN has performed a Remarkable Cure in my family. My mother-in-law has been afflicted for years with Asthma, and had received but little benefit from the various remedies recommended to her until she tried your Balsam. A few doses entirely cured her, and there have been no occurrences of the disease since. I also used it myself for a severe Cough, and gave some to my children, and in every instance with the best results, curing all of them in a few days. The remainder of the bottle I gave to one of our first Physicians, who was becoming alarmed at the continuance of a very troublesome Cold and Cough that threatened to lead to consumption. The half bottle entirely cured him. A medicine so uniformly successful should be known and possessed by all.

Pentner, 281 Broadway. Yours, &c.

A. C. CASTLE M. D.

The OLOSAONIAN has been administered with great effect at the "*Home for Sailors*" in Pearl Street, under the direction of Captain Golston. In every case of severe Cough where it was used produced an immediate effect, and in the serious disease of the Lungs, where trial was made it has proved itself to be worthy of the reputation which it bears as an "All Healing Balsam," for it cures where all other medicines seem to fail.

The Institution for Aged Indigent Females, and most of other charitable institutions, have also used it with decided success in Asthma and Consumptive diseases. While other remedies Constipate the Bowels, and thus render it necessary to make use of Cathartic Medicine—by which means the good effect are in a measure destroyed and great debility produced—this remedy is free from those objections, as under its use the Bowels are free. And the curative properties are such that it has not in a single instance been known to fail.

The Proprietor would urge upon the purchaser not to be deceived, as there are many remedies offered for the cure of Diseases of the Lungs, which may be forced upon them instead of the one here recommended. The name of "*Dr. Folger's Olosaonian, or All-Healing Balsam*" has been given to it to distinguish it from like remedies, and it is hoped that they will not allow any person to put them off with any other medicine when they wish to purchase the one above described.

Price only One Dollar per bottle.

A. B. MILLER, Agent, Fort Wayne.

y-249

IRON & NAILS,—Comprising a complete assortment of Band Iron, Sheet Iron, Round and Square do.; Spike, Stider, and Horseshoe Iron and Nail Rods; and all sizes of cut and wrought Nails and Spikes, for sale by

PETER P. BAILEY, At the "New York Hardware Store."

CLOTHS AND CASSIMERES.—A new stock just received by

HAMILTON & WILLIAMS.

CASH FOR WHEAT—At Hamilton and Williams' New Store, Corner of Clinton and Columbia Streets.

EASTERN SOLE LEATHER—Of the best quality, just received and for sale by

HAMILTON & WILLIAMS.

BROWN SHEETING.—A large stock offered very little above New York prices, by

HAMILTON & WILLIAMS.

Look Here!

"The Dutch have taken Holland."

THERE is now no doubt that eventually the south east part of Allen county, Indiana will be settled by Germans. Therefore Emigrants from Germany are invited to view the Lands in Madison and Jefferson townships, where the industrious Yankees are ready to sell their land and improvements very low. A lot of 80 acres, considerably improved, known as the N. W. half of the N. W. quarter, of sec. 33, town 30, in Jefferson, is one of the cheapest offered. For terms inquire at the Sentinel office.

Zu Einwanderers!!

Es sind 80 Acker sehr gutes Land zu verkaufen, Es liegt in Jefferson township, 24 Acker sind zu verordnen. Der Verkaufer bietet es zu einem billigen Preise an. Sollte sich einer melden die Land zu kaufen so kan er sich doch nach dem schwerdeutschen erkundigen: Welches er in die Sentinel Office gerhar werden kann.

Printing Materials

WANTED.—Any person owning Printing Press, Types, &c. (not more than half worn,) suitable for publishing a Village Newspaper, worth from 4 to $500, and willing to trade such unprofitable property for a valuable piece of land increasing in value, and lying in this county within five miles of the canal, are requested to address J. S. L., Sentinel Office, Fort Wayne, Ind.

FARMING LANDS For Sale.

THE subscriber will give particular attention to sale of Lands, payment of Taxes, and all other matters pertaining to the business of a

General Land Agency

for Northern Indiana. He now is Agent for the owners, offers for sale valuable lands in Northern Indiana, viz:—in

Lagrange co.	11,508 acres	Wabash,	169
Steuben,	719	Miami,	1128
Noble,	169	Cass,	725
Wells,	564	Fulton,	722
Clinton,	699	Marshall,	697

Also, for sale, 5000 acres in Michigan.

Terms of sale will be made favorable to purchasers.

For particulars, apply to the subscriber by letter, (post paid,) or at his office in Mason's building, corner of Columbia and Calhoun streets, Fort Wayne, Indiana.

JOSEPH K. EDGERTON.

Fort Wayne, March 8th, 1845. 36—

For Sale or To Rent,

the pleasantly situated and convenient house and lot, 60 by 150 feet, at the corner of Lewis and Monroe streets, formerly occupied by T. J. Wallace. The property will be sold, or rented one. For terms and particulars, apply at the office of the subscriber

JOSEPH K. EDGERTON.

March 8th, 1845. 36—

Leather.

A FEW TONS first rate Spanish and Eastern Sole and Upper Leather already received, and more coming, will be sold cheap for cash.

may 2 I. G. BELLAMY.

Miss Paul's

FASHIONABLE

MILLINERY

BERRY STREET, (Opposite the Market House,)

Fort Wayne,

INDIANA.

MISS PAUL respectfully informs the citizens of the Town and the Ladies of Fort Wayne in general, that she intends to continue the business in the house formerly occupied by Rev. Mr. Rankin, opposite the Market house, where she will be happy to receive the calls of their old friends.

She will turn, clean and alter Straw and Leghorn Hats and Bonnets in the neatest style. Having a fashionable Dress maker on hand she can make to order SILK BONNETS, CAPS, &c. of the latest fashion.

April 25th, 1845. 40—tf

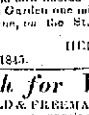
Wagon and Carriage Making, &c.

THE subscriber respectfully informs the public, and the citizens of Fort Wayne, that he is still carrying on the WAGON AND CARRIAGE MAKING BUSINESS, on Main street, west of the Bank, near T. Brown's wagon Shop. He is also making Ox, Cow, Sheep and Horse Bells, and intends keeping them constantly on hand, at wholesale or retail, as may suit his customers. Double and single Truss and Neck Yokes are also constantly on hand, well ironed and painted. Having had the experience of many years in the above business, and more particularly in the Bell business, he can say, without boasting, that he makes Bells that cannot be beat by any other Bell Maker in the world, and pledges himself to furnish an article altogether superior to any ever before offered for sale or used in this Western country. His Ox Bells are based in good weather, from six to eight miles—smaller ones in proportion. He will repair old broken Bells, and make them as good, and oftentimes better, than they were before they were broken. The above articles can always be had at the Shop, or at the New York Hardware Store, on Columbia street, kept now by Mr. P. P. Bailey. He will take in exchange for any article in iron, copper, brass, lumber, butter, cheese, all kinds of grain, cattle, pork, beef, sugar, and Store Goods, but must have some money. He does not mean to undersell every body! On the contrary, he intends to have the highest price, but give the best bargains at that. His motto is, go ahead, mind his own business only, and hopes by so doing to merit the patronage of all well disposed business men.

He returns sincere thanks for the unexpected liberal patronage he has received, and asks the forgiveness of all those brother mechanics on whose toes he may have trod very hard; and would only say—spare his life and let him work hard, and do all the good he can a little longer. He wants to stay here in Fort Wayne, if he behaves himself right well.

WILLIAM COUNTRYMAN.

Fort Wayne, May 17th, 1845. 46—tf



Ornamental Trees,

Shrubbery and Splendid Dahlias,

JUST RECEIVED from the celebrated Garden of the Messrs. Prince & Co., Long Island, New York, and now offered for sale by the subscriber, at his Garden one mile north of the city of Fort Wayne, on the St. Joseph river, near Johns' Mill.

HENRY GOERKE.

April 19th, 1845. 42-3m

Cash for Wheat.

MARFIELD & FREEMAN will pay cash a all times for any quantity of Wheat delivered at their Mill on the St. Mary's, about one mile south west of Fort Wayne

---

HAMILTON & WILLIAMS, Forwarding & Commission

MERCHANTS,

DEALERS IN

Staple and Fancy Dry Goods,

GROCERIES, IRON, STEEL, NAILS, GLASS, FLOUR, SALT, FISH, BUTTER, CHEESE, LARD, POT AND PEARL ASHES, & PRODUCE GENERALLY:

☞ Cash paid for Wheat. ☜

Corner of Columbia and Clinton streets, opposite City Mills.

Fort Wayne, May 10th, 1845. 45—tf

Storage. Advances Made.

I am now prepared to advance on Furs, Beeswax, Ginseng, Flour, Wheat, Pot and Pearl Ashes, and All kinds of Produce to ship East, to the amount of Fifty Thousand Dollars—the advance made in Cash the moment the Produce is deposited in my Warehouse.

Aug. 24, 1844. THOS. HAMILTON.

REFER TO:

Spofford, Tileston & Co., John Steward, Jr., & Co., Seymour, Sage & Co., Hoxe & Powers,	New-York.

Coughs, Colds, Consumptions, &c.

IMPORTANT TO ALL THOSE AFFLICTED WITH DISEASES OF THE BREAST AND LUNGS.

Seven Thousand Cases of obstinate Pulmonary Complaints cured in One Year!!

WISTAR'S

Balsam of Wild Cherry,

THE GREAT AMERICAN REMEDY

For Lung Complaints, and all Affections of the Respiratory Organs.

We do not wish to trifle with the lives or health of the afflicted, and we sincerely pledge ourselves to make no assertions as to the virtues of this medicine, and to hold out no hope to suffering humanity which fact, will not warrant.

We ask the attention of the candid to a few considerations.

Nature, in every part of her works, has left indelible marks of adaptation and design.

The constitution of the animals and vegetables of the torrid, are such that they could not endure the cold of the frigid zone, and vice versa.

In regard to disease and its cure, the adaptation is not less striking.

The *Moss of Iceland*, the *Wild Cherry* and *Pine* of all North en latitudes [and Dr. Wistar's Balsam,] is a compound chemical extract from those trees have long been celebrated for complaints prevalent only in cold climates.—Indeed the most distinguished medical men have averred that nature furnishes in every country antidotes for its own peculiar diseases.

CONSUMPTION in its confirmed and incipient stages, *Coughs, Asthma, Croup and Liver Complaint*, form by far the most fatal class of diseases known to our land. Yet even these may be cured by means of the simple yet *powerful* remedy [named above] and which are scattered, by a beneficent Providence, wherever these maladies prevail.

☞ The case of THOMAS COZENS, of Haddonfield, N. J., is related by himself; and that all may know its exact truth, the statement is sworn to before a Justice of the Peace.

HADDONFIELD, N. J., April 20, 1843.

On or about the 12th day of Dec., 1841, I was taken with a violent pain in the side near the liver which continued for about five days, and was followed by the breaking of an ulcer, or something inwardly, which relieved the pain a little, but caused me to throw up a great quantity of offensive matter and also a bucket of blood. Being greatly alarmed at this, I applied to a physician but he could do but little for me; gave me some mercury pills, which I refused to take, feeling satisfied they would do me no good; many other remedies were then procured by my wife and friends and none did me any good, and the mechanic or farmer and consequently will continue every few days, and at last became so sickness I could scarcely breathe. I was also seized with a violent cough, which at times caused me to raise much more blood than I had done before, and my cough continued in this way, still growing worse until February when all hope of my recovery was given up, and my friends all thought I would die with a GALLOPING CONSUMPTION. At this moment when my life was apparently drawing near to a close, I heard of Dr *Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry*, and got a bottle, which relieved me immediately, and by the use of only three bottles of this medicine, all my pains were removed, my cough and spitting of blood and consumption entirely stopped and in a few weeks my health was so far restored as to enable me to work at my trade, (which is a Carpenter) and up to this time I have enjoyed good health.

WITNESS:—I am acquainted with Mr. Thomas Cozens, and having seen him during his illness, I think the above statement entitled to full credit.

SAMUEL H. BURROUGHS.

Gloucester County, SS

Personally came before me, the subscriber, one of the Justices of the Peace in and for the aforesaid county, Thomas Cozens, and being fully sworn according to law, saith the above statement in all things is true.

THOMAS COZENS.

Affirmed before me the 20th day of April, 1843.

J. CLEMENT, Justice.

☞ We publish no fictitious statements.

☞ *Another remarkable instance of the curative properties of Dr. Wistar's Balsam. This case is reported to us by Messrs. Joslin & Rowe, highly respectable Druggists and Physicians, Newark, Ohio*

HORLINGTON, Licking co., O., Dec., 1, 1843

Messrs. Joslin & Rowe:—About five years ago, Mrs. Winer was attacked with a violent cough, pain in the chest and side, and symptoms of approaching consumption. During the interval from that time to some time in February last, she has been treated by eminent Physicians with only partial relief of the most urgent symptoms. About one year ago she caught a most violent cold, which settled upon the lungs producing an alarming aggravation of all her previous symptoms. Her physicians were sent for and despite his best efforts, she began rapidly to sink under this disease. Cough, Expectoration Hectic, together with night sweats, soon reduced her to a complete skeleton. In February last her attending Physician, deeming her case altogether hopeless, a council was called and after deliberating upon her case unanimously pronounced her to be beyond the reach of medicine and expressed their opinion that she could survive but a short time, one or two weeks at farthest. She was at this time entirely confined to her bed, and scarcely able to articulate, except in a whisper. Her daily paroxysms of coughing would last her uninterruptedly from 3 to 5 hours, and as severe some they, that we did expect that every paroxysm would be her last. It was at this last extremity that we happened to obtain a pamphlet, describing Dr. Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry as applicable to lung affections. I immediately sent to you and procured a bottle and commenced its use at evening by giving her one teaspoon full, and such was its ultimate effect, that after taking five bottles she was, contrary to the expectations of her physicians, and every one who saw her, entirely restored to health; and since last summer, has done the entire work of her family. After the last attack of Mrs. Winer, our youngest child, then an infant at the breast, was taken down, and rapidly sinking with the same symptoms as its mother, and using the happy effect of Dr Balsam in the case of the mother, we soon disposed to make trial of it for the child, and it was attended with the same perfect success.

The above statement can be attested by six physicians as well as our neighbors and acquaintances, who saw Mrs. Winer during her illness.

Very truly yours, &c.,

JOHN WIMER

☞ "WISTAR'S BALSAM" is sold at $1 per bottle, or six bottles for $5. Sold in Cincinnati at the corner of of Fourth and Walnut sts, by

SANFORD & PARK, Agents for the West.

Also sold in Fort Wayne by,

DR. L. BEECHER.

BLANK DEEDS—Neatly printed with new type on superfine paper, for sale at this office.

Aug. 31; 1844.

Canvassed Sugar-Cured Hams.

HAMILTON and Williams have just received from Lafayette, 300 CANVASSED HAMS, put up in style far superior to any in this market, expressly for family use.

Families and Hotel keepers will save out supplied will do well to furnish their tables from our Warehouse while they last.

April 17th, 1845.

Furs and Peltries.

THE HIGHEST Market PRICE paid in CASH for all kinds of Furs and Peltries, at Taylor's New Warehouse, on the Canal, by

WM. S. EDSALL.

Dec. 28

HARDWARE.—A general assortment, selling off extremely low.

A. H. MILLER.

KENTUCKY JEANS, SATINETT AND TWEEDS.—Just received and for sale by

HAMILTON & WILLIAMS.

500 BUSHELS of Corn for sale by

C. A. GREY.

American House,

(ON THE PUBLIC SQUARE,)

FORT WAYNE, INDIANA.

LYSANDER WILLIAMS informs his friends and the travelling community that he has taken the above well known and commodious house, and is now prepared to entertain guests. Neither pains nor expense will be spared to make this house worthy the patronage of the public, and to give satisfaction to all who may call. Hot and Cold Baths are always furnished with the best the country affords, and every exertion used to promote and ensure the comfort and accommodation of his guests. As for charges we hope to be moderate, he hopes to receive a share of the patronage of a liberal and discerning public.

☞ *Good Stabling with careful Hostlers and plenty of Feed.*

March 13, 1845. y37

Tress Hoop Manufactory IN FORT WAYNE.

J. HOWE informs the Coopers of Northern Indiana that he has commenced the manufacture of TRESS HOOPS at the Machine Shop in the rear of the City Mills. All persons wanting the article would do well to give him a call, as he warrants his Hoops to be equal, if not superior, to any brought from the East. He asks no "protection," nor does he wish to have an entire monopoly of the market; neither does he ask that articles in his line made elsewhere should have a heavy duty imposed on them that they might be sold the cheaper; but he hopes his friends of domestic industry will give a preference to home made articles, where, as in the case, they are better and cheaper than the imported.

Orders from a distance supplied at short notice, and a liberal discount made to dealers.

WANTED,—Any quantity of hot cuts of dirty Black Young Hickory, from 6 to 12 inches through, eight feet long, and free from knots or curls. A liberal price paid in exchange for

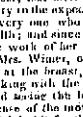
All kinds of Produce taken in exchange for Hoops.

Oct. 12, 1844.—y15

Splendid and Fashionable

Furniture & Chairs!

B. H. TOWER, informs the public that he is now carrying on the Cabinet and Chair making business on a little curious branches. His Furniture and Chairs he warrants to be as well made and will sell on cheap as any other establishment in the country. He keeps on hand or will make to order all kinds of Rocking and



WINDSOR CHAIRS, SIDE-BOARDS, BUREAUX, Bedsteads and Cradles, Work Stands, Tables, &c. &c.

B. T. especially invites the attention of the newly married, and those who intend to enter the matrimonial state to his warerooms, where they may find very article in his line which they may need either in manufacturing or housekeeping at affordable.

The public is invited to call at his warerooms on Columbia Street, one door east of Bellamy's Shoe Shop, and inspect some splendid Side boards Settees, Dressing Bureaus, and Mahogany Chairs.

City Mill Flour.

FRESH FLOUR *Middlings, Bran, and Corn Meal* kept constantly for sale at the City Mills, for cash only.

Oct. 19. HAMILTON & WILLIAMS.

THE following goods just received and for sale:—Roller Ends and Pulleys for Window Cord-line, a few sets Brass Barrel Bands, Brass Escutcheon Pins, Razor Hones, Carriage and Trunk Hammers, Carriage and Buggy Laces. Apply at P. P. BAILEY'S

Sept. 21, 1844. Hardware Store

FOR SALE,

20 Feet on Columbia street, and on the Canal, being immediately west of S. Hanna's new brick block on corner of Barr and Columbia streets. Apply to

March 14. G. JOHNSON.

Marble Tomb Stones.

THE subscriber has now and intends keeping on hand a supply of *marble for Tomb Stones, &c.*, which he will prepare to order in a superior style, and sell on as low rate can be had in the east, adding transportation.

Orders from a distance promptly attended to.

JAMES HUMPHREY.

100 IRON TEA KETTLES for sale *cheap.* Also, 1 cask Ox and log CHAINS

P. P. BAILEY.

NEW AND

RIFLE GUN MANUFACTORY.

THE subscriber returns thanks for the liberal patronage he has received since he commenced business in Fort Wayne, and informs his customers that he has removed to Clinton street, one door south of A. B. Miller's store, where he will always have on hand an assortment of

GUNS, RIFLES, PISTOLS,

and a quantity of *Rifle Barrels*, wholesale and retail, at eastern prices.

All kinds of repairing will be punctually attended to and done in the best manner, *cheaper than ever*, and warranted. All kinds of PRODUCE will be taken for work. The community will find it to their great advantage to give me a call.

WILLIAM IBA, *from Lancaster, Pa.*

Bacon.

7000 LBS. Sandy round Bacon Hams

5000 do do Shoulders

3000 do do Sides

At my Smoke House next door to the Register's Office, for sale by

WM. S. EDSALL.

Fort Wayne, Feb. 22d, 1845. 34

Boots and Shoes.

I. G. BELLAMY informs the Ladies and Gentlemen of Fort Wayne and vicinity, that he is now receiving a general assortment of Boots and Shoes of every variety, made in the latest style, and of the best materials and workmanship. Ladies' Gaiters and Walking Shoes, a very superior article. Misses' do. do. Also—every variety of Gentlemen's wear, from the finest Harness boot to the strongest Stogan or Cow hides.

Coarse boots from 14 shillings to $3 00.

Women's boots from $1 to $1 62; other articles equally cheap.

The above articles are of the best quality, and will be sold as low as can be bought in the west. Boots and Shoes made to order, on the shortest notice. Nov. 2—6m19

Little Spinning Wheel Irons.

A large lot for sale by

I. S. CHITTENDEN.

Notice.

WILFRED SMITH having purchased the interest of O. Smith & Co. in the firm of Smith & Edsall, the business will be continued as formerly under the name of

SMITH & EDSALL.

Ft. Wayne, May 1st, 1845. 2m 49 p.

Notice.

WILFRED SMITH having purchased the interest of O. Smith & Co. in the firm of S. H. Dudley & Co. the business will be Continued as formerly under the name of

S. H. DUDLEY & Co.

Ft. Wayne, May 1st, 1845. 2m 48 p.

Brandy and Port Wine

OF the best quality, or Medical purposes—as pure as it came from the *Custom House*, Just received and for sale at

BEECHER'S Drug Store.

Fort Wayne, May 20, 1845.

Land for Sale.

THE subscribers offer for sale a large quantity of Valuable Farming Lands situated in the counties of Allen, Huntington, Noble and Whitley, adjacent to the several county seats.

The above lands were selected at an early day with special reference to farming purposes and are not excelled either in *soil or location*. Title indisputable. They will be sold low for cash or on a liberal credit.

Those wishing to purchase are invited to call, as they cannot obtain better lands, or on more favorable terms.

WORTHINGTON & HOUGH.

Office on the corner of Columbia and Calhoun streets, entrance on Calhoun. 6-12

LAND FOR SALE.

THE subscriber has for sale 3 lots of Canal Land, pleasantly situated on the Canal and Little river, 4 miles east of Huntington, Indiana. The land is well timbered, and is of fine soil. For terms, apply to the subscriber at Fort Wayne.

GEORGE JOHNSON.

Oct. 12 1844.

DYE STUFFS, of all kinds, a full assortment for sale at Beecher's Drug Store.

200 WEAVERS' REEDS, for sale cheap for Cash. THOS. HAMILTON

The Empire Mills,

At the St. Mary's Aqueduct, Western Addition to the City of Fort Wayne.

ARE now prepared to grind all Wheat or other grain that may be offered. CASH will be PAID for any quantity of good merchantable WHEAT.

Flour, Middling, Bran, Corn Meal, and Feed Stuff, kept constantly on hand.

Sept. 28, 1844.

WANTED,—Beeswax, Ginseng and Seneca Snake Root in exchange for Family Groceries, Drugs, Medicines, Paints, or Dye Stuffs.

BEECHER'S Drug Store.

To Merchants and Grocery Keepers.

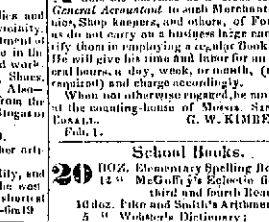
25 Kegs Austin & Co.'s celebrated Rifle POWDER.

8 half kegs do. do. do.

10 qr. kegs do. do. do.

For sale at manufacturers' prices, by

June 8 R. P. JONES.



The invaluable medicine was prepared from an extensive practice of several years in a bilious climate, and is NEVER KNOWN TO FAIL of curing *Fever and Ague*, or any of the above diseases.

It is equally efficacious for the cure of LIVER COMPLAINT, JAUNDICE, ENLARGEMENT OF THE LIVER; also, ENLARGEMENT OF THE SPLEEN and *Ague Cake*, and the various forms of bilious INDIGESTION. These, with the other varied affections of such climates, arising from a common *miasmatic cause*, are only modifications of the *same disease*, and equally controlled by *the same remedy*.

Residents of bilious climates, Emigrants, or persons *travelling through infected districts of country*, will find the Cholagogue an invariable and absolute PREVENTIVE.

Each bottle of medicine is accompanied with a *Pamphlet* on the "Causes, Treatment, and Cure of Fever and Ague, and other Diseases of Bilious Climates," containing much valuable information, and may be had *gratis* of the undersigned agent.

DR. L. BEECHER.

Fort. Wayne, May, 1845.

160 BALES SHEETING, for sale from 7 to 10 cents per yard.

Aug 24 THOS HAMILTON.

NAILS & GLASS—Of the best quality, and all sizes. C. A. GREY.

WHITE DOG.—For sale by

HAMILTON & WILLIAMS.

Hog Skins for Saddlers' use,

A SUPERIOR article, tanned with Spanish Sumac, for sale at the Hardware Store of

Sept. 21, 1844. P. P. BAILEY.

FLOUR AND FEED STUFFS.—Superfine flour, Buckwheat flour, Corn meal, chip stuff, bran, &c., kept at all times, on hand, at the City mills.

HAMILTON & WILLIAMS.

Produce Wanted.

THE subscribers will pay the highest market price for Wheat, Oats, Flour, Timothy and Clover seed.

HAMILTON & WILLIAMS.

Sept. 16, 1843. 12

The Brag Plough

THE undersigned having obtained the right of making and vending SPROUSE'S PATENT DIAMOND PLOUGH, for the county of Allen is ready to furnish those persons who stand in need of a Plough (none of your common ploughs,) with a good article. The subscriber having used said Plough can recommend it as surpassing any thing of the kind ever before offered for sale in this country. Call at my place 24 miles south of Fort Wayne, or at George Baker's shop, on Calhoun street.

F. D. CASSELLE

100 Boxes Glass, of the best quality, embracing all sizes, will be sold for cash at reduced prices by

HAMILTON & WILLIAMS.

100 *tons Black Salts and 15,000 Bushels of Ashes wanted for* which the highest price will be paid by

A. H. MILLER.

Book-Keeping.

A CARD.—The undersigned respectfully tenders his services as a *Book-Keeper and General Accountant* to such Merchants, Mechanics, Shop keepers, and others, of Fort Wayne, as do not carry on a business large enough to justify them in employing a regular Book-keeper.—He will give his time and labor for an hour, several hours, a day, week, or month, (as may be required) and charge accordingly.

When not otherwise engaged, he may be found at the counting-house of Messrs. SINCLEAR & EDSALL.

G. W. KIMBERLEY.

Feb. 1. 1730

School Books.

20 DOZ. Elementary Spelling Books;

12 " McGuffy's Eclectic first, second, third and fourth Readers;

1 doz. Pike and Smith's Arithmetics;

5 " Webster's Dictionary;

Olney's Geography, Methodist Hymns;

Psalms and Hymns, Note Books;

Ledgers and Black Books, of all descriptions, for sale at S. HANNA & SONS'

GEORGE JOHNSON. E. A. McMAHON.

Johnson & McMahon.

Attorneys at Law,

FORT WAYNE, INDIANA.

Office on the corner of Main and Clinton streets, north east of the Bank.

February 22d, 1845. 31

ROBERT LOWRY,

Attorney and Counsellor at Law,

GOSHEN,

ELKHART CO. INDIANA.

Will practice in the counts of Elkhart and the neighboring counties, and attend to all business usually transacted by the profession. y37

D. H. COLERICK. J. G. WALPOLE

COLERICK & WALPOLE,

Attorneys at Law,

FORT WAYNE,

WILL attend to any business entrusted to their care in the Allen Circuit Court and in the Supreme and U. S. Courts at Indianapolis.

OFFICE—On Berry street. April 6, '44.

S. G. UPTON,

Attorney and Counsellor at Law,

BLUFFTON, WELLS COUNTY, IA.

All professional business entrusted to his care, will be faithfully attended to.

He will also attend to the sale of lands, payment of taxes, and all business connected with Land Agency, &c. aug 2 4-1y

F. P. RANDALL,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW AND MASTER IN CHANCERY,

FORT WAYNE, Indiana.

Office in Clinton street, two doors south of H. Colerick's Brick Store.

R. B. ACKENRIDGE, JUN.

Attorney and Counsellor at Law

FORT WAYNE, INDIANA.

Will attend to the Collection, Adjustment, or Securing of Debts, the Payment of Taxes, Purchase and Sale of Lands, and Examination of Titles in any part of Indiana.

Refer to:—

W. G. & G. W. Ewing,	Fort Wayne,
A. Hamilton,	"
S. Hanna,	"
Hugh McCulloch,	"
Alfred Harrison,	Indianapolis,
Richard Snydam,	New York,
W. Dyer,	"
Alex Keyes,	"
Jos. Jamieson,	"
J. D. & C. Jones,	Cincinnati, Ohio.

Office near the Bank, north of Treasurer's office

LYSANDER WILLIAMS,

Attorney at Law,

FORT WAYNE, IA.

Office on Calhoun street, over B. Smith's Store.

REFERENCES

Hon. Jos. W. Borden,	Fort Wayne.
H. McCulloch, Esq.	"
Capt. Jos. Morgan,	"
Michael G. Bright,	Esq. Madison.
Gov. Whitcomb,	Indianapolis.
Hon. John Law,	Vincennes.

☞ Collections and Land Agency punctually attended to throughout the state.

ELLIS WORTHINGTON, JOHN HOUGH, JR.

Law Office,

FORT WAYNE, INDIANA.

WORTHINGTON & HOUGH have opened an office for the practice of Law at Fort Wayne, Indiana.

They will give particular attention to the collection and securing of debts; also to the sale of lands, payment of taxes, &c. in Northern Indiana. All business entrusted to their care will be promptly and faithfully executed.

Office in Mason & Smith's new block, corner of Columbia and Calhoun streets Entrance on Calhoun street.

JOHN HOUGH, Jr.

NOTARY PUBLIC,

Commissioner of Deeds, &c. for the state of N. York

JOSEPH K. EDGERTON.

(Late of the city of New York,)

Attorney and Counsellor at Law.

FORT WAYNE, ALLEN, COUNTY, IA.

WILL attend to professional business in its various departments in this State. He will also give particular attention to sale of real estate, payment of taxes, and all other matters appertaining to the business of a General Land Agency, for Northern Indiana.

Office in the 3d story of Smith & Mason's building, corner of Columbia and Calhoun sts.

OLIVER P. MORGAN,

NOTARY PUBLIC,

May be found at Bigger & Edgerton's Office, 3d story of Smith & Mason's building, corner of Columbia and Calhoun streets.

Medical Notice.

DOCTOR SNYDER respectfully informs the public that he continues the practice of Medicine and Surgery.

Office—Up stairs, over Benj. Sanders' Grocery Store, and opposite Peter Kiser's Shop.

Fort Wayne, Ind., Oct. 19, 1844.

Medical Notice.

J. SMYTH ROGERS, President.

R. W. MARTIN, Secretary.

DIRECTORS.

J. Smyth Rogers	Reuben Withers
James McIlrede	William Scott
John Adams	Ferdinand Snydam
John Hagerty	Peter J. Navins
Gulian C. Verplanck	Richard Irvin
John Johnston	C. V. S. Roosevelt
Joseph Kornackin	E. D. Hurlbert
John L. Palmer	George P. Pollin
Peter Lorillard	William Colgate
James McCall	Lowell Holbrook
Henry Parish	Caleb Dustero.

Applications for Insurance either from the Town, Country, or adjacent villages, will meet with immediate attention.

PETER P. BAILEY, Hardware Merchant.

Medical Notice.

M. BANKS, M. D., having located himself in Fort Wayne, would respectfully inform the citizens of said place and vicinity, that he will attend to any and all calls pertaining to his profession.

Office over H Durrie's Hardware Store, Calhoun street. Residence on Barry street, one door west of the law office of H. Cooper, Esq.

Medical Notice.

DR. AYRES will attend to the practice of MEDICINE in Fort Wayne and the surrounding country; and will at any hour, promptly attend to the calls of those who may thus favor him.

Office one door east of the Post Office. Residence Lafayette street, opposite Mr. McJunkin's school room.

Sep. 23, 1842 y13

DR. L. BEECHER,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN

DRUGS. MEDICINES

PAINTS, OILS, DYE STUFFS, *PERFUMERY, &c. &c.*

Two doors east of the Printing office, northside Columbia street.

FORT WAYNE, IA.

S. HANNA & SONS,

STORAGE, FORWARDING AND

Commission Merchants,

AND DEALERS IN

DRY GOODS,

GROCERIES, FLOUR, SALT, &c. &c.

Store on the corner of Columbia and Barr streets, Fort Wayne, In.

18 R. P. JONES. [44

Forwarding and Commission Merchant

AND DEALER IN

Pork, Flour, Wheat, Pot & Pearl Ash,

SALT, &c. &c. &c.

FORT WAYNE, IA.